expiration of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1 per square, for the first three insertions, and \$25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid and CHARGED ACCORDINGLY. THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA FIRE

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Will issue Policies on all kinds of Property, Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates. Capital \$100,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000. THE attention of the citizens of Virginia is especially invited to this Company as a Home Institution, based upon ample capital, and guaranteed by the best of references; and conducted on the strictest principles of equity, justice, and economy.

HOME OFFICE-WINCHESTER, VA. JOS. S. CARSON, President. C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary. James H. Burgess,

Lloyd Logan, John Kerr, B. W. HERBERT, Agent for Jefferson county August 2, 1853-1y Testimonials.

WINCHESTER, MAY 27, 1852 We, the undersigned, being solicited to give our epinion as to the character and standing of the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia, have no hesitation in saving that we have the utmost confidence of the Valley of Virginia, have not be stated in the value of the Valley of Virginia, have not be stated on the value of the Valley of Virginia and Virginia of the Valley of Virginia of the Valley of Virginia hesitation in saying that we have the utmost conndence in the ability and integrity of the President and
Directors of that Company.

The fact that we have insured our own property in
the Company, is perhaps the strongest evidence we
van give as to our opinion of its merits.

J. H. Sherrard, Cash. Fariner's Bank of Va.

Hon. J. M. Mason, U. S. Senator.

Jacob Senseny, Esq., Merchant, Winchester.

T. A. Tidball, Prest. of Bank of Valley of Va

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. Incorporated 1910.--Charter Perpetual. Capital \$150,000, with power of increasing it to \$250,000.

PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machine-ry, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchardise, House-hold Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port, &c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will

Applications for Insurance may be made of B. W. HERBERT, In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to J P. Brewn, Esq., who will attend to them promptly.

Persons at a distance address through the mail.

N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commissions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks thus arising. July 13, 1852—1y

CASH FOR NEGROES. I AM desirous to purchase a large number of NE-GROES for the southern markets, men, women, boys, girls and families, for which I will give the highest cash prices.

Persons having slaves to sell will please inform me personally, or by letter at Winchester, which will receive prompt attention; or B. M. & W. L. Campbell No. 242, West Pratt street, Baltimore.

ELIJAH McDOWFILL, Agent of B. M. & W. L. Campbell.

Winchester, July 7, 1851-1y THE undersigned, Agent for INSURANCE COM-PANY OF THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA, at Winchester, and HARTFORD FIRE INSUNANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut, will receive ap-plications and regulate Premiums on all risks in the former Company, and Insure Property and deliver Policy on the granetty insured as soon, as premiums Pelicy on the property insured as soon as premiums are paid in the latter company. SUBSCRIPTIONS received for the following News-

papers and Periodicals: Daily, tri-weekly and weekly National Intelligencer. Do. do. do. Baltimo

Weekly Episcopal Recorder.

Do. Littells' Living Ago.

nthly B oys' and Girls' Magazine.

Do. Youths' Cabinet and Mentor.

Decemb : 28, 1852-1y

UNITED STATES HOTEL Harpers-Ferry, Va.

OR Passengers in the new Accommodation Trains of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and Winchester and Potomac Railroad, Breakfast will always be prepared and on the table at this Hotel, adjoining the Depot, on the arrival of the cars from Winchester, to Depot, on the arrival of the cars from Winchester, to connect with the Train to Baltimore and Washington, leaving here at 71,0° block, A.M. DINNER, as usual, at 21 o'clock, on the arrival of the train from Wheeling. SUPPER always upon the Table on the arrival of the Winchester and Baltimore Cars. Persons or business or pleasure can remain in Hapers-Ferry from 7 A. M. to 3 P. M. and leave in the evening train for Baltimore and Washington M. CARRELL,

"For what is Money, but convenience?" "HO! YE LOVERS OF THE WEED!" WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TOBACCO,

Opposite the U. S. Hotel, Harpers-Ferry, Urginia.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and the Valley generally that he has just opened a large and well selected assortment of the best brands of TOBACCO, CIGARS, AND SNUFFS, of all grades as to quality and price, AND SNUFFS, of all gradies as to quanty and price, adapted to please the taste and pocket of the most fastitious, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest market price. He would ask a call from the merchants and citizens, and feels assured that he will be able to give general satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

His Stock embraces all articles in the above named business N. B. He has hands employed in manufacturis [May 24, 1553.

GENERAL AGENCY, Washington, D. C.

THE subscriber offers his services to the public in the prosecution of Claims before Congress, or any of the Departments of the Government. Some years experience as disbursing agent of the Indian Department, with a general knowledge of the mode of transacting business in the various offices of the Government, enables him to promise satisfaction to all who may entring business of this character to his care. mens, enables hun to promise satisfaction to all who may entrust business of this character to his care.

He will also give special attention to the collection of chains against parties residing in the District of Columbia or its vicinity, negotiating loans as well as the purchase or sale of Stocks, Real Estate, Land-Warrauts for the configuration in the configuration of the configuration in the configura Warrants, &c., &c., or furnish information to correspendents residing at a distance in regard to any business which may interest them at the seat of Govern His Office is over the Banking House of Selden, M thers & Co. July 26, 1853.

TO TRAVELLERS. Superior and Economical! New Line between Harpers-Ferry and Washington. THE well-known, safe and comfortable Steam-Packet, Capt. VOLNEY PURCELL, running in connection with the Cars at Harpers-Ferry, leaving Harpers-Ferry at 6 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Washington city at 6 o'clock, P. M. The same Packet will leave Washington city, for the First Trip, on the 11th of July, running up one day and down the next regularly, (except Sunday,) making three trips a week. Passengers by this favorable and economical route are offered an opportunity of enjoying the beautiful scenery of the Potomac by daylight. Fare from Harpers-Ferry to Washington, \$2.

May 24, 1853.

Ferry to Washin May 24, 1853. NEW JEWELRY STORE. THE subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he has received during the last two years he has been engaged in repairing WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c., in Charleston From the many solicitations of his WINTCHES AND JEWELRY, of every the input m, and will continue to the sp on hand are a make way to be will be able has hew days that shall offer, at rates

AND WELRY, of wery description, carefully repaired as usual. W. T. McDONALD, Agent for P. Cory. Charlestown, May 24, 1853.

J. R. THOMPSON & CO., TENNSYLVANIA Avenue, between 3d and 41 sts., two doors east of the United States Hotel, desires to call the attention of their old customers, members of Congress, strangers, and the public generally, to their importation of French, English and American CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS, which they will make up in their usual style of ele-gance, and at prices as reasonable as any other esta-blishment in the District of Columbia. February 22, 1853—tf

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. HAVING rented the Brick Warchouse, at Shepherdstown, and made arrangements I am prepared to pay the highest Cash Prices for WHEAT, CORN, &c., upon delivery.

I will also keep constantly on hand PLASTER, FISH, SALT, &c., in exchange for Country Produce, or sell at low cash prices, and I will forward any produce to the District or Alexandria at the usual prices.

August 23, 1853—tf C. W. LUCAS.

CHARLES E. HARDING. Attorney at Law, WILL Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts of Jefferson, Clarke and Loudoun. Office, No. 1, Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia. eptember 28, 1882.

OBANGES AND LEMONS, just received by H. L. EBY & SON. HERRING AND MACKEREL. A FRESH supply of Herring and Mackerel just reteived and for t R. H BRO WN

Tobacco and Cigars, just received and for sale by R. H. BROWN. SWEET POTATOES just received by H. L. EBY & SQN



CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1853.

Poetry.

BY LONGFELLOW. O, with what glory comes and goes the year ! The buds of spring—those beautiful harbingers Of sunny skies and cloudless times—enjoy Life's newness, and earth's graniture spread out; And when the silver habit of the clouds Comes down upon the Autumn's sun, and with A sober gladness the old year takes up His bright inheritance of golden fruits,

A pomp and pageant fill the splendid scene.

There is a beautiful spirit breathing now Its mellow richness on the cluster'd trees, And, from a breaker full of richest dyes. Pouring new glory on the Autumn woods, And dipping in warm light the pillar'd clouds. Morn, on the mountain, like a summer bird. Lifts her purple wing; and in the vales The gentle wind- a sweet and passionate wooer Kisses the blushing leaf, and stirs up life . Within the solemn woods of ash deep crimson'd And silver beech, and maple yellow leaved— Where Autumn, like a faint old man, sits down By the way-side, a weary. Through the trees The golden robin moves : the purple finch. That on wild cherry and red cedar feeds-A winter bird-comes with its plainttive whistle, And pecks by the witch hazel; whilst along From cottage roofs the warbling bluebird sings And merily, with oft-repeated stroke, Sounds from the threshing floor the busy flail.

O! what a glory doth this world put on For him who, with a fervent heart, goes forth Ender the bright and glorious sky, and looks On duties well perform'd and days well spent! For him the wind, ay and the yellow leaves, Shall have a voice and give them eloquent teachings, He shall so hear the solemn hymn that Death

Has lifted up for all, that he shall go To his long resting place without a tear.

(From the Wheeling Gazette.) ADVICE.

Who seeks for bliss on earth, must fame forego, Who seeks for wealth, must every anguish know; Then take thy choice, and that path pursue, That suits thy feelings and thy fancy too, On eagle's pinions plume thy airy flight And rush to danger and the dizzy height, Where rugged rocks, a black and barren clime, Thy coming welcome to thy home sublime; Where boundless space on every side extends And pointed peaks that fiery light'ning rends, While clouds surcharged with fatal terrors sweep To hurl the headlong down the dreadful steep, There perched on high, let folly upward gaze, Thy station cavy, and thy triumph praise; While thou forlorn, with stormy passions torn, Shalt wish for peace, yet every solace scorn; Too high to stoop, from earth too alien grown, Where nought remains that pride can call its own, Thy soul sublime in solitude shall dwell, To peace denied thy life a living hell. Now mark the sallow feature, furrowed face The bond and index of the soul's disgrace; When writhing guilt conceals the secret pain Endures the pang, and dares not to complain, But hugs the envenomed viper to his breast, That stings his conscience and denies it rest: Yet he neer wronged a mortal of his right, Ne'er crouched in darkness to avoid the light Ne'er did an act at which with shame he'd blush; But he, e'en he, would like the eagle rush, On jackdaw pinions, would explore the sky. Would stem the whirlwind and the storm defv. His croakings deem the eagle's piercing scream; Would soar a vulture, or a condor seem. Strive to be great !" So strove the swelling toad, To be an ex, yet could not bear his load. Wind puffed him up, twas wind that made him great How like mankind when follies oft inflate! He looks like Casar, would with Casar vie; If looks made Cæsar, then might you or 1; He speaks like Tully, would like Tully soar, But words—not wisdom prove him but a bore: A pie or daw, loquacious too might be, Or vaporing lawyer pleading for a fee The souls that view the giant minds that soar, Esteem the virtues and their worth adore, With pride then homage to their merits pay, Applaud their triumphs and approve their sway; See wisdom, words, and actions all combined, To make and mark the monarchs of the mind, Poor man, if nature hath thy mind endowed, Reserve the gift, but be not of it proud, Be not transported, nor it genius deem, Be what thou art not what a fool would seem, If on thy path, with budding flowers strown, Kind fortune smiled, and sunbeams ever shone Nor thorns, nor briars in thy way have sprung, Nor scorpion stings, thy tender bosom stung; Be not clated, nor thy spirit deem The care of heaven, nor thyself esteem; The pits, thy choice, and peculiar care, Alike thy blessing and thy bounty share; Thy bird, no better in the cage than bower; Thy rose no fairer than the purest flower. As sweet the linnet or the lark will sing, As fair the rose-bud and the lily spring; Tho' forest wilds may be their only home, By rippling streams, or torrents dashing foam, Blessed is thy lot, if to thy sphere confined; slessed is thy sphere, if to thy lot resigned,

Miscellaneous.

And then, too late, thy lonely coar.

The past and perished never can return.

W. B. S.

But leave thy bounds, the fond illusion seek

Attachments sever, and their ties remove;

WHEELING, 1853.

And then, too late, thy lonely soul will learn,

That sway the strongest and allure the weak;

O'er desert plains and rugged mountains rove;

STRAY LEAVES FROM THE DIARY OF A JOUR-NEYMAN PRINTER.

THE JOURNEYMAN'S SECRET.

"You take this case," said the foreman; "here is a stick-here is some copy; and if you like a guiet and steady partner, you will find this gentleman still enough in all conscience." The "partner" merely looked up and faintly smiled in acknowledgment of the foreman's | ner, I exclaimed: compliment, and kept on with his work, while the foreman turned away to attend to some-

We worked on steadily until dinner, as we were in a hurry to get the paper up, without ternoon I had more leisure to study the physiognomy of my neighbor. He was a young man of about three or four and twenty, with handsome features, and a rather intellectual cast of countenance. His face was pale, and the raven darkness of his hair, eyebrows and eyes, made me immediately come to the con- it of you as a right." clusion, after carefully studying his physiognomy, that he was a hard student during his leisure hours, or that, depriving himself of the recreation of books, or other sources of enjoyment, he spent all of his working hours at the case.

The latter supposition time proved to be coracquainted with him, and I found him to be a two sisters, and three small brothers, who live singular character. Beneath his stand he had | in a distant State. I could make enough to constructed a kind of closet, which contained a spirit lamp, a mattress with bedding, a few here is this: One of my sisters who is now a cooking utensils, and a small stock of the plainest kind of food. When the hours of meals arrived, he would light his lamp, and putting some food over it to cook, would work until the and were content to abide by what we thought hands left the office, when he would sit down a dispensation of Providence. But recently I to his frugal repast. He worked incessantly during working hours, hardly leaving the office that kind. Morning, noon and night, when I returned from my meals, I invariably found him at his case working away as with all his gentleman, is what I have been laboring for improvement of every minute. I suppose he slept upon the cot which he kept in his closet; but as he was always at work when I left at have deprived myself of many comforts, and might, as if some great issue depended on the night and when I returned in the morning, I could not positively assert that he did so. I am not very garrulous, especially when employ-ed at the case, and as he would not first address me, I would not speak to him; so while the fun and jokes were passing round the cases, in discovering that there was some mystery connected with him, and his intense application to labor was not prompted merely by a desire to make money, for if there is any thing in phrenology, independent of the formation of the we were silent as the grave. I was not long

would go away, his eyes would fill with tears, while an expression of sadness—almost despair-would seat itself upon his countenance. I had been tempted a thousand times to ask him the cause of this, but as he appeared so cold and isolated, I refrained from doing so, for it is not pleasant proffering sympathy unasked. "Well, how do you like your neighbor?" asked one of the journeymen of me, as we were

descending the stairs one evening.
"I can hardly make him out," said I; "he appears to be a strange sort of being. You are better acquainted with him than I, how do you like him?"

"For my part I hate him, and what is more, he has not a friend in the whole office. That fellow has been kere for three months, and he has hardly spoken to any one. A man who makes such bills as he does, and hoards up his money like a miser, I have very little friendship for. We wouldn't any of us care so much if he would be a little sociable and spend a dollar, or even a dime occasionally; but noevery five cent piece he hangs on to as if he was afraid the eagle would spread his wings and fly away with it, doing him out of a five cent piece—Buthe can't stay here long. We've insulted him a dozen times, and he has less spunk than I think he has if he don't resent it some day. We'll get him into a quarrel then, and

have him discharged." "But" said I, "do you know any thing about his history! He may have an all absorbing end to accomplish, which is the cause of his assiduity. You should have a little charity for the fellow, and take Crocket's motto, 'be sure you are right, before you go ahead." "No we know nothing of him; and if circumstances are as you suppose, it will be his own fault if they are discovered too late, for we all have tried often enough to scrape acquaintance with him. You had better not take up on his side if you do not wish to incur the displeasure of the whole office. Good

I had some charity for the fellow, and was determined to see him righted, should he get into a difficulty. I soon saw that he was very unpopular, and that I, as I felt rather disposed to make allowances for him, was considered as his friend. Many were the jokes cracked at our expense, whenever the "Quaker corner," (as the place occupied by as had been dabbed) was mentioned, an universal titter ran round

These things irritated me some, but as I was not the principal object at whom these arrows partner be the first to speak. "I say, fellow" said a rowdy looking custo-

mer, who went by the name of "Zeke," "do Quakers ever have camp-neetings?" "Yes," answered another, "they have a comp-meeting over here n Quaker's corner every night. That fellow there, camps out upon the floor every nap he takes.' "Weli," said another, "Tye heard of boarding at the market house and eleeping on the bridge, but I never saw an illustration of it be-

"Wonder if they would'nt take in boarders?" asked the first; "I'll see if they don't want the rules and regulations of the house printed; if they do, I'll board out the bill."

I glanced at my neighbor to see how he bore this ridicule. His face was flushed and his lips firmly compressed, as to choke the rising indignation. But said not a word; I fancied however, that he picked the type faster than Things could not go on this way much long-

er, for as God-like a quality as forbearance is, it cannot hold out against every thing. I saw that a storm was gathering, and prepared to act my part as a man when it burst forth. It was on Saturday afternoon; the hands were ranged around the "stone," with their bills in their hands, waiting to be paid off-" Quaker" happened to be at the end of the "stone," immediately opposite to him stood "Zeke."-As usual, 'Quaker' was the observed of all observers, and sly whispers, which were answered by a titter and a nudge of the elbow, passed around the group. As the foreman paid 'Quaker' the amount due him, he gave him a new quarter dollar to make out the change. This did not escape "Zeke's" eye, and he said in a

tone to be heard by all: "If the eagle on that quarter had life and I were a State convict, I would not swap places with it; for my confinement would be far more preferable to being squeezed to death."

This was the hair that broke the camel's back. With the exclamation, 'you'd-d scoundrel,' he made one bound, and with a stunning blow brought Zeke to the floor. Then jerking off his coat, and placing himself in a fighting attitude, he turned to the astonished group with "come now, cowardly ruffians, if you cannot let me alone peaceably, I have borne your insults long enough, and if you have any more to offer, come on with them."

This challenge was sufficient. Coats came off and sleeves were rolled up and in a minute I saw that my friend would be apt to get the worst of the fight, and forcing him in the cor-

"Gentlemen, one word if you please. It would be cowardly for you to attack this man; I will not see it done. And if you attempt it, I have something here (tapping my breast sig-nificantly) that will stop it. He is not to blame; exchanging a word, or even a look. In the af- le has only resented an insult which any of you would have done. You have all insulted him because he has conducted himself strangely; let him explain his conduct, and perhaps we can make up our quarrel. He owes you an explanation-If not to you, he certainly does to me. And now sir said I, turning to him, I demand

> He hesitated a moment. "Come my friend, said I, let us have it, whatever it is, and at, once put an end to the quarrel." "Well, gentleman, I am not disposed to

lay my private affairs open to the public gaze, but I suppose I must do it for once. You must know then, that, from my earnings I . As day after day passed by, I became more | must not only support myself, but my mother, support them well, but my reason for coming beautiful girl of sixteen, and the pet of the family, has been blind from birth. We had have seen a case similar to hers-a young man -who was restored to sight by an eminent unless to purchase food or upon an errand of physcian of Paris. I have corresponded with that physcian, and he has high hopes that, in my sister's case, he can effect a cure. This, since I have been here—to raise sufficient to borne your taunts and jeers for her sake. But I bear them no longer. If you are men you will desist; if you don't, I warn you beware of

> "Zeke" had risen to his feet and heard all my friend had said. As he listened to the "Qua ker," I could see the moisture coming in his

in phrenology, judging from the formation of his head, he was the very one whom I would have selected as a spendthrift. Occasionally his cheek would flush, his eyes light up and a happy smile overspread his features; then the smile

"I forgive freely, sir-I forgive you all," said 'Quaker.'

"And how much have you to raise yet," I asked, "before you have the requisite sum?"
"About one hundred and fifty dollars. If I have my health and continue to make good bills, I shall be ready to start for Europe in about two months."

"You won't have to wait that long," said Zeke, laying the money lie held in his hand upon the stone, "if my week's wages, every cent of which your are welcome to, will help you any. Come boys, he added, how many of you will follow suit ?"

"Well, there's mine," said Jim, laying an X ipon the pile, 'and mine,' 'and mine,' said a dozen voices, as each hand deposited an equal amount, until they had made a pile of bank

"There, stranger, take that, and may God prosper you," said Zeke, tendering him the mo-"No, gentlemen," answered 'Quaker;' "I thank you for your liberality, but I cannot take your money; I am no beggar; all I ask is that

ing disturbed." "But you must take it," urged Zeke, growing warm, "we owe it to you, and you shall take it. We've done you a great wrong—we have abused you—and we have no other way of making amends. Besides, if you don't take it, it will be spent before Monday morning; and I know, that for my part, it will be much pleasanter to commence the week with the consciousness of having appropriated my money in a more sensible way, than with a foggy head, aching limbs, and empty pockets, which always follows a 'free and easy.'"

"Take-take it for your sister's sake," said two or three voices. "I accept it, gentlemen," said 'Quaker,' "as you say, for my sister's sake, and I hope to be able some day to return it, principal and inter-

"Quaker" left for Paris shortly after; in a few months we had the satisfaction of hearing that his sister was completely restored to sight, and that they were on their way home. I have heard from him several times since. His "lines have been drawn in pleasant places," and he is now a judicial functionary in a neighboring State-Kentucky.

WOMAN. There is a beauty in the helplessness of woman. The clinging trust which searches for were aimed, I resolved to forbear and let my extraneous support, is graceful and touchingtimidity is the attribute of her sex; but to herself it is not without its dangers, its inconveniences, and its sufferings. Her first effort at comparative freedom is bitter enough; for the delicate mind shrinks from any unaccustomed contact, and the warm and gushing heart closes itself, like the blossoms of the sensitive plant, at every approach. Man at once determines his position, and asserts his place-woman has her's to seek, -and alas! I fear me, that however she may appear to turn a calm brow and a quiet lip to the crowd through which she makes her way, that brow throbs, and that lip quivers to the last; until, like a wounded bird, she can once more wing her way to the tranquil home where the drooping head will be fondly raised and the fluttering heart laid at rest. The dependence of woman in the common affairs of life, is, nevertheless, rather the effect of custom

than necessity; we have many and brilliant proofs that, where need is, she can be sufficient to herself, and play her part in the great drama of existence with credit, if not with comfort. The yearnings of her spirit, the outgushing of her shrinking sensibility, the cravings of her alienated heart, are indulged only in the quiet holiness of her solitude. The world sees not, guesses not, the conflict; and in the ignorance

of others lies her strength. The secret of her weakness is hidden in the depth of her own bosom; and she moves, amid the heat and hurry of existence, and with a seal upon her nature, to be broken only by fond and loving hands or dissolved in the tears of recovered

APPLICATION OF ELECTRICITY.

The discoveries during the past age in relation to the properties of electricity, and the uses to which it can be applied, have created quite a revolution in many of the arts and pursuits of peace. It is now about to be applied to the purposes of war .-It is stated that during the field day at Olmutz oa the 26th, at which the Emperors of Russia and Austria were present, a sham fight on a grand scale, the siege of the citidel, including the application of electricity on the most recently approved principles of ognition and combustion, constituted the most important of the manœuvres which were practised. A Vienna paper describes three omnibusooking vehicles which were in the camp, each containing a complete electric telegraph apparatus, with a contrivance for laying an insulated wire along the ground by the mere locomotion of the vehicle, the wire being so protected as to remain uninjured by the pressure of the heaviest artillery passing over it. By this means orders are to be instantaneously conveyed from the Emperor's station, and that of the chief commanders, to troops at al-

most any distance on the field of the manœuvres. A MISER FOUND DEAD.

A man about forty years of age, named Frederick J. Fuller, who, for the last five months, has occupied a back basement at No. 519 First Avenue was yesterday found sitting in his room, in front o the window, dead. Coroner Gamble held an inquest upon the body, when evidence was adduced, showing that the deceased had been very secluded in his habits, and had not been seen by any person in the house since last Tuesday. The body was examined by Dr. Higgins, who gave it as his opinion, that death was caused by want of suitable nourishment, and the jury rendered a verdict to that effect. On searching the person of the deceased \$20, mostly in three cents pieces were found in his pockets, and a bank book, showing deposits in his fayor to upwards of \$2,800 was found in his trunk. As far as known he has no relat ves in this country, but from papers found in his trunk, if appears that his mother is living in England. His effects were taken in charge by the coroner, and will be passed over to the public administration. The deceased is a native of England, and is supposed to have been a carpenter by trade, -N. Y. Mirror,

AFFLICTING EVENT.

The Boston Transcript relates the following incident The Boston Transcript relates the rollowing includent.

On Wednesday, the 12th instant, Dr. Lothrop, of Brattle-street Church, married the daughter of one of our well-known citizens to a young merchant of this city. The party went upon a bridal tour; and in New York, last week, were joined by the father and family of the youthful bride. On Saturday last the whole party youthful bride. On Saturday last the whole party started upon their return home. The young bride was taken ill in the cars, and stepped into the ladies room at one of the station-houses on the New Haven railway, where she soon after expired. It is thought that the cause of this sudden event was an internal hemorrhage. The body was brought home to her father's residence, and the friends of the family, who called to welcome a bride, found her dead, and the whole household plunged in the deepest affliction. The funeral will take place this afternoon, and we need not add that a large circle of acquaintances will mingle their sympathies with the wide acquaintances will mingle their sympathies with the wide circle of relatives and friends who have been thus suddenly bereaved.

DEATH OF THE SLEEPING MAN.—Cornelieus Vroo-man, who has been asleep for five years, died at his brother's residence, in Clarkston, N. Y., on the 17th inst. While on exhibition in New York, he was taken sick, which seemed to induce a wakeful state for a short period, and then a stupid condition, with intervals of wakefulness, until he was brought home on the 14th. It is stated that he talked very little, inquiring after his mother, who had been dead two years, his father and brothers, whom he seemed partially to recognise. He complained of great internal heat, and soreness of his throat and stom ach. On the morning of the day of his death he called for food, and ate a hearty meal, and from that time seemed to be in pain until about 2 o'clock, P. M., when he died without a struggle. His age was thirty-four years.

Foreign Correspondence. LETTER FROM COPENHAGEN.

It affords us great pleasure to present the following nighly interesting letter from an old and esteemed friend, but recently among us, and one whom our

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 12, 1853. My dear Beller:- I should have written to ou long ago, but for the spell of illness which confined me so long in Paris. When I reached London, as you are aware, the cholera was raging at Copenhagan, to a degree wholly un-precedented. It was as fatal as the yellow fever has since been at New Orleans-and my predecessor, Mr. Guire, who kindly called to see me, informed me that when he left, there was no business of any sort doing, and that it would be madness in me to go on at that time. I may be allowed to do my work without be-Regreting all this very much, I concluded to run over to Paris and see some of the "Lions" of that world renowned city. But hardly had I reached there, and "seen the elephant" in the Jardius des Plantes, when I was stricken down with a violent attack of my old enemy, the bilious fever, which confined me to my room, and, a great part of the time, to my bed, for more than six weeks. For about ten days, I was really ill, but during most of the time I was just sick enough to feel miserable, fretful, homesick, and worthless. Some days I would feel quite well, and, flattering myself that I had re-covered, would crawl out, call a cab and put off to the Louvre or to some other place of wonders, from whence I would invariably return, oither with a fever or a shaking ague upon me, betake myself to bed again, and groan and grumble for other several days, and thus the thing continued up to Wednesday last. During all this time, I was plucked and plundered at a very rascally rate, I assure you. However, my physician proved to be a christian and a gentleman, Dr. Byland, a young American formerly of Philadelphia, highly fintelligent, rentlemanly and kind. With these facts before you, you will hardly expect me to tell you much about Paris. I did, nevertheless, manage to see a few of its marvels, and I met, besides, some delightful old acquaintances, and formed some very agreeable new ones. Among the former were Senator Douglass, just returned from his European tour; Jno. M. Daniel, Charge to Turin; Robt. D. Owen, ditto to Naples, and L. P. Bayne, Esq., of Selden, Withers & Co., an excellent gentlemen, whom, I assure you, I was highly delighted to meet so far from home. Among the latter, Senator Jones of Tennessee, who has been many weeks in Paris; Mr. Deleon, our Consul General to E-

> McRae, of North Carolina, our Consul at that place, and several others, all of whom I shall remember with pleasure. But, on the whole, I shall not have the most delightful reminiscences of my abode in Paris. On Sunday the 2d inst., having been informed that the Waters at Verseilles would play for the last time during the season, and having felt quite well for a day or two past, I determined to see them, and in company with Judge Douglass and Mr. Craighton, a son of Commodore Craighton, I drove to that place. If I did not know that you had already read so many descriptions of this exquisite spot, where the wealth of so many monarchs, wrung from so many generations of starving suris, has been lavished through so many ages, I would attempt a little sketch of it myself. But knowing that and knowing, also, that I saw it to disadvantage-the day having turned out badly, and I having completely broken down in the tenth or twelith Galery of paintings in the mighty palace, (you may judge how many of them there are when I tell you, that to catch a mere glimpse of each, requires more than three mortal hours) I shall say nothing about it, except that the effect upon me was thoroughly bewildering, and that I returned to Paris about 8 o'clock in the evening, with as thorough an old fashioned ague upon me as ever set the teeth to chattering in the head of a helpless mortal. Well, I took to my bed again, and the fever consequent upon my ague, did not leave me until Wednesday, when I resolved to leave Paris instanter, sick or well. So I got up and commenced packing my trunks and paying my bills as fast as possible, and on Friday last, at half past eleven, I turned my back on "La Belle Paris," and

took my seat in the cars for Brussels. The travel from Paris to Brussels is anything but pleasant, the road running, the whole way, through a desolate looking, flat, sterile, and poverty stricken part of the world, with nothing but dirty little villages, and wretched, tumble-down, dreary hovels, such as the negro quarters in the poorest portions of "poor old Virginia," (as the slanderers call her) would be ashamed to be caught in company with .-These are the abodes of the poor peasants, who scratch this barren soil for a livelihood, and who are allowed just enough, out of the products of their labor, to enable them to live and scratch on. They scratch the soil, they do not cultivate it, and their implements of husbandry are funny to look at; I wish I could send Uncle Johany Moore one of their ploughs and harrows, and hear his opinion of them. We reached Brussels about 9 o'clock the same evening, and put up at the Belle Vue Hotel, as neat, and clean, and comfortable a tavern, as ever set my foot into, and one, where the attendance is admirable and the prices reasonable. The glimpse which I caught of Brussels impressed me with the idea that it must be a

charming city, and I did long to tarry there a few days. But the time I had lost in Paris rendered it necessary that I should hurry on to my post; and we, accordingly, left Brussels the next morning at a quarter past ten, having taken our seats in the cars for Cologne. It is impossible to imagine a stronger contrast than that presented by the country lying between Brussels and Cologne, and that between Brussels and Paris. The latter is as beautiful as any thing I have ever seen, and cultivated apparently, to the ne plus ultra. There is some picturesque scenery also-but generally speaking, the face of the country is as flat and un-broken as any Western Prairie, but it is green and fertile, and abounding in every product, the result of proper cultivation. But there is scarcely a stick of timber to be seen on any part of it, with the exception of the "Wood of Reichswald," an extensive wood, of ragged, stunted, dwarfish trees, and under growth, suggestive of wild boars and deer hunts, but certainly possessing nothing, that I could see, to entitle it to the epithet of "Beautiful," which, it seems, it has received. Innumerable towns and villages are also past on this route, each one remarkable for something curious, if one

had but the time to stop and see it. Some of the most important which we past are, Ant-werp, the Commercial Capitol of Belgium-Louvain, beautifully situated on the River Dyle and famous for the quantity and quality of the beer which it exports-Liege, the scenery a-THE NEXT CONGRESS will be largely Democratic in both branches. The Senate will consist of thirty-four Democrats, twenty-three Whigs and two free-soilers. The vacancies to be filled will add to the Democratic majority. To the House one hundred and thirty-nine Democrats, sixty-nine Whigs, and four freesoilers have been elected, and in the four States in which elections are yet to be held, we may reasonably expect an addition to the Democratic majority. round which is extremely beautiful, and the junction of the Meuse and the Ourthe.

eaders will easily recognize. Though his tour has een attended with much of difficulty and personal nconvenience, his friends congratulate him upon his afearrival at the point of his destination. May health and happiness be his, during his absence, is the sinere wish of those devoted friends he has left behind

scenery around it, its furious struggles with its Bishops, and with the Dukes of Burgundy, in years long passed, came freshly to my memory, and as I recalled the exquisite descriptions in Quentin Durward of the difficulty of Louis II, the rash fury of Charles the Bold, and the brutality of the "Boar of Ar dennes," I blessed the memory of Scott, for the many hours of my life which the magic of his genius has rescued from gloomy misery, or from dissipation and folly. The next place of any importance, is Verviers, containing a population of 23,000. At Hubisthal our passports were taken away from us, and given to us again at Aix-la-Chapelle—and from thence to Cologne we passed several other towns and villages, but they are of too small importance, and have names too thoroughly German to remember or record. The ruins of two or three old Feudal Castles are also to be seen along this route. One of them-"Castle of Frankenburg," close by the side of the Railroad, is said to have been founded by Charlemagne, and that his Queen Fastrado died there. We reached Cologne about six o'clock in the evening. The Custom House officers, when told who I was, were very polite and attentive. They had my baggage produced first, opened one of my trunks, put their hands on the top of its contents, then shut it and handed me the keys, and in a moment afterwards all of my baggage was in the conveyance ready to proceed to the Hamburg depot. To this depot we were conveyed in an omnibus, passing through dirty looking, wretchedly lighted, narrow streets, or rather alleys, across which two long armed men might easily shake handsand over the river (Khine), and consequently, I saw nothing of Cologne. Having procured a very tolerable supper at the Station House, we took our seats at ten o'clock, in the cars for Hamburg. We travelled all night, at a very slow rate, for steam travelling—jogging along at an average of ten miles an hour, stopping frequently, and being compelled, many times, to change cars, just as we would begin to coax a little nap upon us. We had taken our seats in the "first class" cars, and after every change we found ourselves less comfortable, until, before we reached Hamburg, I think they must have managed to drop all the "first class" and inveigle us into the third. Of course, I know nothing of the country through which we passed during the night; but when daylight dawned, I looked out upon the most desolate region that ever wearied the eye to ramble over. On every side, as far as the vision could stretch, a dreary waste of barren bogs, swamps and uncultivated plains, with literally nothing upon them, but a few stunted trees and bushes, pine thickets and briars. This continued through the whole route to Hamburg. Occasionally, at long intervals, we passed a few spots where cultivation, after the scratching fashion of France, seemed to be attempted. But, gengypt, who, like myself, has been ill since he crally, Desolation reigned unmolested. We passfirst entered the city; Mr. Sanford, our Charge ed some small collections of houses with tiled at Paris, since the departure of Mr. Rives; Mr. roofs, in which things like human beings seem-

It has at present a population of 62,000. As

I looked over its domes and spires, and the fine

might live, as the pigs do, by rooting in the earth. There is a "King of Hanover," and I am told that this is part of his dominions. But if he owns all that poor land, I pity him from my soul. He is worse off than the poor fellow in Fairfax county, who owned so many barren acres that his neighbors regarded him as an object of commiseration. We reached Hamburg on Sundayat half-past eleven, A. M., after fifteen hours of the most disgusting travel I have ever made, and for which I paid higher in proportion. Hamburg, as you are aware, is "a free Imperial city of Germany." It is situated on the Elbe, about 70 miles from its mouth. has a population of 160,060, and contains a large number of beautiful gardens-which in the summer, they say, are delightful to look at and so they may be—but when I was there the town looked rather muddy and dingy. But then it was raining hard all the time. In 1842 a fire broke out which destroyed 1746 houses. But that portion of the city has been rebuilt in an elegant and magnificent manner. It is a place of great commercial importance, and to ascend to the galleries of the Exchange (a splendid building) and look down upon the thousands who daily congregate in it, and listen to the busy hum of their many voices, you would think the business of the whole world was going on below. On Sunday night (don't let my good friends think me lost) I went to the Opera, and saw the "Seige of Corinth" performd in genuine German style. The Germans are great musicians, but verily, I do not think their language very well adapted to song-at least to my uncultivated ears. "Mein fader" and "mein broder," do not sound melodiously, tho' chanted never so correctly. Their opera house, however, is an immense building, calculated to accommodate 4,000 persons. Upon this occasion the audience was quite large, which struck me as strange in a Protestant community, and especially in one where the established religion is Lutheran. We left Hamburg at four o'clock on yesterday, (Tuesday) naving been detained because there was no boat

ed to live, but upon what they subsisted I can-

not guess-most of them looked as if they

from Kiel to Copenhagen on Monday. Kiel is quite a considerable town on the Baltic, about hours journey by railroad from Hamburg. We reached it at eight in the evening, and left it an hour after in a comfortable steamer for this place, which we reached to-day at 12 o'clock. Thus I have given you an imperfect sketch of my doings since I left home, (where, by the

bye, I am sick to return again,) and you find me safely arrived at my place of destination You shall hear from me again after I become somewhat settled—at present I have nothing more to say—except to beg that you will try to keep my name alive in the memory of my good friends, and say to my precious opponents, that, as they have at last gotten rid of me. I hope they will obliterate from their recollections, any little feelings of unkindness towards me, which might possibly be disposed to linger I am, very sincerely, Your friend. there. 非条件等 计设计设计设计

VISIT OF PRESIDENT PIERCE TO BALTIMORE.

According to the Raltimore papers, the President of the United States, accompanied by Sydney Webster, Esq., his Private Secretary, took the people by surprise, by appearing at the Agricultural exhibition suddenly, and like a private citizen. exhibition suddenly, and like a private citizen.—
Joshua Vansant Esq., President of the Maryland Mechanics' Institute, conducted the President to the grounds, where he was cordially received by C. B. Galvert, Esq., President of the Maryland Agricultural Association, and other gentlemen connected with the Society. The President immediately proceeded to look at the ploughing match, which he was much pleased with after which he took a general view of the exhibition, expressing high commendations of the same. expressing high commendations of the same.— Subsequently, he was conducted to the Fair of the Maryland Institute, where he was appropriately received by Mr. Vansant, and other officers and members of the association. An inspection of the various articles, useful and ornamental, afforded much pleasure to the party, and pride at the eminent skill and ingenuity shown by American genius and talent. The President partook of a fine collation in the Manager's room, and was presented with a splendid cake, called the "Washington cake." He received it in a few pertinent remarks, and retired after spending a couple of hours admiring the exhibition, and receiving the congratulations of those present. The President, not feeling at liberty to remain longer, returned last evening to Washington, and is to day assiduously engaged in auties which require his attention here. much pleasure to the party, and pride at the emi-

... Mint Juleps were invented, it is said by a Virginia editor, who having kissed a pretty girl after she had eaten some mint, was so intoxicated with pleasure that he devoted several months in attempting to produce an article which would recall the original as vividly as possible.

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS, EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DESPATOR AT THE OFFICE OF SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON

TEA BURNING.

The burning of a cargo of Tes at Boston in 177 eems to be always fresh in the memory, yet there were other instances not less worthy of recolleg-

Mr. Mahen, in his History of Maryland, says, in eference to the affair of the Peggy Stewart, burnt at Annapolis:-" The tea burning at Boston has acquired renown, as an act of unexampled daring at that day in the defence of American liberties, but the tea burning at Annapolis, which occurred in the chauing fail, far surpasses it in the apparent deliberation and utter carelessness of concentment, atten ing the bold measures which led to its accomplishment. This instance, in its manifestation of public feeling, is of a character with those which occurred in other parts of the province, and they evince the prevalence throughout it, of the most determined and resistless opposition to the measgres of the English government."

Mr. Ridgley, in his " Annals of Annapolis," brings to mind a teaburning in Frederick County as related in the Maryland Gazette, Dec. 22, 1774, It seems a committee of vigilance for the upper part of Frederick County discovered a chest of tea in the possession of Mr. John Parks, whom they accused of equivocation and false swearing. One portion of the account says:-

" After mature deliberation, the committee were of opision that John Parks should go with his hat off, and lighted torches in his hands, and set fire to the tea, which he accordingly did, and the same was consumed to ashes, amongst the acelamations of a numerous body of people. The committee were also of epinion that no further intercourse should be had with the said Parks. Every friend to liberty is requested to pay due attention to the

The populace thought the measures adopted by the committee were inadequate to the transgression, and satisfied themselves by breaking the door and windows of Mr. Parks.

A committee of observation for Baltimore County pointed out the many mischiefe and disorders usually attending the fairs held at Baltimore town, and especially from horse-racing and cock-fightingand earnestly requested the people of the County

not to let their families attend the approaching fair-The ship Totness of Liverpool language canaground, with her cargo of salt and dry goods toat the mouth of West River was buy en by a number of people who were indignant at ber intracement of the continental association.

Envy.-A mean and fordid passion.-Wewould as soon fondle as to harbor, a feeling so guilty. V n for the human heart! Y as Cerebus-a vile chemist forever section a bane bending over the dember of malice -stirring up hatred and strife, fill he makes one huge lish of poison which he steeps the better qualities, till they are latter and crue as the grave. With what a grown eye does he look over the world. How which is saids on end, and

his fingers clutch, delagger of detraction, when he meets one to the than himself. How he grinds his teeth when any beauty stands beside his deformity, and hisses like a serpent in his net, when fame plucks her laurels for the brow of another. His tongue sharpened by the venom of black hate, and hot with malice as burning coals, 'set on the fire of hell.'-He would unhinge the door of an infant's heart, and teach its thoughts to quarrel with perfection, and pick the eyes out of virtue. So foul is an entire family, and smile with the exultation of a demon over the ruin he has made.

DANGEROUS COUNTERFEIT. - We were shown yesterday, a counterfeit note of a character very well calculated to deceive even good judges. It purported to be a note for five dollars, of the Citizens' Bank of Ogdensburg, in the State of New York, and is signed S. N. Kenyon, Pres't, and Geo. Grosvenor, Cashier. The plate is that of the late Citizen's Bank of Washington city, one of the mashroom concerns with which a year ago our District teamed, the words "Washington City," in the cen-tre of the note being taken cut and "Ogden-burg" inserted. The words "State of New York," are also inserted at the head of the acte. We learn that there are a good many of these counterfeits in circulation. It was detected at the Bank of Commerce, in this town .- Guengetown Independent.

Novel Insa .- During the progress of the fair at authorized the auctioneer to offer a silver cup as a premium for the best looking baby, of native growth ourteen months old, which should be exhibited,-A little daughter of Robert Glover was the only competitor, and of course took the prize. The seene is represented to have been exceedingly interesting: so much so that the auctioneer remarked that he would have no objection to its repetition at the next fair, provided he could produce one of the same sort of his own. Indeed, we observe a statement that bereafter a 350 premium will be awarded annually to the finest specimen of miniature humani-

The Louisville Courier says, a young Mr. tenden, of Maysville, nader the assumed same of Charles Burton, not long since advertised in several papers that he had made a most valuable discovery, the secret of which he would disclose to any one who forwarded him \$1 addressed to the aforesaid Charles Burton, box 175. Presently the mail came burdened with letters from all sections with the requisite dollar, which Mr. C. took ou, and pocketed. In return he forwarded a batch of receipts imparting curious information concerning the removal of warts, ink stains, the manufacture of ink and like important matters. This quid pro quo not being satisfactory to some of the parties, they ferreted out the matter and learned that Mr. Crittenden and Mr. Burton were identical. Measures are being taken to regain the money, about \$1,000 in all having been received.

DEATH OF A USEFUL CITIZEN.-Col. Barrett G. Payne, of Fluvenna, died at his residence in that county not long since. Col. Payne was a native of Fluvanna, and one of her most useful citizens. He represented the county in the Legislature for thirty-four years, and so great was his popularity and so highthe esteem in which he was held by his fellow citizens, that there was not perhaps, a man in the county during that long period who could have been a successful competitor for this distinction, the a highest county can bestow on any of ker

SINGULAR SUIT FOR THE VALUE OF A NEGRO .- A Singular Suft for the Value of a Negro.—A Mr. Johnson, who came passenger on the steamer Arabia, on her previous trip from Louisville to this city, has sued the owners of that boat for \$1000, the value of a negro how which Johnson had with him on the boat, and who accidentally fell overboard and was drowned. The owner of the negro alleges that the mate had ordered the boy forward to assist the crew in piling wood near the hoilers, and that by a misstep while so engaged, he lost his life. The action has been brought in one of our courts, and will come up for trial in February next.

[St. Louis Intelligencer.

AN EXPENSIVE TRIAL-Various estimates have been made as to the cost of the Swan trial at Hagerstown. The expenses incurred by the jury, and which a as a matter of course the State has to defray, amounted, as per bill rendered by Mr. Kline. at whose Hotel they were entertained, to \$668.81. This is not at all startling, when the fact is known that \$112.061. of that sum, are demanded for brandy, whiskey and segars. This needs no comment.-Clipper.

A NEW Town in VIRGINIA .- It is stated that certain capitalists have purchased some eleven hundred acres of land just below the Gayandotte river, in Virginia, for which they pay \$88,000. They cou-template laying off a portion of this tract in town lots, which are expected to sell well and readily, Guyan-dotte being the focus of a grand system of railroads

FATAL ACCOUNT, -On the 16th inst., Henry son of James Davis, of Granville, Va., aged about 16 or 17 years, cause to a horrible death by the unexpected discharge of a gun. It was double-barreled, and he supposing both barrels were discharged, placed his mouth over the muzzle to blow out the smoke, when the load was discharged and his head torn in a most shocking manner.

An individual named Jim Rusty, or Rustick. was arrested in Norfolk a day or two since on the harge of robbing James Steward, a returned Californian, of \$1,000 He was taken before the Mayor and remanded to jail for further examination. Robert Thompson, Stewart's brother-in law, still

of Amherst county, on Tuesday last stabled Sam, a stave of Maj. Poagne of Rockbridge. The lexington Gazette says they were gambling on board a bat sau in North River. Sam died and the marderer was lodged in juil.

LARGE BEAR .- Col. Sam'l Bean, killed a bear one day last week, on his farm in the Bean Settle-ment, about 9 miles from tawn, which weighed 259 pounds nett. A pretty good bar, that ar. [Hardy Whig.

85-Time and tide waits for no man.



CHARLESTOWN: TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 8, 1853.

LETTER FROM DENMARK.

We invite the attention of our readers, and especially the friends of the writer whose cognomen may be easily recognized, to the letter published on our first page, and forwarded from Copenhagan, in Denmark. It will prove interesting to all, and most particularly gratifying to the friends and acquaintances

THE WAR NEWS.

The last arrival from Europe indicates the most thorough preparation on the part of Turkey, for a desperate and sanguinary war with Russia. The Russians upon the other hand, are making all needful preparation, and are determined not to leave the principalities until the Porte shall have given to the Car the moral satisfaction he demands. War between these countries is therefore regarded as inevitable. What is to be the position of England and Trance, time alone can demonstrate.

ARMORY COMMISSION.

We learn, upon the most reliable authority, that the Secretary of War, acting under the order of the President of the United States, has addressed a communication to the Board, relieving it from further duty, except so far as it may deem it expedient to reassemble in Washington and report the result of its Investigation at Springfield. The Board has accordingly been summoned to meet in Washington on Monday the 21st inst., to make its report to the President. The reason assigned for this step is, the desire of the President to have the report of the Board before he communicated his annual Message to Congress, on the first Monday in December.

From this we may infer, that the decision of the President upon this interesting question of national policy will be announced in his annual Message to Congress. What that decision will be we do not know. We can only hope that it will forever terminate military rule and misrule within the heart of our civil communities. Should it be averse to the civil system, we shall ever regret this act of the President in dissolving the Commission before it cast upon the subject, the light which ten days investigation at the Harpers-Ferry Armory, would have enabled the Board to throw upon it.

VIRGINIA STATE FAIR.

This exhibition, looked forward to with great interest by the Agricultural portion of our State, came off during the past week. The weather was most beautiful, and the attendance of strangers from all portions of our own and the neighboring States. greatly beyond what the most sanguine had anticipated. The whole city was overrun, and the Hotels being insufficient to accommodate those in attendance, the private houses of the city were thrown open to feed the hungry and give rest to the weary.

The exhibition itself, is represented to have been one of the most magnificent affairs ever held in this country. Its preliminary arrangements were most perfect, and the variety and extent of the exhibition creditable to the State, and conferring honor upon the projectors of the Fair. The Enquirer thus notices the exhibition of the second day: "The whole exhibition yesterday, was one of full

grandeur, brilliancy and interest. At 11 o'clock the Annual address was delivered by John R. Edmunds. Esq., before an immense audience, at the central tent. Many distinguished men surrounded him on the stand, while he was engaged in the delivery of this able addrees, amongst whom we recognized Gen. Winfield Scott, Ex-President John Tyler, and Edmund Ruffin. Esq., the great Agriculturist of Virginia, all of whom delivered brief addresses, in response to earnest calls from the crowd. The excellent Armory Brass Band was present, and added much, with their thrilling national airs, to the pleasure of the occasion. Yesterday was a day long to be remembered in the Agricultural annals of the State. The large amount of superior articles on exhibition in every department of agriculture, and the great number of curiosities in cur branches of industry, taken in connection with the Fair grounds, and the admirable arrangement of them for the noble purpose, make the present Fair one of peculiar interest, and render it in every respect highly creditable to the Old Dominion, and to those whose liberality and public spirit have been instrumental in getting it up. Great must be the benefits resulting to our State from such an exhibition. Into what insignificance do the great majority of political gatherings fall, when compared to the gathering which now fills our city with so many thousands of

About 20,000 persons, it is said, visited this exhibition on Thursday. Peter A. Browne, Esq., of Philadelphia, delivered an address at 11 o'clock, on the subject of rearing sheep, the varied qualities of wool. their adaptation for various localities in Virginia, and for different fabrics. At 12 o'clock, the plowing match, for the prize of \$100, (given by Madame Sontag) took place, and elicited much interest. Madame Sontag was escorted over the ground by Wm. Boulware, Esq., late Charge to Naples. The Richmond Whig says:

"We have never seen so many people in such good humor. The test evidence of the enthusiasm which pervades the farmers was the subscription for the benefit of the Society, on Wednesday night, of \$39, 000. Numerons other contributions were made on Thursday, and the amount will probably be swollen to \$50,000. Richmond city subscribed \$5,000." Among other subscriptions to this fund, (intended

as a permanent fund for the benefit of the Society) we notice a subscription by a gentleman from Jefferson, of \$100; R. H. Dulany, of Loudoun, \$500 on his own part, and a pledge of \$1,000 more by his county P. St. George Coke, for himself, \$1,000; Jno. S. Hardway, of Amelia, \$500; and numerous other subscriptions equally liberal in amount. With such a spirit as this, the Virginia State Fair is destined to become the most important of the country, and will serve to arouse our good old Commonwealth to a sense of her true greatness and her inexhaustible resources. -Among the exhibitors in attendance from our own

region of the State, we notice Col. J. W. Ware, with his very superior horses, and sheep that nothing can excel. In speaking of Col. Ware's sheep, the reporter of the Richmond papers say:-"In passing the pens containing the fine Cotswolds exhibited by Col. Ware, of Clarke, we were sorry to see one of the finest of them dead." Chas. E. Kimble, of Clarke, also exhibits a fine specimen of Graded Cotswold. "Hugh M. Nelson, of Clarke county, two magnificent Durham steers and a remarkable fatted cow. These cattle were greatly admired: Thomas F. Nelson, of Clarke county, exhibits a white Durham bull, five years old-a superb animal. Wm. J. Blackford, of Jefferson, d h Orphan Boy by Orphan Boy, 6 years old. A very large and powerful animal for harness," Col. Yates, of Jefferson, exhibits his very superior three year old Colt. which took the premium at our Valley exhibition; and Mr. R. W. Baylor his beautiful Kahse Cattle, the admiration of ali who have seen them. Zimmerman's Wheat Thresher is also on exhibition, besides numerous other articles from Jefferson and the neighboring ich have no doubt escaped our notice The exhibition closed on Friday. The valedictory

addres was delivered by ex-President Tyler. THE CRYSTAL PALACE.

The Directors of the Crystal Palace have resolved to keep the Exhibition open through the winter, instead of closing it in December, as they had previously contemplated. The receipts now average \$4,-000 per day, whilst its expenses are but \$600. The receipts of the fortnight ending on the 22d ult., were \$58,000. Stoves will be immediately erected in sufficient numbers to keep the building comfortable, and new ones will be added as the weather becomes more

One hundred packages of new articles for exhibition are said to have been received during the week Among them are additional paintings from France. silverware from England, and the Oriental curiosi-

EXTENSION.

A meeting of the friends of the extension of the Manasses road, to some point on the Virginia and Tennessee road, at or near Salem, will be held in Lexington, on the 17th of November. The one proposed to be held in Staunton, on the 7th, has been aban-

MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS. - Dr. J. E. Snodgrass of Baltimore, formerly of Berkeley, has been appointed to the chair of Medical Jurisprudence in a Medical chool recently started in Mew York, with encouragTHE ARMORY AFFAIRS:

We have received through the hands of Dr. GARD-MER of Springfield, Mass, a file for the month of October of the "Daily Post," which gives afull and complete detail as to the investigations by the Armory Commission. Our time has been so much occupied, that we find it impossible to give a summary of the evidence elicited, and to publish in detail, would fill our paper three times over. To our own mind, and we have no donbt to that of the Commissioners, and the President himself, the evidence already taken is satisfactory and conclusive, and the military supervision of entirely Civil Departments of the Government will soon be buried in the tomb of the Capulets, and with not only the execration of freemen upon its manes, but so deep that the hand of resurrection, or the Ordinance corps either, will ever be

able to galvanize its defunct carcass. Our old friend STEARNS, and the small, though Trojan band of Civilians at Springfield, have fought like men, who, knowing their rights, dare maintain them. They are entitled to the thanks of the advocates of Civil liberty every where, and are specially and peculiarly endeared to the people of Harpers-Ferry, who have a common interest and a common sympathy in

MARYLAND ELECTION.

The election in this State came off on Wednesday ast, for State and county officers. Except as to the Legislature, which has been sacrificed in the Districts where division and distraction ruled the hour, it is s glorious triumph for the Democracy of Maryland, and under the circumstances, one of the greatest they have ever achieved. The following is the "summary" of the "Clipper" of Saturday:

BALTIMORE CITY .- The result of the vote in the city for Governor is—Ligon, 3,040 majority. For Congress, 3d district, Vansant, 820 maj., do. 4th district, May, 349 maj., and the Maine Law Ticket for the Legislature, 964 majority.

GOVERNOR.—As far as received, the vote in Baltimore city indicates an increuse of Mr. Ligon's vote over that of Governor Lowe's by about 250. It is said that Allegany county has given Mr. Ligon a majority of over 800, though in Frederick county he has lost the regular democratic vote by over 200. In Baltimore county his majority, thus far, is nearly 400 greater than that of Gov. Lowe's. In Cecil, Harford and Howard counties, it has also increased. His election may be considered certain, by probably about 1,000 majority. The remaining democratic State candidates are also elected by similar majorities. Congress-Sufficient returns have been received from the six Congressional districts to indicate cleary the election of 4 democrats and 2 whigs, viz: Frankin, whig' in the 1st; Shower, dem., in the 2d; Vansant, dem., in the 3d; May, dem., in the 4th; Hamilton, dem., in the 5th; and Sollers, whig, in the 6th. This is a Democratic gain of two members. LEGISLATURE.—The returns received show that the

Whigs have gained a Senator in Frederick county, one in Anne Arundel, and another (reported) in Queen Anne's. As there was a tie in the last Senate, ese gains show a whig preponderance in that body for the next two years. In the last House of Delegates there were 44 Democrats and 30 Whigs. From the returns which have reached us, we learn that the Whigs have gained 2

delegates in Harford, 2 in Talbot, I in Anne Arundel, and 3 in Frederick, and have lost one in Howard and 1 in Cecil, leaving a clear gain of 6 members, exclusive of the 5 temperance whigs elected in this city.

	Hamilton, D.	Thomas, Ind.
Washington,	2913	1945
Allegany,	1859	1507
Frederick,	2619	2932
	7391	6384
Hamilton's major		

n Frederick county to be heard from. MRS. SOUTHWORTH AND HER HUSBAND.

The Washington correspondent of the Richmond

Mail gives us the following in reference to an authoress of very considerable repute, and well known in "Mrs. Emma D. Southworth, the authoress of the 'Curse of Cliffton,' 'Daniel Hunter,' &c., now resides

in a plain but neat cottage in Georgetown. Last week we were informed by a family who reside within a square or two of this unfortunate lady, that Mr. Southworth, from whom she had been separated for several years, had returned from California within a few days past, and in an interview with his lady, expressed a desire to return to his family. This Mrs. Southworth would not permit, as she could discover no sign of reformation in his manners or appearance. We understand he intends bringing immediate suit for the recovery of his children; but from the circumstances surrounding the case, we believe and hope that he will be cast in the suit,"

THE SEARCH FOR SIR JOHN FRANKLIN

Captain Fordham of the American whaling barque Harriet Thompson, recently arrived at San Francisco, from the Arctic regions, has communicated to the Commercial Advertiser of that city, the following interesting intelligence in regard to the search for Sir John ranklin:

"Capt. Fordham tinicks that all further search for Erebus and Terror is useless. On ite 15th August he saw one of the ships of the searching expadition, supposed to be the Plover. She was then in the Arctic Sea, between the Prince of Wales Head and the Diomede Island. She was bound north, and would probably winter in Plover Bay, (named after her,) which was her place of refuge last winter .-Captain F. exchanged signals with her, but the signals were mutually misunderstood. At the time sho was seen, the sea was entirely clear of ice, though the dense fog, which had hung over the waters for two months, still prevailed. Another ship belonging to the exploring expedition was in Port Clarence on

the 19th of July. Capt. F. held conversation with the Esquimaux Indians at places where he landed with his boats -So many expeditions had been sent there during the last five years, that many of them could talk intelligibly on the subject of Sir John Franklin. Their arguments were such as to discourage all futher search

for the missing navigators. It was thought by such whalesmen as have navigated these regions, that the Erebus and Terror were not crushed by any iceburgs or field ice, but they were capsized by being forced upon the surface of partially submerged ice. It was the opinion that the exploring expedition could not penetrate further this year than 72 deg. N. The Arctic Sea has been unusually clear ofice, and the winter has been comparatively mild. The mountains surrounding the Arctic Sea showed but little snow at the time the whaling fleet left; not so much as seen on the Aleu-

tian Islands two months since. GRAIN TRADE WITH ENGLAND.

A correspondent of the London Times corrects some grain statistics recently published in that paper, which we gave a few days ago. This correspondent asserts that the United States supplies the largest quantity and proves it thus:

Russia sends 1,301,649 quarters, of which 733,571 are wheat; but upon looking at the importation from the United States of America, and turning the hundred weights into quarters, you will find America bears off the palm. One cwt. represents 3, or 3-10ths of a quarter, and therefore 2,620,069 cwts. represents 786.020-7 quarters which added to the amount of grain mentioned in the return make a total of 1,437,-906 quarters, being 136,247 quarters more than the importation from Russia, Of this quantity, also 1,-269,589 quarters are wheat, against 732,571 quarters only from Russia. America is not only our best customer for our manufactures, but she sends us more of what we want than other countries-thus obeying one of the inevitable laws of trade

63-There are but few Marble Yards of the country that now surpass that of Mr. GADDESS, corner of Sharp and German streets, Balt. We had opportunity of passing through his extensive workshops a few weeks since, and the mantles, monuments, tombs-stones, &c., were among the most beautiful in design and the most perfect in finish, that we have ever seen. Those in want cannot go amiss, by giving him an order.

TEST OF SOUNDNESS .- Lewis, an editor, down in Mississippi, is a candidate for the Legislature; but even en the sacred shield of his profession is not sufficient to protect him from the shalls of slander, for some one circulated the charge of aboltionism against him. Lewis noticed the charge in a card in his paper, in which he offers the following eminently prac-

tical test of his soundness on the question : "If any one doubts my soundness upon the Southern question, suppose he present me with a single specimen, or a half a dozen of 'em, of slaves, for experi-ment sake, and see what I'll do with 'em. Or if he wish-es to combine profit with experiment, let him present them to his unmarried daughter, and I'll take her with them. I am willing to make an investment of the kind. Let him who doubts my soundness try

AJ-JOHN C. R. TAYLOR, Esq., who recently sold his beautiful estate in Jefferson, has purchased the farm of Mr. LUTHER M. GEORGE, near Charlottesville, Albemarle county, containing 341 acres, at \$40 per acre. This tract is on the line of the Central Railroad, and is said to be a most desirable purchase.

OHIO STATE HOUSE,-This building is said to be larger than the capitol at Washington, and to be estimated to cost \$2,200,000.

03-The Hon. HENRY A. WISE was married on Wednesday night last, to the sister of James Lyons, Esq. of Richmond city. This is Mr. Wise's third marriage. LAW SCHOOL AT LEXINGTON.-Judge Brockenbrough opened his law school, with a mostable and eloquent

address, last Wednesday. WW. B. THOMPSON, Esq., formerly of this county, was a candidate for Criminal Judge at the recent election in St. Louir, Mo., but failed to be elected;

GEN'L CUSHING'S LETTER-FREE-SOILISM RE-

The following is a copy of a letter addressed by Gen. Cushing to Hon. R. Frothingham, one of the editors of the Boston Post, The occasion for the letter is explained upon its face, and its authorative char acter is unmistakeably declared. The Democratic party cannot live in any coalition or combination with an element which is at war with its fundamental principles. If it cannot live and prosper upon its own broad national principles, it ought to be dis-solved and annihilated. Upon these principles it has grown irresistibly powerful, and has given honor and prosperity to the country, and repose to the distracted and agitated mind. President Pierce stands solemnly pledged to administer the government upon the pure national creed on which he was elevated to the Presidency. That creed repudiates and abhors abolitionism as equally fatal to the union of the Democracy and of the States. He cannot countenance or tolerate it in any shape without proving recreant to his high trust. He will not tolerate it in any official subject to be reached by executive power. To this declaration his sacred honor is pledged, and Gen Cushing's letter reiterates the pledge.- Washington WASHINGTON, Oct. 29, 1853.

Dear Sir:- I perceive that in several counties

Massachusetts coalition senatorial tickets have been ormed of associated democrats and free-soilers. My nion is, that the democrats who have participated this have done worse than commit a fatal error.-They have abandoned a principle which is fundamental. To support or vote for the free-soilers of Massachusetts, is to give countenance and power to per-sons engaged avowedly in the persistent agitation of the slavery question, and therefore hostile, in the ex-tremest degree, to the determined policy of the Administration. The President entertains immoves b convictions on this point, as I have had occasion to express to you heretofore; and all of us whom he has called to the public service here most heartily and zealously sustain his views on the subject, as being the only ones consistent with our personal honor, the success of the democratic party, the general welfare of the country, the integrity of the constitution, or the permanency of this Union. If there be any purpose more fixed than another in the mind of the President and those with whom he is accustomed to con-sult, it is that that dangerous element of Abolitionism, under whatever guise or form it may present itself, shall be crushed out, so far as this Administration is concerned. This the President declared in his inaugural; this he has declared ever since, at all times, and in all places, when he had occasion to speak on the subject. While he does not assume to judge of the hearts of men who publicly avow sound principles, he only needs overt acts to show where they are, in order that his settled policy in the conduct of the affairs of the government shall be une quivocally manifested. Those who have apprehended halting or hesitation on the part of the President in treading any path which truth and patriotism open to him, will find themselves greatly mistaken. He is fully equal to the occasion. His policy was not hastily settled; while he occupies his present position it will never be departed from. The constitutional rights of all the States of this Union are as dear to him as the rights of New Hampshire. I have per ceived from the outset that this great principle of the constitutional rights of the States is fastened in his thought as the corner-stone of this Union. Depend upon it, no matter what consequences may impend over him, he will never allow it to be shaken by abolifionists or factionists, but will set his face like flint as well against right hand backslidings as against left hand defections, which may prejudice or embarrass the onward progress of the rapublic.

I remain, very truly yours, C. CUSHING Hon. R. Frothingham, Jr., Boston Post, Boston. PRINCE MENSCHIKOFF.

The N. Y. Courier is painting the character of Prince Menschikoff, great grandson of Peter the Great, now seventy years of age, and in command of the Russian army against Turkey. We quote:

"He is of middle stature, has close cut, milk white ening. hair; a high, open forehead; sharply defined features, and a bright sparkling eye. His gait is haughty, but | road to Harrisonburg, and we are still happier to see slightly limping, from a wound he received in a singular manner at the seige of Varna, in 1828. It is affirmed, that one evening, baving some orders that he wished to see implicitly obeyed, he strolled through the camp, and as he was returning to his quarter. he stopped and remained with his legs stretched wid apart while he enjoyed a pinch of snuff. Suddenly the report of a heavy gun was heard, and the Prince fell headlong to the ground. When he was taken up it was found that a cannon ball had passed between his legs and wounded him severely in the thigh. "Prince Menschikoff is one of the most extensive anded proprietors in the Empire, and counts his serfs by thousands; but unlike the generality of the | full length and accomplished its high destiny .- Rock-Russian nobles who throw away their riches in reckless profusion, he adds daily to his wealth. His economy is without a parallel, and indeed is stated to descend to parsimony of the lowest grade.

"Another striking peculiarity of this remarkable nan is the aversion he entertains for foreigners. Not ne-even an ambassador-has ever been permitted to enter his palace. Nor is this repugnance confined to those who are strangers, in the strict sense of the word; for several Finlanders of eminence, who had been acquainted with him when Governor General of that province, have been denied access to him when they happened to be casually at St. Petersburg; the only favor accorded to them being the permission to take refreshments in the ante-chambers, with the up per servants of the house.

"He is both rough and fickle and when anything fends him, he becomes absolutely brutal. It is not the sfore to be wondered at that he has so many en-"Menschikoff is married to the Princess Dolgorou-

ki, by whom he has a son and a danghter."

The Washington Star contains the following notice of some of the antecedents of the late appointees in New York city, which we understand to be substantially correct. In addition to their being sound and reliable Democrats, they are gentlemen of unquestionable abilities, and of high characters for in-

THE NEW YORK APPOINTMENTES.

"Herman J. Redfield, collector of the port, was one of the Cass electors for the State at large in 1848, and has been noted, since then, as being one of the most ultra anti-Van Buren politicians in New York. "John J. Cisco, the new assistant treasurer, was chairman of the Democratic general committee for the city and county of New York during the canvass of 1848, and was the Democratic nominee for Mayor at that time, or at the next succeeding election. During that contest he was universally regarded as the Cass leader in the city. "John Romeyn Brodhead, the new naval officer, is

New Yorker by birth. The onslaught on the administration in Putnam's Magazine was at first attributed to his pen, though subsequently it became known that he had washed his hands clear of the course which his immediate friends were pursuing. Gen. Cass is said to have urged him with great zeal for an appointment." It is a fact, which it is proper for us to add, that

Mr. Redfield recommended Gov'r. Dickinson for the Cabinet, and headed the list in his favor. TRUTH AND COMMON SENSE.

A writer in the Philadelphia North American, gives utterance to the following truthful and common sense sentiments. The thought ought to be freely impressed upon the mind of every teacher and parent in the country:

"Children now-a-days, carry to and from school oads of books, and recite from them daily, without understanding even the meaning of the subject they are studying; the basis, the elements of knowledge are overlooked, while high sounding names, (all the ologies.) are paraded before the minds of ambitious parents, through the medium of promising circulars. Meanwhile the good old arts of spelling and reading and understanding what you read, are neglected as too common place for classes that have reached geology, astronomy, and moral philosophy!

THE GUANO TRADE.

The following information, furnished by the Washington Sentinel, will be read with great interest: A committee of the Virginia State Agricultural Society, consisting of Messrs. W. Boulware and Johnston Barbour, had an interview vesterday with the President of the United States on the subject of the guano trade. Their object, representing the views of the Association and of the people of Virginia, is, without doubt, to induce the President to adopt proper means to rid the country of the odious mo-nopoly in the trade in this article. We establish no monopolies ourselves, and we should, for a still stronger reason, permit no foreign country to establish the among us. We are happy to learn that the Presiden concurs with them in their views, and is determined to carry them out with energy, and with all the means his position affords him.

BREADSTUFFS IMPORTED INTO GREAT BRITAIN .- The English Board of Trade has furnished the amount of grain and flour imported into Great Britain during the year 1852, by which it was ascertaized that the argest imports of flour were from the United States, he amount figuring as 2,420,069 cwt., and of wheat 60.238 quarters; other grain, 3,581,461 quarters-

total grain, 6,641,729 quarters.

The grain of other descriptions than wheat, comprised in the above quantity of 3,581,461 quarters, consisted as follows, viz:—Barley, 675,540 quarters; oats, 989,287; rye, 9,967; peas and beans, 467,306; Indian corn, 1,471,277; buckwheat, 8,084 quarters.—The Indian corn was obtained chiefly from Wallachia and Moldavia, Russia and the United States,

LARGE MULE.—We have just seen the biggest Mule extant. He is 19½ hands high—about 6 feet 8 inches. His owner, who resides in Georgia, has just returned from exhibiting him in New York, and has been offered \$3,000 cash, or \$4,000 if he is delivered in New Orleans 1st January next. Of course he re fused to sell, as the mule is but six years old, and he says, "will never die if you don't kill him,"—Fred. THE FORTHCOMING MESSAGE.

A Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce, gives us the following inklings of the probable complexion of General Pierce's first

message to Congress: The frame work of the message has been laid out, and the President is engaged with his Secretaries in reducing it to. form. The developments respecting our foreign relations, will be deeply interesting.—
Through its statements we shall be informed of the exact progress of the negotiation relative to the fishery question and the northwest trade. The best ishery question and the northwest trade. The best informed here believe that the Secretary of State is proceeding quietly but efficiently to an adjustment of the differences which he of the differences which have long existed between England and the United States on that subject. The questions pending with Mexico are the right of transit across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, as involved in the Sloo and Garay contracts, and defined in the treaties negotiated by Judge Conklin and Governor Letcher; the demand for the right of way for the Pacific railroad, through Sonora and Chihuahua, the eclamations of Mexico for Indian depredations, and re-adjustment of our mutual commercial relations.-These are most important subjects of negotiation be-tween the two republics, and the President's revelations as to the progress made in adjusting them are

awaited with universal interest. In domestic affairs the policy recommended in the Message will be, it is whispered among the personal and confidential friends of the President, in rigorous conformity with the principles of the Democratic party, as announced by its founders and earliest expositors. In finance, the President will advise the adoption of a revenue system which shall keep the annual receipts nearly upon a level with the estimated expenditure. As to the surplus on hand, the system of purchasing up government stocks will be pursued

In reference to expenditure the most rigid economy wall be insisted upon. It is expected that the policy of improving rivers and internal harbors will be discouraged. The plan of connecting the contract system of carrying the mails with the increase and support of the Navy, will be referred to in unfavorable terms, and its abandonment as soon as consistent with existing contracts and resulting rights will be recommended. The proposition to connect the Atlantic and Pacific coasts by a great national railroad will be discussed but the President will state his convicviction that sound policy requires it to be left to the individual energies and the private capital of the

NEW ORLEANS.

The Picayune of the 23d ult., speaks thus cheeringy of the business prospects of the "Crescent City:" "The business prospects of our city are now look-ing very fair. A wonderful change has been wrought within the past two weeks in the aspect of the levee, and, in fact, the aspect of the whole city. Our streets are crowded with vehicles, and our sidewalks with moving masses of human beings. Numerous strangers may be detected among the crowds upon the streets. The countenances of our citizens look serious and business-like. The shops are displaying large quantities of new and tastefully arranged goods, and the inmates are earnestly engaged in expatiating up-on the superior quality of their articles to rows of fair customers. All the morning, bevies of ladies are tripping gracefully and gaily through the shopping streets—a sure indication that business has commenced, at least in the dry goods line; and also, we take

it, that the respective domestic exchequers are in an easy condition and without apprehension of reverses. "But the most significant evidences that the business pulse of New Orleans is again beating healthily vigorously and regularly, is the large number of the daily arrivals and departures of steamboats at our port; the quantity of freight which is continually be ing received and discharged; the piles of produce which encumber the levee; and the long and incessant procession of drays which are constantly going to and from the river, and are moving up and down our principal thoroughfares.

THE MANASSAS GAP RAILROAD.

The annual meeting of the Manasses Gap Railroad Company has just been held in Alexandria. The report of the President is very favorable, and shows that the prospects of Manassa are bright and bright-We are happy that the worthy President urthat the Stockholders have by an almost unanimous vote determined that the road shall be built to this point at once, and have instructed the board of Directors to borrow six hundred thousand dollars. which in addition to the means at the company's ommand, will complete the road. This is grand and glorious, and we are half inclined to throw up our hat and give nine cheers for the Manassas Gap Company, and its indefatigable President. We are glad to know that the supineness and indifference of our neighbors in Shenandoah do not discourage them, and that they are determined to go ahead, and never rest satisfied until their road has stretched out to its ingham Register.

A CURIOUS DIVORCE CASE.

A curious divorce case came up before Judge Edwards of the Supreme Court, in New York, on Tuesday. The complainant is an English woman who. after the death of her first husband, went to Australia, having a little fortune of about £2.150 sterling. On the voyage she met with a fellow passenger who represented himself as a German baron, compelled to on account of his politics, and he so won on her widowed affections that she married him on reaching Sidney. Afterwards they sailed for Callao, where the "baron" got possession of the money, amounting to £1,900 sterling, on pretence, it is alleged, of depositing it for safety with the British consul. This how ever, he did not do. They sailed then for the United States, and at Baltimore he deserted her, writing back from New York, enclosing \$1,000, and saying that before she received it he would be on his way to Europe. She was smart enough not to believe this and hurrying on to New York, where she found him, got a writ out for his detection, and now sues for the recovery of her money and for a divorce. The name of the hero of this story under which he was married. Fldward Max Alexander Rudolph, Baron of Wertenhaven, of Mecklenberg, Germany. The Judge took the case under advisement.

MEXICO AND THE UNITED STATES. A private letter from Mexico in the New Crleans

Picavune, says: "General Gadsden, our Minister, is getting along smoothly with this government. It is agreed that neither American nor Mexican troops shall occupy the disputed territory in the Messailla Valley while negotiations are pending. This was proposed by Santa Anna, and readily accepted by Gen. Gadsden. The best feeling at present seem to prevail in the Government toward Americans. For instance, an American vessel was detected in smuggling, or at least strongly suspected, in the part of Acapulco; being detained and an officer having been placed on board until an examination should take place, the captain one night slipped his cable and put out to sea with the officer on board. He was pursued, overhauled and brought back, and then with all his crew thrown into prison. On a representation from Gen Gadsden, however, the vessel, captain and crew were

THE SIAMESE TWINS OUTDONE.

The Baltimore Clipper gives the following account of a lusus naturæ now on exhibition in that city: The Greatest Living Curiosity.-We yesterday risited the Carolina Twins, who are paying a short visit to our city. A freak of nature so extraordinaryt must be seen before it can be fully credited. These children were born in Columbus county, N. Carolina, are of negro origin, to a remarkable degree lively and intelligent, and are begining to utter and repeat words quite distinctly, though only about sixteen months old. This connection is much more intimate than that of the Siamese twins being joined together at the back by the union of two spines in one. Physicians who have examined them pronounce them to be the greatest curiosity ever seen or heard of. Some of their organs are in common, whilst others are perfectly distinct. Often while one is sound asleep the other is wide awake and playful, and the connection such that whilst one sits erect the other can lie down. They will be on exhibition to-day at Carroll Hall and all who wish to see the greatest living wonder of the age should visit them at once, as we understand they will remain here but a short time.

Novel IDEA .- During the progress of the Fair at Augusta, Georgia, the chairman of the committee authorized the auctioneer to offer a silver cup as a premium for the best looking baby, of native growth urteen months old, which should be exhibited. A little daughter of Robert Glover was the only competitor, and of course took the prize. The scene is represented to have been exceedingly interesting; so uch so that the auctioneer rei have no objection to its repetition at the next Fair, provided he could produce one of the same sort of his own. Indeed, we observe a statement that hereafter a premium will be awarded annually to the finest specimen of miniature humanity exhibited.

Russia.—A late calculation respecting the military power of Russia, makes the force which the Czar would employ in a European war, without the reserve, the local garrisons, or the army in the Caucas us, being in any way reduced, to consist of 368 battalions of infantry, 468 squadrons of cavalry, and 996 guus, or, in other words, in the eventuality of a European war, Russia could operate with a force of 500,-000 men and 1,000 gnns, without laying itself open to Great Britain, Sweden or to the Causasus. In cas of a great war Russia could operate, by means of her first, second and third reserves, and the Cossack and Tartar forces, with one million of combatants and with 1,800 guns. This is an estimate of a Prussian o Ecer of great experience on the point in question.

ism occupied a prominent place at the late Maryland Fair, in Balt. In the departments devoted to Agricultura implements, many specimens of Virginia handicraft were found, which elicited warm approbation. Among others was a threshing machine, a counter part of which will be exhibited at Port Royal on the 10th, and which took the first premium at Baltimor On referring to the list we find the awards as follows:
"For the best machine for threshing, separating and cleaning wheat, given at one operation, to Jimmerman & Co., of Charlestown, Va."

....The majority of Medill, the Democratic candidate for Govenor of Ohio, over Barrere, the Whig candidate, is 60,555. There was a third candidate. There is a falling off in the vote of the State of 73,-974 since last year. MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

While the Compromise measures were the subject of controversy before Congress, the Whig party at the South was in favor of every proposition which was calculated to extend the erea of freesoil through was calculated to extend the erea of freesoil through the vast domains of all territory acquired from Mexico. On the other hand the Democrats were generally opposed to it, because they considered this feature in the series not only unjust and unequal, but absolutely degrading to the South. We all remember the denunciations and bitter epithets that were so lavishly applied to those who resisted this aggressive spirit of the North. In consequence of the divisions which existed among ourselves, the South surrendered every thing to the arrogant demands of the North.

But more recently a "change has come over the spirit of the dreams" of the Whig party. After having united in bartering away the rights of the South, and when now there is no real tangible question involved or pending, they all of a suiden express a most holy horror against every one who was ever suspected of a taint of this heresy. When there is no good practical result to be obtained—after having wollings it wielded themselves hound have and foot voluntarily yielded themselves, bound hand and foot to their Northern allies, they now manifest a most extraordinary disposition to wage war upon a by-gone issue—to fight against a shadow. The opposi-tion have now but one cardinal idea—and that is to exterminate every foot-print of freesoilism from the face of the earth. Now would it not be more discreet if our friends would restrain their ardent patriotism somewhat, and wait until this horrible which seems to disturb their fancy so much, should assume something of a more substantial shape. How can he force himself, for some time at least, to come in the councils of the nation? There is nothing for him to act upon—no question, that we are aware of, which can be presented whereby he can raise his hideous mien. We really feel some anxiety as to the state of alarm expressed by the Whigs in prospective. They have a remarkable faculty for suffering danger at a remote distance. Should it, however, unfortunately come, we hope that our valiant friends will not take counsel from their fears, and be the first to throw down their arms and fly, or insiduously go over to the camp of the enemy.—Norfolk Argus.

GRAND DIVISION.

The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance in Virginia met in Winchester on the 26th ult, and continued in session until the evening of the 28th, or rather the morning of the 29th. As this was the annual meeting, at which the most important business was presented for transaction, the proceedings were of an interesting character. There could not have been less than one hundred and fifty delegates in at-

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:- A. J. SMITH of Winches er, Graud Worthy Patriarch; S. K. TAYLOR of Staunton, Grand Worthy Associate; Thos. J. Evans of Richmond, Grand Scribe; S. L. Dunton of Hanover, Grand Treasurer; D. J. Wooden of Buckingham, Grand Conductor; D. WAT-KINS of Rockingham, Grand Seminel; Rev. A. H. H. Boyd, D. D., of Winchester, Grand Chaplain. The four ensuing quarterly sessions are to be held as follows:- January session in Romney; April session in Charleston, Kanawha county; July session in Abingdon; October session in Staunton The resolutions passed by the Grand Division at Norfolk in January, 1851, deprecating the introduction of the anti-license law in the Order, were rescinded, and the following adopted in their stead:— WHEREAS it is the object of municipal law to com-

mand what is right and to prohibit what is wrong; and whereas the traffic in intoxicating liquors is not only wrong, but operates more injuriously upon the welfare of society than all the other causes of evil in the land: Therefore, Resolved, 1. That it is the duty of every man who loves his country, to use all fair and honorable means within his reach to erase from the statute book its

foulest blot, the present licence law, and place in its stead a prohibitory law. 2. That, looking to the present position of the great temperance reform, and regarding its interests and principles as intimately identified with the purposes and objects which attach to us as an Order, the repeal of the Norfolk resolutions, whatever may have been their expediency when adopted, is now alike demanded by considerations of sound policy and the expectations of the brotherhood within our jurisdic-

tion, and that the same be and they are hereby re-THOS. J. EVANS, G. S. This was the second session of the Grand Division held in this place. Our citizens will welcome another session whenever allotted to the town.- Win

A HORRIBLE TRASEDY.

Thomas Board was hung at Phillippe, Barbour Co., Va., on Friday the 28th ult., for the murder of his nephew, a child six years of age. A correspondent of the Sun gives the following account of the horrible manner in which the execution was accomplish-

Arrived at the place of execution, the prisoner as cended to the platform with apparent alacrity, and was seated in a chair, and covered with a blanket to protect him from the rain which fell incessantly.-The Rev. Henry Stevens, of the M. E. Church, the addressed the immense throng for about twenty minutes in a slow and impressive manner, well calcu lated to move the hardest heart Those services end ed commenced the most horrid and annalling tragedy that ever disgraced the annals of public executions The prisoner stepped upon the trap, the rope was adjusted about his neck, and secured to the arm of the gallows; the sheriff then asked him if he was ready to die? he answered that he was: he touched the trigger, the trap fell, and the prisoner droppedto the ground, the rope breaking at the arm of the gallows. A shudder, a suppressed cry of horror ran through the vast multitude, which was not lessened by hearing the poor wretch on the ground, cry out, "Oh Lord, Murder!" The sheriff immediately loosened the rope about his neck, and ther might have been heard the gurgling strangling sound, made in the effort to regain his breath. He was carried to the scaffold, and seated in a chair, and while the sheriff was endeavoring to re-adjust the rope, the prisoner, with a convulsive effort with his feet, which were tied together precipitated himself to the ground, with the intention of breaking his own neck, and thus end his sufferings. For a while life seemed extinct but the vital spark returned and he was again carried up to the scaffold, and the rope being adjusted, the drop again fell and the prisoner, in his white shroud, covered with mud and dirt, hung, and as was apparent to all by his struggles, strangled to death. At the end of twenty-five minutes he was lowered in his coffin, and the vast multitude dispersed. Are these public executions right? I wish every man who thinks so and been present at this, for i seems to me that the heart of every sensitive reflecting man would invariable have cried out against such a display.

BAILEOAD MEETING.

At a meeting of the citizens of Page, recently held at the Court House, the following resolutions, among

Resolved, That a general meeting of the citizens of Page be held at the Court House, on Monday, 28th day of November next, (court day,) to take into consideration the propriety of petitioning the next General Assembly of Virginia for an amendment to the charter of the Manasses Gap Railroad, for the extension of the road from Point Royal, through the county of Page, to some suitable point in Rockingham county; to be hereafter designated. Resolved, That the citizens of Augusta, Rockingham, Shenandoah and Warren be, and they are, hereby invited to attend said proposed meeting.

AMERICAN WOOL.

Peter A. Browne of Philadelphia, in a communi cation to the Richmond (Va.) Whig, asserts that he can show that "as fine fleece can be procured in the United States as in any portion of the world." He says that he has in his possession wool grown in Alegheny county, Pennsylvania, by Wm. Hall, which measures from 1-2186 to 1-2500 part of an inch, while the finest wool in the collection sent to him by the king of Prusssa, and the finest among the specinens sent to him by the King of Saxony, measured -2186. Mr. Browne denies the correctness of the lecision on the subject at the London Crystal Palace Exhibition, and produces facts to show that the jury on wool did injustice to the specimens of American

THE CURAN APPRENTICE SYSTEM PLOT -The Union publishes an extract from a letter dated Cuba. Oct. 26, supposed to pe written by the U. S. Consul at Havanna, which says that when the new Captain General arrives the apprentice system will be claimed. The writer also says, that instead ofthirty or forty thousand, it is contemplated to import one hundred thousand African apprentices. He adds, if carried out, I will quit the Island with the full onviction that soon after we shall have another St. Domingo.

ALDERMEN ARRESTED .- Eight or more members of the Board of Assistant Aldermen of New Orleans have been arrested and thrown into prison by the fourth district court of that city, for proceeding with an investigation into the right of a member of the board to his seat, in defiance of an injunction of the court restraining them from so doing. The second district court, however, released the prisoners after a hearing on a writ of habeas corpus. JUDGE GRIER AND THE FREESOILERS.-The Freesoil-

ers of New York have a resolution before them lookers of New York have a resolution before them look-ing to an impeachment of Judge Grier, for his words and actions in the late Wilkesbarre slave case in Philadelphia. The resolution appoints a special committee to memorialize the House of Representa-tives of the United States upon the subject. On mo-tion of John P. Hale, the resolution was laid on the table till Wednesday evening, when there will be a full meeting.

EXPORTS.—The total value of the foreign exports from Baltimore, for the week ending on Thursday, was \$145,137. The export of breadstuffs for the week comprises 10,280 barrels of flour, and 1,078 bushels of corn. Of tobacco 913 hogsheads, and of coal 735 tons, were exported.

THE PASSENGER TRAINS on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, east of this city, are making very indifferent time at this period, owing in a measure to the heavy coal transportation. Some days the day train is as much as six and seven hours behind time. The ight train, however, is making very good time.-

...An unusual number of marriages have taken place in Scottsville and vicinity recently. The Advocate considers this a tign of a hard winter,

PRICE OF FLOUR—INTERESTING STATISTICS

We copy from the Baltimore American the following highly interesting table, giving a comparative three months in each year, from 1796 to the present time. It possesses peculiar interest at the present moment, showing as it does, the great and rapid flectuations of the market, and stating the fact that at periods when labor did not obtain more than half the price it now commands, flour has sold at much higher exists. Price of Flour for the first three months of each year

Years, January. February. March. 1795......\$12 00 \$13 00 \$15 00

179710 00	10 00	10 00
1798 8 50	8 50	8 50
17999 50	9 50	9 50
180011 50	11 25	11 50
180111 50	11 25	11 50
18027 00	7 00	7 00
1803 6 50	6 50	6 50
18047 90	7 50	7 00
180511 00	12 25	13 00
1806 7 50	7 50	7 00
1807 7 50	7 50	750
1808 (embargo) 6 00	5 75	5 50
1809 do 5 50	7 00	7 00
1810*7 50	8 00	8 25
1811	10 50	10 50
1812 (war)10 50	10 12	9 75
1813 do11 00	11 00	9 50
· 1814 do7 25	9 25	8 00
1815 do8 00	8 00	7 75
1816900	9 00	- 800
181713.50	13 75	14 25
181810 00	10 75	10 50
18199 00	8 75	8 25
1820	5 50	5 00
18214 00	4 00	376
1822 6 25	6 25	6 25
1823 7 00	6 75	7 00
18246 00	6 00	612
18254 87	5 12	512
1928 4 75	4 62	4 50
18275 75	6 00	4 75
18285 00	4 87	5 76
18298 50	8 26	8 00
18304 62	4 50	450
18316 12	5 25	7 00
18325 50	5 50	5 50
1833 5 75	5 00	5 50
1834 5 25	5 00	5 87
18354 87	5 00	5 00
1836	6 62	6 76
183711 00	11 00	- 1075
1838 8 75	8 00	8.00
18398 00	8 25	7 50
18405 37	5 50	4 37
18414 50	4 50	4 25
1842 5 87	5.56	5 25
1843 3 87	3 68	3 75
1844 4 25	4 50	4 62
1845	4 25	4 25
1846	4 87	4 62
18474 75	5 87	6 18
1848	5 50	594
18495 00	4 87	481
1850475	4 75	4 62
18514 56	4 15	5 37
10014 00	4 30	531

*In July and August of this year flour was worth from \$11 to \$12. We have chosen the first three months in the year, January, February, and March, for the foregoing statement, for the reason that flour has generally eached its highest point during these months. In 1847, the Irish famine year, during the month of June flour advanced to \$6 75, although sales were

made in November at \$9 12; from which time it com-

4 18

menced to advance. CUBA.

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1853...... 5 25

From the significant articles in the Washington Inion, we are satisfied that important information has reached Washington in relation to the English intervention in Cutan affairs; and that our administration is preparing to meet it with that wisdom and American spirit which have marked its foreign policy thus far. We trust with entire confidence to man is at the helm who will prove equal to any emergency which may arise .- Alex. Sentinel.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Bank of Berkeley, held on Monday week, John B. Hoge, eeq., was elected President, and D. Burkhart, esq., elected Cash-

HIGHEST PREMIUM.

Hugh M. Melson, of Clarke county, received the

ighest premium at the recent Maryland Fair, for 50

THE BANK OF BERTSLEY

hogs of the mixed breed. He sold them in Baltimore for \$900. Their aggregate was about 16,000 lbs. VIRGINIA STOCK IN BALTIMORE.-We are glad tohear that our friend Hugh M. Nelson of Clarke county. received the highest premium at the Maryland Agricultural Fair for 50 boys of the mixed breed of Berkshire and Woburn. They averaged about 14 months old. Mr. N. could not succeed in finding transportation for them to Richmond, and sold them in Baltimore for the handsome sum of \$900. These hogs weighed about 16,000 lbs. gross weight. We are glad to know, however, that Mr. N. has for

Durham breed, which also took the premium there as the fattest cow, which had not been feed on grass. [Richmond Enquirer. . A shrewd Yankee, at the Horse Exhibition at Springfield, has outrun the "striped pig," and came in shead of the Maine Law. The Yankee hired a spot of land within the limits of the Arsenal grounds, which are beyond the jurisdiction of the Massachu setts authorites, having been ceded by the State to the United States-he not designating the purpose for which he wished to use it. He immediately erected a huge tent which he supplied with liquors, and which are dealt out by some thirty or forty bar-

laws of the United States protect him in his traffic. DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.-A little daughter (aged four years) of the late Wm. Bentz, of this place, was ourned to death on Tuesday evening last by her clothes taking fire during a temporary absence of her mother, who returned only in time to witness the last moments of her suffering child. The accident most distressing in its character, is supposed to have originated from the burning of some shavings by the child while left alone. The absence of the mother had not been protracted over a few minutes.

[Shepherdstown Register.

tenders at a shilling a glass. He contends that the

... An 6 can has just been placed in St. George's (Rev. Dr. Tyng's) church, New York, which is 54 feet high, 36 feet wide, and 18 feet deep, and contains three thousand pipes and for tweight stops. It contains the largest metal pipes in the world, the largest of which is 37 feet in length and 30 inches in diameter. The vestry imported four valuable stops and pipes from Germany, viz: the sales enet, roh flute, gamba, and fagotta. The case is constructed in the Byzantine style, and presents a magnificent appearance from the body of the church. The instrument was made at a cost of \$10,000, by Henry

Erben.-Rochester Democrat. THE GOVERNMENT REVENUE.- The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Courier estimates that receipts from customs for the fiscal year of 1853 will be \$73,850,000, and the receipts from public lands and other sources\$5,200,000, thus making the total revenue equal to \$86,050,000. This is an enormous aggregate, and will afford the government ample funds towards reducing its debt. The amount of debt received and cancelled this week at the treasury, it is said, will amount to over a million of dollars. SENTIMENTAL VERY .- A country poet has

addressed the following lines "To Laura:" Them charmes of yourn must soon decay, With all the joys that youth have brung; For beauty quickly fades away-Then go it, lady while your young,

ALEXANDRIA AND HAMPSHIRE ROAD.—The Blue lidge tunnel of the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad, by the Snicker's Gap route, will not cost more, it is supposed, than a hundred and fifty to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The citizens of Clarke talk of a handsome county subscription, in case of the selection of this route.- Win. Rep.

sold one of his imported bucks to a gentleman in Lonisiana; for \$250. He a'so sold to Mr. Bates of Illinois, nine sheep -composed of lambs, yearlings, and two year olds, at prices ranging from \$50 to \$75.

HIGH PRICES .- Wm. Reybold, of Delaware, recently

Cue, of Augusta county, averaged eighty trhee bushels of shelled corn to the acre, on a field of forty W. M. Burwell, esq., late editor of the Washington Republic, is now editing the Baltimore American. Mr. B. wields an able pen.

REJECTED.-The bill of Mr. John D. Kline of Ha-

erstown, against Washington county, for entertaining the jury in the Swann case, was rejected last week by the county commissioners. PATENTS GRANTED .- To Peter H. Watson, of Washngton, D. C., for improvements in generating and condensing steam. Ante-dated May 2, 1853, and to Geo. Calvert, of Upperville, Va., for improvement in

....Rev. D. G. Bragonier, of Sheperdstown, was elected permanent President of the Synod of the German Reformed Church during its recent session Messrs. Olds and Disney, of Ohio; Col. Orr, of South Carolina, and Mr. Bocock, of Virginia, are spoken of as candidates for the Speakership of the

House of Representatives. Mr. Forney, it is thought, will be Clerk, while many regard his chances as decidedly unfavorable. MORGAN.—A special term of the Circuit Court of Morgan county was commenced at Berkeley Springs on Monday last, the 7th inst., for the trial of some important causes involving the title of the land upon which all the Railroad and other improvements have been erected near Sir John Depot.

.... G. B. M. Price, Esq., formerly a member of the Legislature from Allegany county, died sudden-ly at Cumberland, on Saturday. STILL TENDING DOWNWARD .- At Balt Thursday, 1200 shares of Baltimore and Ohio R. R. stock were sold at \$45 to \$45? cash, per share, a dedine of \$10 \$1, from the preseding day.

It is a matter of enthusiastic pride with all good men, and lovers of law and order everywhere, to witness the ferocious assaults made by the Northern Free-Soil and Whig press upon Judge Grier for his firmness in maintaining the fugitive slave law and the Constitution, and in thereby "crushing out abolitionism" in Mr. Cushing's emphatic language. The abolitionists take every means to harrass him in the discharge of his duty. As the Pennsylvanian says (and his antecedents prove that Franklin Pierce does occupy the same position) "there is one man in Pennsylvania who has seen the extent to which these Abolitionists are ready to go, and why has the nerve and the power to check them. That then is Robert C. Grier, Justice of the Supreme Court of the U.S., for the Circuit composed of the States of New Jersey and Pennsylvania. He is a native of Pennsylvania and of the race of Scotch-Irish—a Jarist with a judgment as clear as light in his high office—with a heart as pure as that of a child—possessing a massive mind and abundantly qualified for the first court in the land, by a long and distinguished experience at the bar and on the bench. Justice Grier is a humano man—there is not one more generous or benevolent bar and on the bench. Justice Grier is a humano man—there is not one more generous or benevolent in our broad Commonwealth. But his humanity, as a Justice, begins with his sacred duties to the law and the Constitution. His humanity as a citizen is most inspired when he sees the law trampled under foot, and that Constitution mutilated. Those who are so lavish of their sympathy for the negro rarely have any for the white. Those, who are so anxious to arouse foreign commiseration, rarely think of domestic duties. Those who seek to destroy the Fagitive Slave Law, care little for the Constitution; indeed, they labor to annihilate both at one blow. Robert

A TRUE AND NOBLE PATRI

they labor to annihilate both at one blow. Robe C. Grier is not a man of that sort. "Hence, when Justice Grier was called upon to decide the habeas corpus in the case of the United States officers who were sought to be carried to Wilkesbarre, to be tried under a State law for doing their duty under the laws of the United States, he promptly and indignantly set them free; and before doing se, avowed in the most emphatic language, his determination to put a stop to all these disgraceful attempts to set the Constitution of the United States at defiance. He told the Abolitionists and their confederates, and counsel, that he understood their designs, and that he would check them at every risk—that the laws were paramount that they should not be nullified by the foes of the Union—and that those who expected to intimidate or to deceive him by their threats or their tricks, would be bitterly mistaken. Such is the substance of the terrible rebuke which this fearless Judge pronounced before the combined enemies of our free institutions, a few weeks ago, in Philadelphia.

"And now we have a cry for the impeachment of Judge Grier, because he dared, in plain and unadorned Saxon, to announce his determination for the future. Who are they that insinuate this alternative?" Men who, to-morrow, would herd with the public foe Men who, to-morrow, would here with the public for against their own country—men who regard the constitution of the United States as a compact with the devil—men, many of whom ridicule the eternal God—men, who regard Washington and Jefferson as damned beyond redemption, because, during their lives, they held slaves in Virginia. These are among the incendiaries who appland the hysterical tears of the English ladies, who worship Mrs. Stowe as an incarnation of piety, and who regard every American who thinks the Southern States the political equal of the North, as an enemy of Human Freedom. Judge Grier ought to thank them for their abuse. "Citizens of the South! Here is a picture of the progress of agitation in the North. Here is an in-

stance, also, of the unselfish devotion to the rights secured to you by the Constitution. The contrast is eloquent, and will suggest many valuable reflections." SPEAKING TO THE POINT.-In commenting upon the omination of Isaac D. Hall, free-soiler, for the office

of Senator, in Bristol county, in Massachusetts, the Boston Post said, that "any man who will vote for such a candidate belies the name of a Democrat, and deserves the execration of every friend of the Union ' and called upon "the Democrats of Bristol county to spurn and repudiate such an incendiary, to strikehis name from the list of their candidates, and to supply ts place with one whose owner acknowledges the obligations imposed upon all citizens by the cons tion of his country." The Boston Atlas asks the Post what the President, Mr. Guthrie, and the whole administration will say to these comments. The Post makes this significant reply: "We can tell the Atlaswhat the President, Mr. Guthrie, and the whole administration, will say-namely, THAT WE EXPRESS THEIR OPINIONS ON THIS SUBJECT EXACTLY; and we have AUTHORITY beyond supposition for so declaring."

ngton Sentinel, deaving that he was ever an advocate of the WILMOT proviso, or that he was a supporter of VAN BUREN, in 1848. He states that it was well known that he was among the firmest friends of General Cass, in New York. Post Offices.-Two new offices have been estabished in Va., one at Warrenton Junction, Fauquier

Judge Bronson has written a letter to the Wash-

co., with Mrs. Elizabeth S. Gaines, for postmistress; and another at Orkney Springs, Shenandoah co., William Miller P M TEMPERANCE.-Four hundred and forty business: nen and other citizens of Portland, Maine, have signed a statement, which is published in the "State of Maine," contradicting the story recently put in circulation, that there was more drinking in Port-

land since the Maine law went into operation than previously. BAD PICTURE.-The Staunten Vindicator, in illusexhibition at our Fair two bullocks which took the tration of the old saving that "one-half of the world oremium at Baltimore, and a cow of the short-horned knows not how the other live" relates the story of a man who recently died in that prosperous town who was in the habit of taking from the slop-tub, of one of the public institutions, the bread and ment deposited there for the hogs, and feeding his destitute wife

> has been shown a two dollar note, forwarded from South Carolina, purporting to be on the Mechanics' Bank of Georgetown, D. C. It is not necessary to say that such a note is fraudulent and worthless, there being no bank of the above description in the District. Persons at a distance may, in addition, require to be told that by law there are no bank issues in the District of depominations less than \$5.

FRAUDULENT NOTES .- The National Intelligencer

AFRICANIZING COBA. - The Havanna correspondent of the New York Herall, states that "one person. alone, has obtained permission to introduce thirty thousand negroes, which has been sanctioned at Madrid, St. James, and Cloud, and his vessels are already shoat."

... Messrs, Ritchies & Dunnivant, Richmond, Vas have established in connection with their Book. Job. and Fancy Printing Office, a Lithographic Printing Establishment, and favored us with a beautiful specimen of their work. This enterprise deserves encouragement and we hope may meet with it. Bir.-"Shall I cut this loin of mutton saddlewise ?"

said a gentleman carving. "No," said-his friend,. cut it bridlewise, for then we may all chance to get bit' in our own mouths." "Of making boots there is no end." General Win-

field Scott is, it is said, writing the history of his life... That will be one of 'em.

ZIMMERMAN'S THRESHER AND CLEANES.

From the Illinois Central Times. TO. THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS.

Our farmers are particularly requested to read at ommunication, with annexed certificates, from W. A. M. Arney and others, in relation to a new and improved Threshing Machine, entitled, "Zimmerman's Virginia Thresher, Seperator and Cleaner." We were called on some time since to witness the practical operation of this Machine, and have no hesitation in saying, that for simplicity of construction, speed in threshing, cleanliness of the grain when threshed, and the amount of power required to work the same, it stands unrivalled by any machine that has ever before come under our notice.

As an evidence of its speed, we would just sav, that t threshed 10 bushels of oats in 8 minutes, by the watch. This may look to some of our farmers, who are in the habit of cleaning their grain in " the good old way," like a hard yarn, but it is nevertheless true. We are authorized to say that the right to make and vend said machines in this State is for sale. Mechanics, look to your interest—they are bound

For the Times. Mr. Editon:-It is a great advantage to a Farmer; after he has labored to raise a crop of grain, to have the facilities for threshing cleaning and preparing it for market. A valuable invention for the purpose has been lately introduced in the States of Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia, by G. F. S. Zimmerman, of Charlestown, Va. This Machine received the first premium at the Maryland State Agricultural Fair in 1852, over the Pitt Cleaner, from New York, and The Richmond Mail says that Col. J. M. Mc | several others that were present. Mr. Zimmerman desires to bring his Machine into use in our Prairie State, and for this purpose he has forwarded one of them here, which will be exhibited at the State Fair at Springfield, next month. I have threshed my crop of grain, about 1400 bushels, with it, and find it to of grain, about 1400 bushels, with it, and that the best I have ever used. It threshes fast, cleans the grain perfectly, and with less waste than any machine I have threshed with; and in consequence of the construction, it can be manufacthe simplicity of its construction, it can be manufac-tured for about one half the cost of any other cleaner, consequently can be sold at a reduced price, thus leaving no chance for competition. Mr. Zimmerman will sell the right of this machine for this State, as he ishes others to receive some of the benefits from so valuable an invention.

W. F. M. ARNEY. McLean county, Ill. CERTIFICATES. This is to certify that we assisted W. F. M. Arner. to thresh his crop of grain this season with Zimmer-man's Virginia Thresher, Separator and Cleaner, and we recommend said machine for simplicity of its ar-rangement, the perfect manner in which it separates the wheat from the straw, without the least waste, and bagging the grain for market cleaner than any

machine we have ever worked with.

PILCHRR, G. W. SKIDMORE,

N. R. YOUNG, N. N. CHAIN, J. PILCHRR, N. R. YOUNG, A. M. CHAIN, T. M. PILCHER, J. Y. YOUNG, G. HANSON,

This is to certify that we saw Zimmerman's Thresher, Cleaner, and Bagger in operation, while it was used in threshing the grain of Mr. W. F. M. Arney, of our county. It threshed perfectly clean, worked casy to the horses, and with less waste than any machine

f Bloomington; A. B. McClu McLean county, Ill., 1853.

Maffinges. At Resembnt, in this county, on Tuesday morning last, by Rev. W. B. Dutton, Mr. CHARLES H. Mc-CURDY to Miss AMANDA WYSONG, only daughon Wednesday last, by —, Mr. BENJAMIN F.
ARRISON to Miss MARY C., daughter of George
V. Holliday, Esq., all of Berkeley county.
On the same day, by —, Mr. DAVID B. HUNT
Frederick city, Md., to Miss MARY A. GORBELL, of Frederick city, Md., to Miss MARY A. GORBELL, of Berkeley county, Va.

At Salubria, on the 25th ult., by Rev. George Adie, Mr. ISAAC HOLLINGSWORTH of Frederick county, Va., to Miss ALCINDA M. GIBSON, only daugh-

of Aipheus Gibson, of Loudoun. Deaths. In Leesburg, on Monday night, 24th ult., SARAH ELIZABETH, daughter of Presley P. and Lucy E. Parker, in the 7th year of her age.

In Lafayette, Tippecanoe county, Ind., on the 13th of August, Mr. JOHN LITTLE, aged about 43 years,

erly of Jefferson county. his residence in Berkeley county, on Sunday ing last, Mr. WILLIAM HILL, in the 57th year of his age.

At his residence in Berkeley county, on Saturday Last, Mr. HENRY G. KITCHEN, aged about 55 years.

At Walnut Grove, Jefferson county, Va., on Wednesday evening, the 2d instant, JOHN BUSWELL, infantson of Rev. Wm. T. and Annie Y. Leavell, aged 6 months and 13 days.

At Columbus, Ohio, on the 30th of August last, Mrs HANNAH SELLERS, aged 85 years, formerly a res-

ident of this county.

In Staunton, on the 20th ult., Mrs. CAROLINE, wife of Judge Thompsou, after a protracted illness.

In Berryville, Clarke county, Virginia, on Saturday, October 22, 1853, Mrs. ELIZABETH, consort of wm. N. Thompson, Esq., in the 36th year of her age, leaving a kind and devoted husband, eight children, and a numerous circle of friends and acquaintances,

and a numerous circle of friends and acquaintances, connected to her by the most tender and endearing ties, to mourn her irreparable loss.

Thus has passed away from earth, a devoted wife, an affectionate mother, a kind friend, and an obliging neighbor. The deceased was a consistent and exemplary member of the Presbyterian Church; and in her life and death, gave the most abundant evidence, that like Mary, she had "chosen that good part which shall not be taken away from her." She was truly a child of sorrow; but amid all her sufferings, no murmur escaped her lips. In her last illness, she was triumphantly sustained by the grace of Him in whom she had believed; and with unshaken faith she passed "through the valley of the shadow of death," fearing no evil.—

To her surviving friends she has left an example wor-To her surviving friends she has left an example worthy to be imitated; and to her bereaved family, the remembrance of virtues which will forever embalu [Cumberland (Md.) papers please copy.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOV'R. 5, 1858. REPORTED FOR THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON DY M. DANNER COMMISSION MERCHANT, HOWARD STREET. FLOUR AND MEAL .- There was quite an active im provement in the Flour market to-day. Sales in all of about 5,000 Howard Street brands at \$6.871 per bbl. Sales also of 5,000 bbls City Mills for the same price; and 2,000 extra City Mills at \$7 50 per bbl. The mar ket closed with a good inquiry; some holders were asking \$7, but buyers refused to give it. Rye flour \$5, and Corn Meal 3 75 a \$3 57; per bbl.

Grain are small. About 7,000 bushels Wheat, offered and mostly sold at 1 43 a \$1 45 for red to 1 50 a \$1 55 per bush for good to prime white. No family flour white sold. Inferior lots 3 to 10 cents below the above quotations. It will be seen that Wheat has furthe advanced. Corn-About 9,000 bushels offered and mostly sold at 66 a 67 cts for old white, new white 5 a 60 cts; new yellow 60 a 65 cts per bush.; noold offer-ed-prices a shade better. Rye-We quote Pa. Rye at 92 cts, Md. and Va. Rye 75 a 80 cts per bush. Oats -Sales of Md. and Va. Oats, good to princ, at 40 a 43 cents, and Pa. do 45 cents per bush. Seeds-Mar ket quiet; sales of Claver 6 a \$6 25, Timothy \$3, and Flaxscod \$1 20 per bush.

WINCHESTER MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 3, 1853. CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SAML. HARTLEY, AT THE DEPOT.

		ST.			
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ALEXANDRIA MARKET.	4	1
FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 4.	1353	SAN A reason
FAMILY FLOUR, per bbl\$8 00 a	9 10	A Common
SUPERFINE FLOUR, per bbl	6 42	
WHEAT, (red) per bushel	1 49	
Do. (white) do	1 45	
RYE, per bushel	0 50	
CORN, (white)	0 00	
Do. (yellow)	0 85	
OATS, per bushel 0 42 a	0 43	0.00
CORN MEAL 0 69 a	0 00	
BUTTER, (roli)	0 13	Š
Do. (firkin)	0 22	
BACON, (hog round)	9 00	
LARD 0 11 8	0121	
CLOVERSEED 6 75 n	7 00	
TIMOTHY SEED 4 25 a	4 50	
PLAISTER, (retail)	0 00	
	ALC: NO	

GEORGETOWN MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOV'R. 4, 1853.

CORN, per bushel			0 66	a	0 0	
		do.	•••••	1 40	a	0 0
T WAY	THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	KLES, 1		EG.		

Pickles, and for sale at 75 cents per bundred J. F. BLESSING.

JUST RECEIVED. 2 BARRELS OF CRANBERRIES; a large lot of Figs, Dates, Raisins, Almonds, &c. Nov 8 J. F. BLESSING.

500 SACKS G. A. SALT FOR GALE. JUST received by the subscribers 500 sacks G. A.
Salt, which we will sell cheap. It will be delivered to any of the Depots on the line of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad. Address

R. S. BLACKBURN & Co.,
No. S. 20.

PUBLIC SALE.

INTENDING to leave the county, I will sell at public sale, without reserve, on MONDAY, 14th inst., all ny property, consisting of two Fresh Cows with Calves; Wagons, Plough and Plough Gears; 30 barrels of Corn; one Carriage. Also, all my Household and Kitchen Furniture. A credit of six months will be given on all sums over \$5 00; under that, cash.

November 8, 1553—ts

A. DUFFIELD.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post Office at Harpers-Ferry, November 1, 1853. Remarking in the Post Office at Harpers-Perry,

November 1, 1853.

B—George W Bond, Mathias Bond, 2; Jno Bright
ner, Joseph Donnelly, Jos Butier, Hezekiah Bowman,
Wim H Boteler, Gibson Brown, (col'd) Thos Brown,
Jasc Barrett, 2; Nathaniel Becraft, Dr Wim T Bladen.
C—Thos R Campbell, Agent of Canal Boat Gen. Cass,
Hugh Crawford, Chas Crosson, L Case, Esq., Robert
Clark, D Chambers, Miss Ann Chambers, John Cotter,
Mrs Sarah Cox. D—Miss Nancy Daugherty. E—L
C Everett, Joshua England, Mrs M H Eastman. F—
Lawrence Finlan. G—Thomas Gray. H—Joseph D
Holmes, Morgan Harden, John F Hartman. J—Robert Johnson. K—Polly Kirby, Miss Mary Kelly, Lou
is Kephart. L—Mrs Mary Catharine Lemon. M—
Jos Melvin, John C Murloe, Sophia Mobley, Sannel
Moore, Bernard Mussner, Jos Maberry. N—Nelly
Nailer. P—Wm Poddy, T Leiper Patterson, Bernard
Purcell. R—John Richardson, Henry Raber, John
Routzsh, of G, Elizabeth Reid. S—E W Stephens,
Mrs Naomi Strider, Peter Sigler, Miss Eliza Smith,
Sam L Strider, Rev M—Serie.

Mr E or P Sturcell, Jas Canellone, Strider, Sam I Strider, Rev Mr Siein W. Mr E or P Sturgel, Jas Sand Benilv ands, J Hamphrey Strider, W. A. Strider, W. Mr. Strider, Henry Wright, E P. W. Strider, B. Worng,

HARPERS-TERRY TRAIN.

Baltirales and Ohio Rail-Road. NOTICE that on and fiter MON-DAL, ELECTROPY 7th, the HARPERS-FEBRY Ac-COMMODATION TRAIN will be discontinued for the win-ter beyond Frederick, to which place it will run di-rect, at the former hours of departure.

JOHN N. DONE,

OFFICE OF WINCHESTER & P. R. R. Co.,)

OFFICE OF WINCHESTER & P. R. R. Co., November 4th, 1853.

The early Morning Passenger Train and Night Train will be discontinued on this road on and after Monday, November 7th.

The Passenger Train, on and after that day, will leave the TICKET-OFFICE at WINCHESTER, at 9, A. M., and return immediately after the arrival of the train from Baltimore, due at Harpers-Ferry at 10 minutes after 12, M.

J. GEORGE HEIST,

November 8, 1852—tf

P. Agent. November 8, 1853-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE. HAVING qualified as the Committee of Jacob Ispersons having claims against him to present them to me duly authenticated for settlement; and all persons indebted to him are requested to come forward and pay the same, as indulgence cannot be given. pay the same, as indulgence cannot be given.
Nov 8-4w WM. A. CASTLEMAN, Com. NEW BOOKS-NEW BOOKS.

HARPER for November; Putnam, do.; Salid for the solitary; Mr. Rutherford's Children, by the Author of "The Wide Wide World;" A. Smith's Poems; The Old House by the River, by the Author of "The Owl Creek Letters;" Adventures on the Amo-Just received and for sale by

TAKE NOTICE.

A LI Carriages left at my shop for sale, I shall charge \$1 50 per month for storage, and 5 per cent commission if sold by me.

Nov. 8, 1863—3w

W. J. HAWKS.

ESTRAYED PROM a lot of Cattle at Joseph Strider's, near Harpers-Ferry, one fat COW, red and white; rather
nore white than red. Any information that will lead
to the recovery of said Cow will be thankfully receiv
d, also a liberal reward will be paid.
Oct. 25, 1863—7w

DAVID FRY.

Special Potices.

MALTA LODGE, No. 80, F. A. M. WEDNESDAY night next being the regular meet ing of this Lodge, a full attendance of its mem bors is desirable, as the officers for the ensuing yea are to be elected. November 8, 1853-1t

Church, Charlestown, are now due.
Oct. 11, 1853.
L. BOTTS Collector.,

33-The Pew Rents of the Presbyterian church are now due. Payment can be made to Oct. 4. S. H. STEWART, Collector. AG-Stabler's "Good Medicines" are popular with all who know of them. See their advertise-ment in another column. Their "CHERRY EXPEC-TORANT" is admirable for Coughs, &c., and their DIARRHŒA CORDIAL is the best remedy for dis-eases of the Bowels now extant. [Sept. 6—1m 83-Strange.--A gentleman was seen yesterday looking for a good and cheap Clothing Store. Being a stranger, he had never heard of ROCKHILL & WILSON'S at which all the spectators were amazed. He was soon shown the way to it, and was so satisfactorily supplied, that he is going to buy all his clothes there, and send all his friends to the cheap store, No 111 Chesnut street, corner of Franklin Place, Philadelp

November 16, 1852. "V. B. PALMER, the American Newspaper Agent, is the authorized Agent for this paper in the cities of Boston, New York, and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates as required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. His Offices are: Boston, Scollay's Building; New York, Tribune Building; Philadelphia, N. W. corner Third and Chest-

(t) Obituary notices, exceeding six lines in length, are only inserted as Advertisements.

MUSTANG LINIMENT. fra-The Ladies will always rejoice at the happy experience of curing eruptions, sore nipples, broken or caked breasts, piles and corns, after a thorough trial of the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment will give the most undoubted satisfaction to every one giving it a trial for stiff joints, stiff neck or sore throat; it has proved itself efficacious in those complaints in many very stubborn cases. MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.—The five Express

Companies of New York city, certify that they have entirely abandoned the use of any other Liniment for the cure of sores, galls, sprains and rheumatic pains among their horses or men. If you have any ugly, painful Corns upon your feet, get a bottle of Mustang Liniment and apply it twice a day for eleven days and the trouble will be gone po-Extract from a letter dated Pittsburg, Pennsylva-

nia, October 5th, 1852: Another circumstance which I noticed in Ohio a few days ago, I thought spoke highly of the virtues of the Mustang. Being in the office of a Physician of high standing, I noticed as he opened a door of his bookcase, several bottles of Mustang, along side of which was an EMPTY Mustang bottle, and a two-ounce vial FILLED WITH MUSTANG LINIMENT, on which was the following directions: "Rub the throat well night and morning with the Liniment, and wrap a woolen cloth around it."

J. P. FLEMING. The Liniment is put up in three sizes and retails for 25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1—the 50 cts. and \$1 sizes contains three and six times as much as the 25 cts. size,

and is much cheaper.

A. G. BRAGG & CO., sole proprietors, 304 Broadway, New York, and corner of 3d and Market streets, St. Louis, Missouri. For sale by all Druggists.

Arg-L. M. SMITH, Charlestown, T. D. HAMMOND and A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry, Agents. NEGRO WOMAM FOR SALE. THE advertiser offers for sale, a NEGRO WOMAN, who is about 45 years of age, and is a good cook, washer and ironer. She will be sold on accommodadating terms, so as to get a home in the county

Enquire of the Printer. [Nov. 8, 1853-3w CLARKE FARM FOR SALE. THE undersigned proposes to sell one half, or the whole of a most valuable TRACT OF LAND in Clarke county, known as the Pond Quarter, containing SIX HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FOUR ACRES. It is situated near Berryville, and adjoins the lands of Col. Jacob Isler, Thos. Gould, Thomas Jackson and others. The quality of the tillable land is very superior, and there are over 200 ACRES of best quality WOODLAND. The improvements are comfortable, and the Farm is well adapted for division, as there are Springs, running water, and improvements upon ci-

Terms made known upon application to the undersigned near Kabletown, Jefferson county.
Nov. 8, 1853—3m GEORGE L. HARRIS. PEMAINING in the Post Office at Charlestown Jefferson County, V., on the 31st day of October,

Avis, John of Wim., 2; Avey, William; Black, W. W; Burk, Stephen; Barton, John; Brown, Rev. R. T.; Davis, William 2; Emory, Miss Mary Ann; Gordon, Florinda 2; Haines, Jacob; Hawn, Samuel; Hamilton, Lewis; Hicks, John A.; Hayslett F.F.; Hill, Jackson; Haines, Edward B; Jackson, Mrs., Sarah A.; Jones, John W; Keller, William N.; Loyd, H. F; Luse, A. T.; Lausinger. Jacob; McBride, Mrs. Hester; Monroe, George B; Matheny, Jonas; Mitchell, Eizabeth; Morris, John. G; Norcross, Wm. C.; Petticord. John H.; The Pedlind Saddler; Rochenbough, Thunas; Reynold, George, late Sheriff; Stribing, Miss Ann: Stewart, Bushrod W.; Slifer, E.; Wilshire, John C.; Woodly, Miss Albina; Wright, James. Underwood, Alfred J.; Young, Miss

PETWEEN Carter's Hotel and Hiram O'Bannon's then, or Monday morning, October 24th, a RED PORTE-MONIE, containing the water about one suspens bollags. The finder will receive a liberal reward by leaving it at this office, or delivering it to the name. SAM'L C. YOUNG. October 25, 1853-tf

November 1, 1863.

JOHN P. EROWN, P. M.

PHENIX MARBLE WORKS.

A. GADDESS Corner Sharp and German Streets,

September 20; 1853-1y MILLINERY AND MANTUAMAKING! MISS A. R. GARDNER would respectfully in-form the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity that she has just receive from Baltimore, the late Fall and Winter Fashions. She returns thanks for the libera share of patronage she has received, and hopes by stric attention to business still to merit a continuance of the same. [Octdber 18, 1363.

FRUIT TREES.

I HAVE on hand, at my nursery, on the farm of Win. Lucas, near Hall Town, a large number of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Plum, and Almond Trees, of the very finest variety. As the public are awere; Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the United States, and I have been allowed the privilege to bud and propagate from his trees, which, added to my own selections, gives me all the best varieties.—
My Peach Trees, especially, are very fine. My terms are accommodating.

JAMES STRONICK.

Getober 25, 1853.

OVERSEERS OF THE POOR. A MEETING of the Overseers of the Poor of Jefferson county will be held at the Court-house in Charlestown on Friday, the 18th of November next.

A Superintendent of the Poor will be appointed at that time, who will be required to furnish suitable houses for the Poor, with gardens, fire-wood—stoyes if required—servants to cook, wash and nurse; pasturage and rough food for a cow. &c. rage and rough food for a cow, &c. A Contractor will also be appointed to furnish Pork, Corn, Flour, Salt, &c. A punctual attendance of the members of the Board

s requested. By order of the President, Oct. 25, 1853—tm SAM'L STONE, Clerk. NOTICE. SOLOMON HEFFLEBOWER is no longer my Agent, and all claims against the "distillery," while
he was my Agent in that business, must come prop
erly authenticated, as for no others will I be responsible.

JACOB HEFLEBOWER.

MILLINERY.

MRS. MARIA E. JONES respectfully informs her friends and Customers, that she has just returned from Baltimore, with the latest EALL & WINTER FASHIONS. Her stock comprises a handsome col-lection of Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Laces and Embroi-

She desires that her PATTERN BONNETS be inspected, as they are all that could be desired.

Mrs. Jones returns her sincere thanks to the Ladies for past patronage; and hopes by strict attention

THE PEOPLE'S FAIR! THE great exhibition of Cheap Dry Goods and Clothing will commence at 8 o'clock this morning. The highest Premiums will be awarded to those buying the largest amount of Goods. Admission free.— Children half price. ISAAC ROSE S
Cheap Store on Main Street.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES! I HAVE an extensive assortment of PARLOR, OF-FICE, HALL and COOK STOVES, FURNACES, COAL GRATES, &c., which will be sold, delivered and set up on the most accommodating terms.

All persons in want of any Apparatus for heating Honses, or for Cooking, are respectfully solicited to call at the Charlestown Tin-ware and Stove House, before purchasing elsewhere, as great inducements will there be offered, both in variety of style, and ex-tremely low prices.

remely low prices.
Nov. 1, 1853 THOMAS D. PARKER.

Dr. GEO. H. COOKE OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Chalestown and its vicinity.

He will be found at I. N. Carter's Hotel, or at his office one door East of it. November 1—tf

NOTICE TO FARMERS. NOTICE TO FARMERS.

The subscriber is now largely engaged in manufacturing Leavitt's Patent Corn and Cob Grinder, Corn Sheller, and Corn Meal Grinder, at Messrs. Snapp & Coonts's Foundry, Winchester, Va., where all letters (post paid) will receive immediate attention, addressed to the undersigued, who will also furnish Bills, giving full descriptions of the Mill. As this Mill was fully exhibited at the Fair of the Valley Agricultural Society, and the first premium awarded to it, further recommendation is unnecessary.

Nov. 1, 1853—3m

R. McLAGAN.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, for sale by Nov 8. H. L. EBY & SON. G. A. AND FINE SALT, for sale by H. L. EBY & SON.

In the Circuit Court of Jefferson Co.

John Humphreys, ad: of David Humphreys, dec'd., Plaintiff, In Chancz-against
George Humphreys and others, Dfis.

On motion of Basil B. Hopkins and Robert Hull, partners under the name of Hopkins and Hull, leave is given them to file their petition, which is filed accordingly.

is given them to alle their petition, which is filed necordingly.

And the cause coming on again to be heard this 25th day of October, 1853, upon the papers formerly read, and the report of the master commissioner returned May 20th, 1852, and the exception thereto was argued by counsel, upon consideration whereof, it appearing that said report is too imperfect and incomplete to enable the Court to render a proper decree, settling the respective rights of the parties—the exception thereto for that cause is sustained—and it is adjudged, ordered, and decreed that the cause be re-committed to the same commissioner to state more fully, and complete of The Pew Rents of the Episcopal ed, and decreed that the cause be re-committed to the same commissioner to state more fully, and complete the amounts prayed for in the bill with the following instructions, to wit:—He is to regard the testator, Da vid Humphreys, as having died intestate, as to that part of his estate bequeathed to his wife Catharine Humphreys, the Court being of opinion that the same became lapsed legacy by the death of the said Catharine in the lifetime of the testator—noadvancements are to be brought into the amount as against the legacies bequeathed to the several children—but advancements without respect to date are to be brought into the a mount as to the share in respect to which the testator died intestate as above decreed—and the said commissioner is required to state specially any matters he may deem pertinent or that he may be required so may deem pertinent or that he may be required so

And it is ordered that notice of the time and place of taking said account may be published once a week for four successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in Charlestown, such publication to be equivalent to personal service of such notice upon all the parties to this cause—and said commissioner is directed to make report to the next term of this court, in order to a final decree. A copy. Test,
ROBERT T. BROWN, Clerk.

Charlestown, Nov. 1, 1853. \ The parties interested in the above cause are hereby notified that I shall attend at my office aforesaid on Friday, Dec'r. the 9th, by 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of executing the above decree of the court, at which time and place they, the parties, are requested to attend.

R. WORTHINGTON, Com.

10.000 AGENTS WANTED. A N Agent wanted in every town and county in the United States to sell the most popular and saleable books ever published, including several new works with finely colored plates; also the works of T. S. Arthur, including "Arthur's Cottage Library." 10,000 copies of these popular series of books have been sold in the last three monhts. The largest commission paid to enterprising and industrious men, who can now have an opportunity for doing a pleasant and profitable business seldom offered Each Agent has exclusive control of the sale of our publications for the town or county he may agree to anvass. For particulars apply personally, or address (post paid,) J. W. BRADLEY, Publisher, (post paid,) J. W. BRADLEY, Publisher, No. 48 North 4th street, Philadelphia.

NEW STORE AT KABLETOWN. AVING purchased the stock of Goods belonging to Franklin Osburne at Kabletown, the under signed respectfully announces that he is now opening and receiving a general stock of DRY GOODS, GRO and receiving a general stock of DRY GOODS, GRO-CERIES, HARDWARE, &c., which he offers at the very lowest figure for cash, or on a limited credit to punctual dealers. It is his purpose to replenish his stock at least four times a year, which will enable him to furnish the public at all seasons with Goods fresh from the market. The stock of Goods purchased from Osburne he intends selling at reduced prices. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, promising to give entire satisfaction in return. Country produce of all kinds will be taken in exchange for goods, and the highest price allowed, Nov. 1, 1853—tf [F. P.] A. WILSON.

NOTICE-TO THE PUBLIC. Circulation-Ten Thousand! Five Thousand! Three Thousand!

THE subscriber having made arrangements for pub-WEEKLY LITERARY AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER IN THE CITY OF RICHMOND.

Offers to the Business men of the city unequalled advantages in the way of Advertising
To the Literary and Family Paper will be appendtractive style. The first issue will be Ten Thousand; the second Five Thousand; and no subsequent issue less than Three Thousand. The subscriber has at command the names of Twenty Thousand persons living in all sections of the State.

To insure the reception of the paper by those to whom it will be sent, the postage will be paid on all papers sent out of the city.

The first insure the reception of the paper by those to whom it will be sent, the postage will be paid on all papers sent out of the city.

The first insure the reception of the paper by those to whom it will be sent, the postage will be paid on all papers sent out of the city.

The first insure will appear on TUESDAY, the lst of November, the day of the opening of the State Agricultural Fair, and will be published regularly every Wednesday thereafter.

TERMS. The first issue will be Ten Thousand; the second

every Wednesday thereafter. TERMS. Subscription (per year, in advance) Clubs of 6, \$5-10, \$3-15, \$12-20, \$15 Advertising-For a square of 15 lines, first insertion,

Each subsequent insertion, N. B.—To annual advertisers a liberal discount E. A. GALLAHER, November 1, 1953

MANTUAMAKING. MISS M. KING respectfully informs the ladies of Charlestown and its vicinity that she has just re-ceived her FALL and WINTER FASHIONS from the North. She carnestly solicits a call from her friends and the ladies generally, feeling fully satisfied that she cannot fail to please all who may favor her with their custom. All work entrusted to her care will be executed with neatness and despatch. Charlestown, Nov. 1, 1853-tf

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC. THE Public are fore-warned against using any THE Public are fore-warned against using any Grain Drill of Seeding Apparatus, purporting to have a COMPOST or GUANO ATTACHMENT, with a Revoling. Shaft, having series of double obliquely arranged beaters, or spiruly acting agitators, used in a Compost Hopper, or Fertilizing Chamber, as the oame will be a direct infringement upon our invention, which has long been in use, and for which a Patent is now pending. The utmost extent of the Law will be enforced against all using said attachment without our consent.

HENSON & ROHR.

Charlestown, Oct.4, 1853—3t. Charlestown, Oct.4, 1853-3t.

THE communication of Messrs. Henson & Roff, in the Free Press of yesterday, with regard to the Guano Attachment to the Wheat Drill, calls for a brief notice from me. I will merely state that a direct and immediate opportunity of enforcing the law to its utmost extent against persons using the above mentioned fixture without their consent, is now afforded them; as I am using and intend to continue to use two of S. to each one; such Attachment having been affixed by my direction, and being my own invention.

I presume the question of right between Messrs: Henson & Rohr, and myself, will be decided at the proper tribunal, the Patent Office. If a pending Patent bars use, how do Messrs, Henson & Rohr sell Guano Attachments whilst my patent is pending? In conclusion allow me to express my sincere hope, that all who adopt this Attachment with the Drills of Messrs. Henson & Rohr, S. M. Pennock &c. may have their expectations of benefit therefrom fully realized. Sept. 30, 1853. T. F. NELSON.

Editors who publish the Card of Caution of Messrs. Henson & Rohr, will please append the above to said Card, whenever it is inserted, and forward bills to this Office for payment. MILLINERY AND MANTUA-MAKING. M ISS E. L. KERCHIVAL, having returned from Baltimore with all the various Fashions of the day, is prepared to execute all orders in her line She has PATTERN BONNE'TS, and 'TRIM-MINGS, PLAID RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c., which she will be glad to dispose of on as reasonable terms as they can be had elsewhere, and solicit a share of public patronage. [Oct. 11, 1853—3t.

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST The Best Invention of the Day THE undersigned has purchased the right for Jefferson County, and is now having manufactured at his establishment in Charlestown, the great labor and grain-saving Invention, known as the TIMO-THY and CLOVER SEED SOWER. He proposes to furnish the farmers at such times as they may desire, this article, which has proven itself as to economy of labor, and regularity in sowing, on such terms that none can hesitate as to purchasing. Those who have tried, say they would not be without one for ten times its cost. Any orders left with Mr. Charles Barrett, or application to the undersigned, will be punctual complied with. H. F. LLOYD.

omplied with. Oct, 11, 1853—3t. F. P. SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS. Tis requested of the School Commissioners of the County, to have the Tuition Bills of their different Districts made out to the 1st of October, and give them to the Clerk with a list. Each Com. is also requested to have prepared a statement of the condition of his School, the number of pupils, their attendance, &c., as required by law, and forwarded to the Clerk by the 25th of October.

Oct. 4, 1853. WM. C. WORTHINGTON, Clerk THE First Annual Meeting of the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad Company, will be held at the Company's Office, on St. Asaph Street, Alexandria, on Thursday, 20th October, at 11 o'clock, R. JOHNSTON, Clerk.

NOTICE. THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad Company will be held at the Court House of Frederick County, on Saturday, 22d October, at 11 o'clock.
Oct. 11, 1853—3t.

W. L. BENT, Sec'y.

JEFFERSON COUNTY COURT. NOTICE is hereby given that the COURT.

Said Court was changed by the Court in Jan last, from the 3d to the 2d Monday in the month.

Teste,
T. A. MOORE, Clerk.

September 27, 1853.

MR. WILLIAM C. WARNER: SIR: You will please take notice that on Saturday, the 15th day of next month, (October, 1853,) at the office of Commissioner Cooke, in Charlestown, I shall take the depositions of sundry witnesses to be read as evidence in a cause now depending in the Circuit Court of Jefferson county, in which I am plaintiff, by my next friend, and you are defendant.

Yours,

MARIA WARNER,
September 13, 1853.

By her Attorney.

NOTICE. THE purchasers at Capt. Thos. G. BAYLOR's sale, are informed that their Notes will be due on the 1st of October next, and are in my hands for collection. They are respectfully requested to call and pay them when due—as they will be found in my possession, but for a short time.

MEREDITH EELM.

Leetown, Oct. 4, 1853—3t.

FRESH CRACKERS.--Just received Picniic Soda, and Sugar Crackers from Mason & Bro.
August 2.
T. RAWIANS & SON

THE GLOBE: THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF CONGRESS. AND NEWSPAPER FOR THE PROPLE.

AND NEWSPAPER FOR THE PROPLE.

It will be seen by the annexed extract from a letter of Gen. Washington to David Stewart, dated New York, March 17th, 1790, that the idea of such a paper as I propose to make the Globe, originated in the mind of the Father of his Country. He said:

"It is to be lamented that the editors of the different Gazettes in the Union do not more generally and more correctly (instead of staffling their papers with scurrility and nonsensical declamation, which few would read if they were apprised of the contents) publish the debates in Congress on all great national questions.—
The principles upon which the difference of opinion arises, as well as the decisions, would then come fully before the public, and afford the best data for its judgment "—Sparks's writings of Washington, vol. 10, p. 84:

THE DAILY GLOBE

The Congressional Globe.

In surrendering my interest in the organ of a great political party, I cherished the purpose of continuing the Congressional Globe, and, if possible, in time, to perfect it into a full history of the action of Congress, giving the debates accurately and fully with the proceedings—all stamped with the verity of an official record. From the passage in the letter of General Washington, which I have quoted, it will be perceived that he thought this office might be combined with that of a regular newspaper; and it is certain that the avidity of the public for news of the less important kind greatly contributes to give wings to the weightier matter which may be called Congressional news.

Having succeeded in my purpose of perfecting the reports of the debates in Congress, and giving them the official stamp, I now propose to send them abroad, in connection with the news of the day, in such haste as shall outstrip full and accurate intelligence sent from the seat of government in any other form whatever. It will even anticipate the scraps of news forwarded to cities within two hundred and fifty miles of Washington by telegraph. Before the events thus transmitted are published in the morning papers (for instance, of the city of New York) the Globe containing them will have reached the post office of that city by the Express Mail of the previous night. The process by which this will be effected I now lay before the public.

I will have a corps of 16 Reporters in Congress; each THE CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE.

public.

I will have a corps of 16 Reporters in Congress; each in succession will take notes during five minutes, then retire, prepare them for the press, put them slip by slip in the hands of compositors, and thus, while a debate is going on in Congress, it will be put in type, and in a few minutes after it is ended, it will be in print. I shall by this means be enabled to send it by the Express Mail of five o'clock, p. m., for the East, West and North, and by that of 9 o'clock, p. m., for the South, all the proceedings of Congress up to the. the South, all the proceedings of Congress up to the ordinary hour of adjournment. Thus the debates of Congress will reach the cities two hundred and fifty niles from the Capitol before their morning papers are in circulation.

The miscellaneous news I shall be careful to gather from remote sections of the country by telegraph will obtain from the Executive Departments, through official sources, the matters of moment transacted in

official sources, the matters of moment transacted in them, and, through agents employed for the purpose, all the city news of consequence in sufficient time to be put into the Globe and mailed in the Express Mail trains. In this way I hope to create a new era in the dissemination of news from Washington. Hitherto no newspaper has attempted to give authentic accounts of things done in Washington before the public mind at a distance had received its first impressions from irresponsible talegraphic dispatches or by lets. from irresponsible telegraphic dispatches, or by letter-writers biased by peculiar views.

Washington has now become so great a centre of political interest during all the year—the proceedings of the Executive Departments and the information collected by them even during the recess of Congress and the information collected by them even during the recess of Congress. is of so much importance to the interests of every sec-tion of the country—that I shall continue the publica-tion of the daily paper permanently, with a view to become the vehicle of the earliest and most correct in-

It is a part of my plan to reduce the price of the daily paper to half that of similar daily papers; and thus I hope to extend its circulation so as to invite advertisements. I will publish advertisements of the Government. To subscribers in the cities I hope to what such terms as will induce them to advertise submit such terms as will induce them to advertise their business in every village throughout the Union, where the Globe is sent daily under the franks of mem-bers of Congress, all of whom take it, and some of

them a large number of copies.

The installation of a new Administration and a new Congress portends much change in the course of public affairs as the result of the next session. Many vast interests which were brought up in the last Congress were laid over by the Democratic majority to await the action of a Democratic Executive. The new mod-eling of the tariff; the new land system; the question of giving homesteads, and making every man a freeholder who may choose to become one; the approxi mation of the Atlautic and Pacific oceans by a nation

Europe. After nearly forty years of peace in Europe there is an evident restlessness that now seems fraught with tendencies threatening war; and if war comes, in all likelihood there will follow such universal change that the United States can scarcely hope to escape its vortex. Indeed, from late events it is apparent that our Government is already drawn into European dif-ficulties. These circumstances are calculated to draw the public mind towards the next Congress with much

The Daily Globe will be printed on fine paper, double royal size, with small type, (brevier and nonparcil) at five dollars a year.
The Congressional Gloss will also be printed on The Congressional Globs will also be printed on a double royal sheet, in book form, royal quarto size, each number containing sixteen pages. The Congressional Globe proper will be made up of the proceedings of Congress and the running debates as given by the Reporters. The speeches which members may choose to write out themselves will, together with the messages of the President of the United States, the reports of the Executive Departments, and the laws passed by Congress, be added in an Appendix. For-merly I received subscriptions for the Congressional Globe and Appendix separately. But this has not been found satisfactory, masmuch as it gave an on-complete view of the transactions in Congress; and therefore I have concluded not to sell them apart, considering that neighbors can have the advantage of both by clubbing in case individuals shall find it too onerous to be at the charge of both.

To facilitate the circulation of the Congressional Globe and cheapen it to subscribers, Congress passed last year a joint resolution making it free of postage.

I annex it, as the law may not be accessible to post Joint resolution providing for the distribution of the Laws of Congress and the Debates thereon.

With a view to the cheap circulation of the laws of Congress and the debates contributing to the true interpretation thereof, and to make free the communi cation between the representative and constituent bo-

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representa-tives of the United States of America in Congress assem-bled, That from and after the present session of Con-gress, the Congressional Globe and Appendix, which contain the laws and the debates thereon, shall pass free through the mails so long as the same shall be published by order of Congress: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed to authorize the circuity lation of the Daily Globe free of postage. Approved August 6, 1852.

As I sell the DAILY GLOBE at half the price of simi-ar publications, so the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE and APPENDIX is sold for half the cost of so much composition, press-work, and paper. This I can afford to do, inasmuch as the subscriptiou of Congress almost covers the cost of composition, and this enables me to sell for little more than the cost of press-work and paths and the cost of press-work and paths. It requires the sale of about 9,000 copies to repuir. per. It requires the sale of about 9,000 copies to remburse expenses. If 500 only were sold, the cost of each copy would be about \$104! The debates in the English Parliament cost about eleven times as much as I charge subscribers for the debates in Congress, equal in quantity, and as well reported and printed.

The next session of Congress will be a long one; and it is believed the Congressional Globe for it will reach 4,000 royal quarto pages, as the last long session made 3,842; and the long one before that made 3,901 royal quarto pages—four large volumes each session. If subscribers will be careful to file all the numbers received by them. I will sample any that may miserary. ceived by them, I will supply any that may miscarry in the mails. This work increases in value as it grows old. The first seventeen volumes will now command three times, and some of the subsequent ones twice,

The subscription price for the Congressional Globe (including the Appendix and the laws) is six dollars. Complete indexes will be made out and forwarded to subscribers soon after the session is ended. Subscribers for the Daily should have their money here by the 5th, and for the Congressional Globe by the 15th of December. The money must accompany an order for either the Daily or the Congressional Globe. Bank notes current where a subscriber r sides will be received at par. JOHN C. RIVES. Washington, October 12, 1853.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS! COLLIER'S Shakespeare; Headley's History of the 2d War; Book of the World, illustrated; Eastman's Aboriginal Port Folio; Sloan's Carpenter's Guide; Shaw's English Literature; Webster's Unabridged Dictionary; do Royal Octavo do; Prose Writers of America; Female Poets of America; Schoolcraft's Thirty Years with the Indians; Hearts and; Homes, by Mrs. Ellis; Sparks' Life of Washington Pope's Works, 2 vol., fine edition; Memoirs of Monstrelet, 2 vols.; Tytler's History, 2 vols.; Pigeon's Traditions of De-coo-tah; Stearn's Notes on 'Uncle Tom's Cabin; California illustrated; Waverly in 12 vols.—a fine edition bound in calf; British Poets, illustrated, 3 vols.; Spenser's Works. lustrated, 3 vols.; Spenser's Works. Also, a large lot of Juvenile Works, Miscellaneous Books, &c., for sale

POTASH, PURLASH, SODA, &c.—A quantity of Crude Potash for sale low to close the lot; also, Pur-lash, Saleratus, Bread Soda and Sal Soda, for sale by

INSEED OIL, WHITING, HIBERNIAN GREEN, &c.—In store, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Chrome, green and yellow; White Lead, ground and dry; Venitian Red, Whiting; Copal and Japan Varnish; also, Hibernian Green, a new article of Green Paint, superior to Ground Verdigris, and much cl and examine.

TO SPORTSMEN!—A superior lot of Powder Flasks, Shot Bags, Bird Bags, Drinking Flasks, for sale low by L. M. SMITH October 25, 1853

NEW PICKLING AND PRESERVING HOUSE. THE subscribers beg leave to inform the public that they are now prepared to fill orders for anything in their line, such as Pickles, Preserves, Catsup, Sauces—Fruits and Vegetables preserved in their natural state. Brandy Fruits; Pie Fruits preserved; fresh cooked, spiced and pickeled Oysters; fresh Meats, Fish Soups, &c., all of which are of superior quality. Particular attention is given to supplying of raw Oysters; having arrangements with the different Express and Railroad lines, we are enabled to deliver them in good condition to any section of the country. A portion of public patronage is solicited.

MANN & DUKE,
Nos. 127 and 129, McEldry's Wharf,
October 25, 1853—tf
Baltimore, Md.

50 EMPTY WHISKEY BARRELS for sale by JOHN L HOO F

CHEAP CLOTHING in Charlestown. I ing the season, an assortment of fashionable Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, equal if not superior to any, in the Valley of Virginin. Much of the Clothing was ordered by him several months ago, expressly for this market, and issuperior to any Clothing generally kept in Clothing Stores, and will be sold at those low figures, the Establishment is celebrated for All in want of Overcoats, Business Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Woolen Undershirts and Drawers, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Gloves and Coinforts, will find those articles in the greatest variety, and at the very lowest prices at ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store on Main Street.

Oct. 11.

CHEAP DRY GOODS in Charlestown. THE subscriber having purchased a magnificent assortment of Dry Goods and Fancy Articles, is now able to offer inducements never before met with in this place. He bought of those houses only, who did not know anything about Goods being higher, consequently he can and will sell cheap as ever. Particulars in handbills to be distributed in a few days. ISAAC BOSE.

HAVING sold Shannon Hill in Jefferson county, Va., I will offer at Public Sale, On Tuesday, 15th of November, 1853, PERSONAL PROPERTY,

excepting my Servants-House and Farm Hands, which will be for hire for 12 months on and after January 1st, 1354. The Stock of Horses, including a pai The Stock of Horses, including a pair of Desirable CARRIAGE HORSES, young, strong and safe, (after 12 months trial), with three CARRIAGES, Single and Double Harness complete for each, and "Old John," a Saddle Horse.

The Stock of Cattle, of the Durham and Devon breeds; the EWES and BUCKS of the finest Cotswold breed, and HOGS well improved—comprise the largest and best stock ever offered on any one farm in the Valley of Virginia. The Farming Implements omprise all that is required on a Large Farm in the

Valley of Virginia.

The HOUSE, one of the largest in Jefferson, is furnthe HOUSE, one of the largest in Jenerson, is furnished from cellars to garrets with comforts and conveniences selected during the past nine years, from the Home and Northern Markets, without regard to price, and all in good order.

The sale will include CORN, HAY, LIQUORS, &c., &c., and will be continued from day to day till sold. Terms of Sale .- On all sums of and under \$10 cash ver \$10 a credit of nine months secured by notes satisfactorily endorsed, to be cancelled on prompt payment without, interest. On failure of prompt payment interest to be charged from day of sale till paid.

Oct. 4, 1853—ts. GEORGE W PETER.

BARGAINS. NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.

THE undersigned has just returned from the East A with a large and general assortment of Goods, which has been purchased as low as any Goods in the Valley of Virginia, for cash. The assortment consists in part of the following articles, viz: Super Black Cloths and Cassimeres;

Super Fancy Cassinetts, at very low prices; Silk Velvets, Satins, and Fig'd. Silk Vestings; Plain Black, Changeable, Plaid, Striped and Figured Silks; ons, Tarltons and Sarcenets; Swiss, Plain and Figured Muslins; Cambric and Jacont do.; Cambric and Jacont
Super Curtain Muslins, of various patterns;
Ginghams and Calicoes, all patterns and prices;
Ladies Super Linen Handkerchiefs;
Gents Linen and Silk do.;

Colored and Black Cravats; Crape, Cashmere and Woolen Shawls, of variou sizes and prices;
Figured and Plain Bobinets;
A large assortment of Dress Triumings;
Silk Laces and Fringes; French worked Collars;
Ladies Kid, Silk, and Lisle Thread Gloves; Gentlemen's Kid and Silk LadiesSilk, Cashmer, Lambs-woolandCottonHose Gentlemen's do do Super White, Red and Yellow Flannels; Domestics, of every description and color; Fine 11-4 and 12-4 Twilled Blankets;

Servants Blankets; Canton Flannels; Silk and Fancy Bonnets; A large assortment of Fancy and Plain Ribbon Artificial Flowers, Combs and Brushes; and almost every article in the fancy way. China and Queensv Among which are several handsome Tea Sets. A good assortment of Hardware; Cuttlery, Carpen-

ters Tools, &c.; Waiters, Looking Glasses and Groceries. I have a large stock of Groceries, all of which are of the best quality.

Also, a large lot of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Shoes; Silk, Kossuth and Wool Hats; Caps of every description. Those who desire to get good bargains, are respectfully invited to call soon and judge for themselves.

JOHN G. WILSON.

Harpers-Ferry, Oct.4, 1853. BOOTS AND SHOES. WE have on hand and ready for sale a large assortment of Eastern-made Boots and Shoes. Also, the most extensive stock of Daynestin Make week large of Domestic Make we have ever offered, and are prepared to manufacture with promptness, every description of Boots, Shoes &c., ordered. We are selling the best Servants Boots for \$3.50 a pair. Orders sent in soon.

HARRIS & RIDENOUR. LADIES SHOES. WE have on hand the best and most fashionable manufacture of Philadelphia and Baltimore LADIES SHOES, as follows: Best Full and Half Gaiters, Lasting; Do Morocco and Kid Gaiters; Do do do do Bucskins;
Do do do do Slippers;
Do do do do Misses do;

Do do do do Children do,; The above Shoes was very carefully selected, and can be sold lower than by any house in the county, for the same article. . HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

BLACKSMITH SHOP. THE subscriber having permanently located him-solf at the BLACKSMITH SHOP at Duffield's Depot, is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the county. He will at all times be prepared with Iron of all kinds for repairing or making Plough and other Lenna used by the Farmers. Irons used by the Farmers.

I solicit a call from those in want, feeling assured that all who give me a call will not go away dissatisfied.

GEORGE PENSE.

Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853.

WESTERN VIRGINIA LAND AGENCY. THE Subscribers are Agents for the sale of large quantities of land in that part of Western Virgin ia, through which the Central Railroad is in process of construction. This land, considered in reference to construction. This land, considered in reference to soil, climate, mineral resources, accessibility, and the character of the population now "settling" in that part of the State, will generally commend itself on examination, as very desirable for investment and residence, at the low prices and easy terms at which it is officeed for sale. Full and particular information will be furnished to persona desiring to purchase, by either

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS, FOR MEN AND BOYS. WE have the largest assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings brought to this market, at prices as low as ever have been sold before the great advance in woolen goods. Our stock is entirely new, selected with great care by one whose attention has been directed to this particular part of the trade, gives the purchaser full confidence in getting the best and most desirable goods. We do not wish the public to

Charlestown, Oct 18 HARRIS & RIDENOUR. CASH FOR NEGROES. WANTED for the New Orleans market, men, women, boys, girls and families, for which I will pay the highest cash prices. Persons having Slaves for sale, will find it to their interest to call on me before dealing, as I will pay the highest cash prices. Address letters to me at Martinsburg, Berkeley co., Va., and they will meet with prompt attention.

A. P. STRAYER October 25, 1853—3m [Martinsburg Gazette copy

believe what has been said above, but call and see the evidence, at the Cloth House of

MILLINERY. MRS, MARY E. DAVIS tenders her thanks to the ladies of Charlestown and vicinity for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended towards her, and respectfully gives notice that she has just returned from Baltimore with the FALL & WINTER FASH-IONS for all descriptions of Millinery Work. She has also several beautiful PATTERN BONNETS of the letter trule and fishing to which she is wifer the the latest style and fashion, to which she invites the attention of her old friends and the public generally, as she will endeavor, by renewed efforts to please, to render satisfaction to all who may favor her with their custom. She can be found at her residence, 3 doors

east of David Howell's, on Water street. October 25, 1953. NOTICE Is hereby given, that the Notes given at the sale of George Roberts, will be due on the 1st day of January next. They are in the hands of the undersigned, and the money will be expected when due. October 25, 1853—3

JOHN MARSHALL, Agent.

DRUGS, PAINTS, &c. A LARGE and general assortment of Drugs, Paints, Oils, Performery, &c., is now being received.—
The public may be assured, that a finer assortment of these articles has never been opened in this market.
Call and see them.

L M SMITH. Charlestown, Oct 18, 1853 NOTICE

A LL persons having Claims against the estate of Samuel Cameron, dec'd, are requested to present them to the undersigned properly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, as it is his wish to close up the business of the estate as speedily as possible.

THOS. RUTHERFORD, Adm'r,
Oet. 11, 1853.

of Saml. Cameron, dec'd. ANTHRACITE COAL.

WE will fill all orders for Anthracite Coal from the District market at the lowest cash prices, with the transportation added.

R. S. BLACKBURN & CO. Oct. 18, 1853-3t. [F.P.] NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS. WE are receiving our supplies of GOODS for the Season. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. Oct. 18, 1853. NEW GOODS.

JOHN L. HOOFF is now receiving a large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods, to which he invites the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

SUGAR.--Fresh supply of good fip Sugar, just received and for sale by

A. gust 2, 1853.

R. H. BROWN.

RECEIVED AT THE CHEAP STORE
From Philadelphia,
1000 Cloth, Green Cloth, Cashmerett, Plush, Tweed,
Silk and Linen Coats, made in fashiomable styles.
1800 Cassimere, Cloth, Doe Skin, Gambroon, Linen
and Cotton Pairof Pants, Plain and Fancy colored.
1000 Silk, Satin, Marseille and German Vests, some
French Embroidered, very costly.
1500 Silk, Kossuth and Straw Hats, Also Caps,
Handkerchiefs, Stocks, Shirts, Drawers and Socks.
These Goods will be sold cheaper, and are superior
to any ever brought to this county.
April 26, 1853.

A LL persons are warned not to barter or trade with the Slaves under my control, unless they have a written order, as the law will be strictly enforced against those disregarding this notice. THOS. S. JOHNSON. September 20, 1853-tf

SEVERAL dozen boxes of the very best Cigars, which I will sell either in box or retail, considerably below the usual prices. Samples sold at 2 cents a piece, or 4 for 5 cents.

ISAAC ROSE. September 27, 1853. WANTED.

TAKEN FOR DEBT.

I WISH to purchase for my own use, a NEGRO WOMAN, who is a good Cook and Washer. To such as will suit, a fair price will be paid.

Sept. 17, 1853 WELLS J. HAWKS. MULES, HORSES, AND COWS, For Sale. BEING about to close Shannondale Springs
for the present season, I offer for sale 2
young unbroken Mules, 2 years old; a few
Work Horses, and several fine Milch Cows. Also a
Barouche. All of which I will sell low.

Sept. 27, 1853. G. W. SAPPINGTON. AT THE LADIES' CHEAP STORE. A FINE assortment of Dress and Needle-worked Goods, bought at auction and sold at a small advance. Calicoes for comforts, fast colors, 18 yards for one dollar ISAAC ROSE... Charlestown, August 23, 1853.

TAKEN UP. CAME to my Pen on Friday the 9th inst:

Ca Stray SPOTTED HOG, without any
mark, and appraised at \$8, which the owner
can have by coming forward, proving property and
paying charges.

JONATHAN ANDERSON.

Charlestown, August 30, 1853-3m A WATER CAR, WITH an Oil Hogshead, sufficient to hold 126 gallons, and superior running Gear, nearly new, for sale by V. W. MOORE.

Charlestown, August 30, 1853. JUST RECEIVED-BEST Ivory Table Knives and Forks, Roller Ends and Rack Pulleys for Curtains, Worsted Cord for Curtains, Brass Screw Rings, White Coffin Hinges, Screws and Tacks, Halter Chains, Axle Pulleys, Cork Screws, Waiters, Horse-Nails, Wire Rat Traps, Mule and Horse Hames, Revolving Warfle Irons, Matches

without sulphur, &c.
July 19.
T. RAWLINS & SON. BELL HANGING. I AM prepared to furnish and hang BELIS of all kinds, and in the latest and most approved manner. Respectable reference given, if required. Orders left at Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, will be promptly executed.

Charlestown, September 13, 1853.

FOR RENT, THE Second Story and Cellar of my store on Main ly. Street. Rent low. Possession given immediately. ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, September 6, 1853. SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST. THE undersigned tenders his thanks to the Citizens of Harper's Ferry and Bolivar, for their liberal patronage, during the time he has been with them. And having permanently located himself in West Bolivar, would respectfully solicit a liberal share of the patronage of that place, and the surrounding Campunity. ing Community.

Those desiring teeth extracted—artificial teeth inserted—either on pivots or gold plates, can have it done in the most modern and scientific manner.

Sept. 20, 1853.

AT THE LADIES' CHEAP STORE! TUST received, beautiful large pointed Collars, 75 cts.; second quality, 41 cts.; sweet little Collars, (worth 25 cents,) 9 cts.; heavy silk Parasols, latest style, \$1.50; 1000 cakes of Fancy Soap, three cakes for a fip! ISAAC ROSE. for a fip! Charlestown, May 17, 1853.

FIFTY HANDS WANTED, To make Pants, Vests, Shirts and Drawers. 1 will pay 20 cts. above Baltimore rates to good Hands.
No others need apply.
August 30, 1853. ISAAC ROSE. DISSOLUTION, THE Partnership existing between Thos. RAWLINS and Thos. G. RAWLINS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. THOS. RAWLINS having become purchaser of the Stock in Trade, and also the Notes and Λccounts of the Firm; and become responsible

Sept. 27, 1853. THOS. G. RAWLINS. TAKE NOTICE. THAT at the next Session of the General Assembly of Virginia, there will be made an application for an act to constitute the Potomac river from Strider's Warehouse to the Potomac Mills, a lawful fence. September 27, 1853.

BOYS BOOTS. HYDRAULIC CEMENT.--Just received by July 19. H. L. EBY & SON. TAKE NOTICE.

CIRCUMSTANCES having rendered it necessary that the undersigned should close up his business for the present in Charlestown, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted, that they must come forward at once and liquidate balances. No indulgence can be given, and he hopes his old friends and customers may be disposed to save themselves cost, by an early compliance with this request JOHN AVIS, Jr. October 11, 1853. October 11, 1853. BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

THE undersigned again gives notice to his old friends and customers, that he will hereafter conduct the Boot and Shoe-making business in all its branches, at the Shop recently occupied by John Avis, Jr. He solicits the patronage of his old friends, the late customers of the shop, and the public generally, satisfied that he can please all who may favor him with a call.

JOHN AVIS, Sr.
October 11, 1853;

ADIES'DRESS GOODS.—French Merinoes, all colors; English do., all prices; Persian Cloths, Plaids from 50 cents to \$150 per yard, plain and figured Mouslaines, Silks, (very handsome,) with many other very fine dress goods, selected with great care and of the latest and best styles, to suit the taste of our Lefterson ladies. Will then for the state of our Lefterson ladies. Jefferson ladies. Will they favor us with their presence? [Oct 18] HARRIS & RIDENOUR. BARRELS. 25 or 30 Ætherial Oil Barrels, on hand of sale cheap, by L. M. SMITH.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS. WE have now in store a full and complete stock of Fall and Winter Goods. We ask a call from customers and the public generally.

Oct 25

SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY: CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.

WE would ask a call from the gentlemen to look through our stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Stocks, Shirt Collars, Gloves, &c.
Oct. 25 SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. ESTRAY HOG.

TAKEN up on the land of the subscriber, in February last, an estray Hog, a stag, recently altered, hole in the right car and cropped. Color, black, with three white feet; appraised at \$8 00.

Oct 25, 1853—3w EPHRAIM WATSON. HATS AND CAPS.—2 cases fashionable Hats, 10 dozen fancy do., 10 dozen men and boys' cloth Caps, which we will sell very cheap.

HÁRRIS'& RIDENOUR.

October 18.

DOMESTICS.—New York Mill Shirting, Lousdale do. do., 7 and 7 do. do., one bale heavy brown, twill and plain Cotton Flannels, at as low prices as have been sold in the last 12 months.

Oct 18

HARRIS & RIDENOUR. Liquors, Liquors.—We have some splein-did old Bourbon Whiskey, Brandy, Wines; &c., which we will sell very much lower than the usual price, as we wish to close out our stock of liquors, Oct 18

HALRIS & RIDENOUR.

FRENCH WORK.— Swiss and cambric Collars;
50 cents to \$3 50; Swiss and cambric Undersleeves, do do Spencers, do do Edgings; do do Insert ings. The ladics will find the most select stock of the above goods; ever offered in this town, prices very low.

Oct 18

HARRIS & RIDENOUR: SHAWLS.—Some very handsome, (low prices. Oct 18 HARRIS & RIDENOUR. HOSIERY AND GLOVES.—A full assortment, at old prices.
Oct. 18. HARRIR & RIDENOUR.

NAILS-50 kegs, which we will sell much under the market price.
Oct. 13. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. BLANKETS:—100 pair last season, purchased 25 per cent, less than the present prices. Farmers will do well to call soon.
Oct. 13: HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

SPORTSMEN will find the best Powder, Shot, (all sizes,) Caps, Gun Wads, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, and Bird Bags. Also, one extra double barrel Gun. [Oct. 18.] HARRIS & RIDENOUR. L ADIES DRESS GOODS.—All Wool de Laines, Printed Parish de Lainess, Merinos, Alpacas; Sack Flannel of all colors: J L HOOFF; PRESH PORTER just received and for sale by (Qct 18)

Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder!
MORE than 500 persons in the City of Richmond,
Va., alone testify to the remarkable cures performed by CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTERE.

The great Spring Medicine and Purifier of the blood
is now used by hundreds of grateful patients, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the
greatest of all medicines, Carter's Spanish Mixture,
Meuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the
Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female
Complaints, Paines and Aching of the Bones and
Joints, are specifily put to flight by using this great
and inestimable remedy.

For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been
found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of
all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver
and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone
to the Stomach, makes the Skin clearand healthy, and
restores the Constitution, enficebled by disease or hroken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength: FACTS CANNOT BE DOUBTED.

ken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of Carter's Spanish Mixture, will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mouthing to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and incurve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyon'd all the medicines ever heard of.

A large number of certificates of remarkable cures performed on persons residing in the city of Richmond, Virginia, by the use of Carter's Spanish Mixture, is the best evidence that there is no humburg about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Calland see a few hundreds of the certificates around

Call and see a few hundreds of the certificates around None genuine unless signed BENNETT & BERES, DRUGGISTS.
Principal Depote 21 M. WARD, CLOSE & Co., No. 83 Maiden Lene, New York. T. W. Dyott & Sons, and Jenkins & Hartshorne, Philadelphia. Branett & Beers, No. 125 Main street, Richmond, Va.
And for sale by Dr. L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

CAME to my Pen on Friday the 9th inst.

Ca Stray SPOTTED HOG, without any mark, and appraised at \$8, which the owner can have by coming forward, proving property and paying charges.

JONATHAN ANDERSON.

Bolivar, Sept. 27, 1853—3t.*

NOTICE.

To the Farmers of Clarke County, &c.

We would respectfully call the attention of the best Thi esher, Cleaner and Power, at the lowest price, to a Machine of our pattern, purchased by Mr.

H. M. Nelson, near Millwood, from Mott, Lewis & Co., Richmond, who are building our Machine, they having purchased the privilege from us, and as their right to sell in Clarke extended only to Mr. Nelson's Machine, we notify the public that we can at all times supply them at our shop. Price \$275, all complete, with double cleaner and screen, which will make the grain merchantable at one operation. Persons wanting a good Machine will please call on Mr. Nelson, who will take pleasure in showing the machine and giving such information as they may desire.

ZIMMERMAN & CO.

Charlestown, August 30, 1853—3m ATTENTION, PARMERS. interest in this matter are invited to examine them.

The attachment works with great regularity, having on a recent trial, sowed several times, without any perceptible variation, at the rate of 50 lbs guano to the acre, then 25 lbs., 15 lbs., 10 lbs., 44 lbs. la. fact the machine will sow from 5 lbs. to 500 lbs. per acre; or the guano can be shut off altogether. Should, famers who have previously purchased Drills, wish to use this attachment, I can have it affixed to any kind; of Drill whatever.

September 6, 1853.

September 6, 1853. Free Press; Martinsburg Gazette; Winchester Re-ublican, and Virginian; Loudoun Democrat, copy

Playfair's Euclid: Parke's Arithmetic; do. Pike's do Ray's Jesse's do Smith's do Smith's Grammar; Haren's Speller & Definer. Webster's quarto Dict'y; Do royal octave do.

Do Elementary do. Manual of Elecution and Gummere's Surveying; | Oratory. With every variety of Miscellaneous articles for Schools, including Paper, Pens, Pen-Holders, Ink., Inkstands, Copy Books, Slates, Slate Pencils. For sale low by sale low by Charlestown, August 30, 1853. L. M. SMITH.

PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale, the TRACT OF LAND, near Lectown, in Jefferson county, now in the occupancy of Mr. Eben Trussell, and containing 215 ACRES, 35 acres of which are in prime TIMBER. This Land is in a good state of cultivation and produces well. The improvements consist of a good brick two-story DWELLING HOUSE and other convenient Out-buildings.

ALSO—THE TRACT OF 130½ ACRES, at present occupied by Mr. Trussell, and adjoining the above Tract and the lands of John C. Wiltshire, Thomas Hite and others. Of this Tract 55½ acres are also in first-rate TIMBER, equal to any in the county. The improvements consist of a comfortable two-story Log Dwelling House. PRIVATE SALE. J. S. AULABAUGH. Dwelling House.

The above Lands are limestone of fine quality, well

The above Lands are limestone of fine quality, well situated in a healthy part of the County, and in an excellent neighborhood—and convenient to Charlestown, the county seat of Jefferson, to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, &c.

Terms of Sale made known by personal application to the undersigned at his residence near Kerneysville, in said county, or by letter (post-paid) addressed to him at said place.

JAMES V. MOORE.

July 26, 1853.

FARM FOR SALE. FARM FOR SALE.

THE Farm adjoining Duffield's Depot, on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad is offered for sale, (occupied by Mr. B. Bennett.) It contains about 100 Acres of Prime Land, which is in a first-rate state of cultivation. The improvements are valuable, with good Fencing, an abundance of good Running Water which never fails, and a SMALL ORCHARD of good Fruit. This Farm is one among the very best locations in this county, being in the immediate vicinity of Elk Branch Church, Stone School House, &c.

Terms will be made accommodating. Apply to the subscriber in Charlestown. for all the Debts of T. Rawlins & Son, he will con-tinue the business as usual, at the Old Stand at the

> JEFFERSON LAND FOR SALE. WISH to sell two small Farms of good Limestones Land—one containing 150 Acres, with good Buildings, Orchard, &c., sejoining the Landar of John Lock, Fisher A. Lewis and the heirs of Daniel McPherson, dec'd—about 40 Acres in Timber.
>
> The other on the Shenandoah river, containing 123.

FLOUR! A for sale by Oct. 18, 1853. EXTRA ARTICLE FOR GLOVES for sale by

riety, at ISAAC ROSE'S Charlestown, June 7, 1853. ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store. SPICES, of all kinds, for preserving and pickling July 26. T RAWLINS & SON PRESS TRIMINGS.—Fancy Silk Trimings, Silk Fringe, Silk Lace, Velvet and Ribbons, for sale J L HOOFF

BÖNNETT RIBBONS—A large assortment of Rib-

WANTED-Small Bacon Hams and Lard, in exchange for Hardware, Groceries, &c. July 26: T. RAWLINS & SON.

CIDER VINEGAR. -- 6 barrels of Cider Vines. gar, a prime article, for sale by September 6, 1853. JOHN L. HOCFP.

HERRING AND MACKEREL.—A fresh supply of Herring and Mackerel just received and for sale by (Oct. 18:) R. H. BROWN.

A FRESH shipply of Soda, Water, Butser and S gar Crabkers just received, and for sale by Oct. 18

FRENCH GLAS S by 15 and 10 by 13 just received and for sale by

R. H. BROWN

A FRESH supply of prime New Orleans and New
York Sypup Molasses just received and for a
by

Opt 13)

R. H. BROWN

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry, and by Dealers in Medicines every where. August 16, 1853-19

A LARGE assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS, just received, invisiding McGuffey's Speller: -2d 3d Do Do Do ōth do. Comly's Speller; Davies' first Lessons in Davies' Arithmetic: Smith's Geog'y and Atlast Mitchell's do do Do Surveying; Onley's do Smith's quarto Do Analytical Geom- Morse's do Onley's do do Smith's quarto do

ubscriber in Charlestown.
Aug. 30, 1853. SAMUEL RIDENOUR.

Acres of first-rate Land, with 30 Acres in Timera, a DWELLING HOUSE on the same, and adjoining the lands of George L. Harris and Dr. John H. Lewis heirs. For terms, &c., which will be made easy, apply to the undersigned at Myerstown, or by letter (postpaid) to Kabletown, Jefferson county, Va.

Jan. 25, 1853.

JOSEPH MYERS.

LWAYS on hand, a good supply of the best Flows for sale by R. H. BROWN. Boots & SHOES—A large assortment of Boos and Shoes of all qualities, for sale low by

WHITE AND BUFF MARSEILLES VESTS, Silk, Gingham and Linen Coats, White Linen Pants, and other seasonable Goods, in the greatest va-

EMBROIDERY, &c-Inside Spensers, Under-Sleeves, Needle Work, Cuffs, Jaconet and Swins Collars, Swiss and Jaconet Edgings, for sale by GENTLEMEN'S GOODS—A Barge stock of Cloths Cassimeres and Vestings, of every shade and col-or for sale low by J L HOOFF

HATS AND CAPS—Extra Mole-skin Hats, Cassi-mere Curled Brimmed Hats, Saxony Cubins, Cassimere Metropolitan, Planters do., Boys' Saxony Hungarian, Boys Cloth and Glazed Caps, for sale by J L HOOFF

HE subscriber has received lately large quantities of seasonable Poinesties and Fancy Dry Goods, bought at auction, also 150 yards Black High Lustre, bought at auction; also 150 yards Black High Lustre, and boiled Silks. To see the goods and learn the prices, will be inducement enough to lay.

September 6, 1853.

SAAC ROSE.

JUST RECEIVED a superior article of Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, for sale, by September 6, 1853. OHN L. ROOFF.

CORDAGE. 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, and 11 inch Ropes, Bed Cords, Plough Lines, Matters, Cothes Lines, Sash Cords, bag-string Twine, Chalk Lines, Mason Lines, &c. Every size from a Pahing Line to a Machine Rope, just received and for sale by July 26, T. RAWLINS & SON.

FRESH GROCERIES.—The undersigned respect-fully announces to his friends and the public gen-erally; that he is now receiving and opening a gene-ral assortment of Groceries; Queensware, &c., to which he invites the attention of the public.

CIDER VINEGAR. -Pure and first-rate for Pickling, for sale by July 26.

T. RAWLINS & SON.

SATURDOU MUTEY CO

Com. McChure's Despatches-Highly Interesting Narrative. The London Times of the 8th publishes the despatcher from Commodore McClure, to the British Adm relative to the discovery of the North-West Passage, to which cursory reference was made by the previous steamer. These despatches are very numerous and very voluminous. We present below their most interesting and important features. The great point settled by odore McClure is this-he has managed to force his ship, the Investigator, far enough through the icy mountains of Behring's Straits, to a point from which she municate with others which had entered the Arctic Seas by the Atlantic passage. It is well to note this fact, particularly—the impression having been created that the Investigator had sailed from ocean to ocean, which is not the ease just yet—but it will be seen, by Com. McClure's despatch below, that he has no doubt he will be able to make a passage to England now, through Davis' Straits. Practically, therefore, he is

entitled to the credit of having accomplished the-voyage from ocean to ocean. The Investigator, while forcing her way through Barrows Straits, (Sept. 24th, 1852,) from the west, was run ashore, the Commodore making his winter quarters there -in the Bay of Mercy. We give below an interesting extract. And it is from that point, be it remembered, that he now writes. Com. McC. is sanguine of returning home to England, by way of Baffins Bay in 1854 .-Portions of the dispatches are exceedingly interesting. There are two remarkable discoveries mentioned in

Captain McClure's Journal, viz; Some smoking hillocks and a petrified forest. He also states that during his intercourse with the natives he only once met with any hostile demonstrations. This occurred at Port Warren, near the Mackenzie, where, on attempting to land, two natives with threatening gestures waved them off. It was not without much difficulty that they were pacified, and then they related that all their tribe but the chief and his sick son had fied on seeing the ship, alleging as a reason that they feared the ship had come to revenge the death of a white man they had murdered some time ago. They (through the interpreter) related that some white men had come there in a boat, and that they built themselves a house and lived there; at last the natives selves a house and lived there; at last the natives themselves a house and lived there; at last the natives murdered one, and the others escaped, they knew not where, but the murdered man was buried in a spot they pointed out. A thick fog coming on prevented Captain McClure from examining this locality, which is much regretted, as here is the probable position where a boat party endeavoring to return by the Mackenzie would

ave encamped.

Below we extract from the Commodore's journal: "The currents along the coasts of the Polar Sea appear to be influenced in their direction more or less by the winds; but certainly upon the west side of Baring Island there is a permanent set to the eastward. At one time we found it as much as two knots during a perfect calm; and that the flood tide sets from the westward we have

and that the flood tide sets from the westward we have ascertained beyond a doubt, as the opportunities afforded during our detention along the western shore of this island gave ample proof.

"The prevailing winds along the American shore, and in the Prince of Wales Strait, we found to be N. E., but upon this coast S. S. W. to N. W.

"A ship stands no chance of getting to the westward by entering the Polar Sea, the water along shore being very narrow and the wind contrary, and the pack impenetrable; but through Prince of Wales Strait, and by keeping along the American coast, I conceive it practikeeping along the American coast, I conceive it practi-cable. Drift wood is in great abundance upon the east coast of Prince of Wales Strait, and on the American

shore, also, much game.

"In this vicinity the hills abound in reindeer and hares, which remain the entire winter; we have been very fortunate in procuring upwards of 4,000 l's.

"The health of the crew has been, and still continues, excellent, without any diminution of numbers, nor have we felt the slightest trace of the scurvy.

"It is my intention, if possible, to return to England this season, touching at Melville Island and Port Leopold, but, should we not be again heard of, in all probability we shall have been carried into the Polar pack, or to the westward of Melville Island, in either of which cases any attempt to send succer would only be to increase the

evil, as any ship that enters the Polar Pack must be in-evitably crushed; therefore, a depot of provisions, or a ship at Winter Harbor, is the best and only certainty for the safety of the surviving crews.
"No trace whatever has been met with, or any information obtained from the natives, which could by any possibility lead to the supposition that Sir J. Franklin's expedition, or any of his crews, have ever reached the shore we have visited or searched, nor have we been more fortunate with respect to the Enterprise, not having seen her since parting company at the Straits of Magellan on the 2 th of April, 1850.".

THE OUTRAGE IN TUSCANY.

The Providence Journal of October 24th, says:-We think that England has better cause of war against Tuscany than any nation has often had on account of a case of individual wrong. Miss Cunninghame was not a propagandist, going through the land secretly circulating the doctrines of her faith, against the law. She innocently gave a bible and a copy of the Pilgrim's Progress to a peasant, not knowing that a law so outrageous to humanity existed anywhere. When she was ready to depart from the batt's of Lucca, her mother made the customary application at the proper office for the parsports for both. She was told that the personal presence of Miss Cunninghame was necessary, and although she was confined to her bed by illness at the time, her attendance was insisted upon; and she came. She was immediately arrested and sent under guard to Lucca. Sir William Miller, who was with her, immediately applied to the Grand Duke, but was refused an interview. Mr. Scarlett the acting British Minister in the absence of Sir. Henry Bulwer, applied but the Grand Duke refused to interfere, and the unhappy young lady, who has been guilly of the crime of giving away a copy of the Scriptures, is left to the punishment which the bar arous laws of Tuscany provide, imprisonment for not less than five nor more than ten years. This plain recital surely is enough to make the

blood boil in the veins of a freeman-that in a Christian land a young lady, in ignorance of the law, should be sentenced to such a punishment for giving away a copy of that book upon which the Government professes to be founded; that in this age of the world any religioushould seek to strengthen and perpetuate itself by such inhuman legislation. It is a maxim that "ignorance of the law is no excuse for its violation." The maxim is a sound one in most cases, but it does not apply to this .-No one ought to be presumed to know that such a law exists in a civilized, much less in a Christian country. It is a law that would disgrace Madagascar, that would disgrace the Cannibal Islands-and if its enforcements upon citizens of foreign governotents is not an outrage upon national law, and more just and generous principles introduced

The tyraunies that can only exist by a coalition with corrupt and superstitions ecclesiastical institutions, and these enforced at the point of the bayonet, may enact laws against systematized propagardism, but to put a poor girl in prison because the indicently gave a bit le to a peasant, is an outage that calls for the interference of England and or the protest of every other free government. It has been suggested that our Government should supulate in all reciprocal treaties for the mutual enjoyment of religious freedom. The idea is worthe of the free principles upon which our institutions are pased; and we hope it will be adopted and pursued as far as may be found practicable.

MURDER.

A most arrocious murder was committed in the Horse-shoe Settlement, Randolph county, a few weeks since. A man by the name of Long intended to rem ve to the West, had a sale, and sold among other things five bushels of wheat to a man named Holl Ward. Some words took place be-tween them a few days atte, when Ward went to Long to get his wheat. Long went into the barn and was followed by Ward, who continued to abuse him when he was ordered out, whereupon Ward stabbed himetwice in the back, and on Long's turning round to defend himself he received a mor tal stab in the bowels. He fell to the ground exclaiming he was a dead man and asked his murderer to help him to the house, which he did. These facts we learn from a gentleman who heard the affidavit of the dying man. He lived eight days. Long was regarded by his neight ors as a peaceable, kind and gentlemanly neighbor, while Ward bore the character of a bully. murderer was arrested two days after the murder and is now confined in the jail of Randolph county. [Hardy Whig.

FRAUDS IN CALIFORNIA TRADE.

A San Francisco correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, speaks of the bitter complaints made by merchants in San Francisco, of the growing practice in Eastern cities of false packing, false weight and tares, equal in many cases to ten or fifteen per cent. on butter, hams and bacon in hogsheads. Boston and Philadelphia eggs are sent there in large quantities, in the marked and invoiced 20 dozen each, which cannot be made 10 hold, when emptied of the lime preparation, over 15 dozen. He also charges the New York and Boston binners with a dozen. He also charges the New York and Boston shippers with over-measuring goods. Ship-owners not being satisfied with freights that will pay 100 per cent. profit on a single voyage, seek to add 25 per cent more by shaving their customers. Nineteen instances have recently, he says, came under his observation, where on freight bills of about \$700, deductions of over-measurement have been exacted and refunded of over four hundred cubic feet! Others have had nearly one-third taken off by remeasurement at San Francisco.

third taken off by remeasurement at San Francisco. WRECK OF THE SHIP PRESIDENT.

St. John, N. B. Oct. 25 .- The ship President, (of Boston,) Coffin, for Liverpool, with deals, was driven from her anchorage eastward of Partridge Island, io a gale, and grounded off Red Head in a heavy surf. No communication can be had with the shore, and it s feared she has bilged. The sea is making a complete breach over her.

DEATHS OF AMERICAN SEAMEN.

The State Department has received inform from the U. S. Consul at Hong Kong, of the death of the following American seamen: John McDonold, April 10th, residence unknown; Samuel Wheeler, July 16th, residence unknown; Frank Selver, July 17th, residence unknown; James Day, July 25th rei-

60-Gov. Johnson has offered a reward of \$200 for the arrest of James A. Wilson, who murdered Frederck Grimes, in the county of Leudoun, on the 2d ult,

TO THE PUBLIC. From the Charlestown Tin-Ware, Stove, Roofing, Spouting, Lightning-Rod, Shower-Bath and Bathing-Tub ESTABLISHMENT!!

THE Machinery of this Establishment is in full operation and the above mentioned Wares are now rolling out with a rush. TIN-WARE. The assortment of Tin-Ware now on hand is extensive, and all orders from Merchants will receive prompt attention and Wares be delivered at their places of business without extra charge.

The Metropolitan Elevated Oven Cook Stove, for burning wood, is a strong and durable Stove, and will be sold with all fixtures complete, delivered, set up and warranted to operate well, for \$30, \$35 and \$40 for Nos. 3, 4 and 5. All persons in want of a good Stove, will please forward their orders and they shall have the pleasure of seeing one of the best stoves now in use, in operation in their kitchens, and if the Stove does not operate satisfactorily, it will be taken away after not operate satisfactorily, it will be taken away after six days trial and no grumbling. A good selection of other patterns of Stoves kept constantly on hand, which will be sold cheap.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING Will be done in a thorough manner, at short notice nd at prices that defy competition. LIGHTNING RODS.

Iron Rods with silver-plated Points, Brass Connecters, Glass Insulaters and malable fastenings, will be put up in a durable manner at low prices. SHOWER BATHS & BATHING TUBS During the Summer months may be found at this Establishment a good assortment of Shower Baths, Bathing Tubs, Boston-Boats, Hip-Baths, Foot-Tubs, &c., &c., which will be finished in the neatest possible style and sold at Baltimore prices.

JOB WORK. Job Work of every description, connected with the Tin and Sheet Iron business, will be done with neatness and promptitude—in short this Establishment shall be the Emporium for the above mentioned wares and Great Bargains will be given to all its patrons.

THOS. D. PARKER.

Charlestown, May 10, 1853. Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Iron, Dried Fruit, Beeswax, Beans, Corn, Hay, Oats, Wood and Bacon taken at the highest current prices in exchange for ware or work.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY. THE subscribers would respectfully inform the citi-zens of Harpers-Ferry and Bolivar, that they have commenced the above business in Harpers-Ferry, on High street, a few doors above Shenandoah, where they will manufacture in the very best manner, and out of the best material, all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES. All work will be warranted to be of the best quality, both

work will be warranted to be of the best quanty, coin in material and workmanship.

Repairing will also be neatly and substantially done, and on the shortest notice.

***All work guaranteed to equal in style, beauty, finish, and material, any that is manufactured in the county.

JOHN T. RIELEY,

A. G. McDANIEL. Harpers-Ferry, February 1, 1853. SHENANDOAH IRON FOUNDRY.

THIS Foundry, situated on the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, 1½ miles from Harpers-Ferry, has been rented for a term of years by the subscriber, who would respectfully inform the public that he is now prepared to do, in a style of workmanship, which cannot be surpassed, if equalled, in this Valley, every description of Machinery and Plough Castings, at short notice.

Having been engaged in the business for many years in the largest foundries in the United States, and being now determined to devote his whole attention to the business, he is confident that those who favor him with their work will at the same time, be favoring their own interests, as his prices for Castings shall be as low as at any foundry in the Valley.

Orders, from all in want of Castings of any descriptions. tion, are respectfully solicited.

O-Old Iron taken in exchange for Castings.

HENRY-C. PARKER.

Shenandoah City, August 3, 1852. WM. S. ANDERSON, MARRIE STONE CUTTER.

RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining counties for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line—such as MONUMENTS, TOMB-SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and

expense.
All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. Address
WM. S. ANDERSON,
Frederick city, Md., J. W. McGINNIS, Agent, Charlestown, Va., or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent

January 11, 1853. Harpers-Ferry, Va. THE SHENANDOAH CITY WATER Power and Manufacturing Company, Power and Manufacturing Company,

If AVE the MILLS in operation. They will pay the highest price in Cash for Wheat, Corn, and Ryc. They will grind all kinds of Grain for Tolls, exchange Flour for Wheat or other Grain—receive and forward all kinds of Produce or other Goods for Baltimore or other Northern markets. They have made arrangoments with the respectable and responsible house of Newcomer & Stonebraker, of Baltimore, for the transaction of their business, or any that shall be entrusted to their care. Mr. Geo. W. Taylor, well known in this and adjoining counties as miller, has charge of their mills, who will give his attention and spare no pains to give satisfaction. The Company have more WATER POWER to dispose of, on sale or rent, will give every encouragement to Manufacturers and Mechanics. They would invite them to call and examine for themselves. They feel confident in saying that a for themselves. They feel confident in saying that a better location for all kinds of manufacturing business

cannot be found. cannot be found.

They have obtained a charter for a Bridgeacross the Shenandoah River at their place, which when constructed and Roads made will open to the fine settlements in the Valley of Loudoun, and give a more direct communication with Harpers-Ferry and Charlestown, and must give to this place additional advantages. They ask a share of the public interest and patronage.

ISAAC GREGORY,
Shenandoah city, Feb. 1, 1853.

Agent. patronage. ISAAC (Shenandoah city, Feb. 1, 1853.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY. THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Halltown and surrounding country that they have commenced the BOOT AND SHOE MAKING commenced the BOOT AND SHOE BLANKS
BUSINESS in all its various branches. They
will manufacture in the very best manner and
out of the best material all kinds of Boots and

Shoes. All work will be warranted to be of the best quality, both in material and workmanship, and quality, both in material and workmanship, and guarantied to be equal in style, beauty of finish, and material, to any work manufactured in the county.—
They will make work as cheap if not cheaper than any shop in the county. Repairing will be neatly and substantially done on the shortest notice. All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to.

D. J. CARLISLE & SON.

Hallown, June 21, 1853. Halltown, June 21, 1853.

CHAINS.--I shall manufacture and keep constantly on hand a supply of all the various kinds of Chains used by the Farmers. Breast and Trace Chains, single and double link, straight or twisted, made of the best iron, and in the best style of work-manship. GEORGE PENSE. Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853.

CARPENTERING AND JOINERING. THE subscriber returns his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Charlestown and neighborhood, for the liberal patronage he has received in the last five years; and hopes to merit a continuance of the same. He is always ready to execute work at the shortest notice, and will make it his interest to suit the times in

He has procured a set of Draughting Instruments, and having made himself acquainted with Architecture, he is prepared to Draught and give plans and proportions for all kinds of work in wood. He will also make and carve to order Capitals for columns in the different orders of Architecture at the shortest notice. Always on hand SASH of various income. ice. Always on hand SASH of various sizes for win-

Those wishing to patronise him will address him through the mail, or verbally at Charlestown.

[G-All orders shall be strictly attended to, and gen eral satisfaction given.

WM. A. SUDDITH.

Charlestown, April 5, 1853-1y JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP & IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY. OLD THINGS DONE AWAY AND ALL THINGS

BECOME NEW. THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of the farming community to their very large assortment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, comprising every kind of implement used by the farmer to facilitate and cheapen his operations, including our celebrated Patent Premium Thresher and Cleaner, which received the first premium over the New York Pitt Machine and several others at the Maryland State Agricultural Fair last fall; also, at the Washington County Fair, Hagerstown, Maryland, and at our Val-ley Fair, Charlestown—which for simplicity, durabililey Fair, Charlestown—which for simplicity, durability, and capacity has no equal in the world. By a recent improvement we can make the machine clean all kinds of grain perfectly clean for market, taking out all cheat, smut, and light wheat if wished, saving altogether the use of a Wheat Fan; thus saving the farmer two-thirds his expense over the common thresher, requiring but eight hands and from six to eight horses to thresh from 200 to 400 bushels per day, perfectly clean for the mill. This has never been accomplished by any other machinist but ourselves, and all sceptic minds can have their doubts removed by trying one and if they cannot do what we have represented we will take the machine back without charge.

Shop price of our Thresher and Cleaner from \$250

Shop price of our Thresher and Cleaner from \$250 to \$275, that is:

Charlestown, February 8, 1853. WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.-The sub-of Watches, and Jewelry, consisteng in part of Gold Lever, Lapine and Duplex Watches, of all prices, Breastpins Ear-rings, Gold Guards, Vest, and Fob Chains, Lockets, Bracelets, &c., to which we invite the attention of the public. Watches carefully Recaired. C. G. STEWART. C. G. STEWART.

April 5, 1853. SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, a pleasant and wholesome beverage, for sale by July 12, 1862.

H. L. EBY & SON. SALE NOTICE.

A HORSE Cart nearly new, and several good Coal
Stover, will be offered for sale before the Court House
of Charles town, on the 18th of this month. Court-day, own, on the 18th of this month, Co

NEW GOODS. WE are now receiving our Fall and Winter Goods Oct. 11. KEYES & KEARSLEY. BLANKETS—A large stock of Negro Blankets; alBaltimare Crade.

J. NICODEMUS. GEO. P. THOMAS HEIM, NICODEMUS & CO., Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, of every description. No. 333 Baltimore street, between Paca and Entage sts. Baltimore, April 12, 1853-tf HENDY A WERE

H. A. WEBB & CO. Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c., &c. No. 14 North Howard Street, Nearly opposite the Howard House, formerly the Wheatfield Inn, Next Door to Davis & Miller's Drug Store, July 12, 1853—19. Baltimore. July 12, 1853—1y. To the Millers in the Valley.

MARTIN & HOBSON, FLOUR AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Corner of Eutaw and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, Md. THANKFUL to their friends and the Millers in Virginia who have so liberally sustained their House, offer increased facilities for the prompt and most satisfactory performance of all business committed to their care Baltimore, July 12, 1853-1y.

NEW CHINA STORE. JOSEPH S. HASTINGS, Jr., Importer and Wholesale & Recail Dealer in China, Glass and Queensware, 202 Baltimore street, north side, between St. Paul and Charles streets, Baltimore, DESIRES to inform the public that he has just laid in an entirely new and elegant assortment of every description of

PLAIN AND FANCY WARE,

SUCH AS-White, Gold-Band and Painted French China Dinner, Dessert, Tea and Breakfast Sets; Rich Vases of beautiful shapes and styles; Fancy Mugs and Cups, with or without mottoes; Castors, with Cut and Moulded Bottles; Cut and Pressed Tumblers, Goblets, Wines, Champagnes, &c., of new and beautiful styles; Jellies, Bowls and Dishes to match. An extensive and well selected stock of Granite and Common Ware.

Are Country Merchants, Hotel Keepers, Steamboat
and Ship Agents, Private Families, and all others who
may want articles in this line, are invited to call and examine the stock and prices. Baltimore, April 12, 1853 .- 1y

L. L. MATTHEWS. F. HYDE. MATTHEWS, HYDE & SMYTH, Importers and Dealers in Foreign & Domestic HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, SADLERY, &c. Corner of Baltimore and Liberty streets, Baltimore.

Baltimore, June 21, 1853-1y BERRYVILLE HOTEL. THE subscriber having leased the above well known Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave

Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave to inform the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommodate Boarders, either by the day, week, month, or year.

HIS TABLE will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market wilt afford; his Bar with the choicest Liquors, and his Stable with the best hay, grain, and ostler.

As he intends to make this his permanent residence, he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those As he intends to make this his permanent residence, he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those who give him their custom, both comfortably and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaintance with business, and the manners of the world, that he can please the most fastidious. His charges will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good public house in this section of country will justify.—

He, therefore, invites all to extend to him a share of their englow.

WM N "THOMPSON" Berryville, April 5, 1853.

BLAKE'S PATENT Fire-Proof PAINT.
The subscriber has received a large supply of this valuable Paint, which he is prepared to sell at the most reasonable raies. L. M. SMITH. Charlestown, November 16, 1852. GEO. I. RICHARDSON. WM. W. OVERMAN

RICHARDSON & OVERMAN. Umbrella and Parasel Manufactory No. 106, Market street, Philadelphia. January 11, 1853-tf

EXCHANGE BANK OF SELDEN, WITHERS & CO.,

WASHINGTON, D. C. THE undersigned respectfully announce that they have formed a Copartnership to transact a General Banking and Exchange Business in this city, under the firm of SELDEN, WITHERS & CO., and are prepared to deal in Foreign and Domestic Exchanges Time Bills, Promisory Notes, Certificates of Deposite Letters of Credit, Bank Notes and Coin. We undertake to make collections and promptly remit the proceeds to any designed point within

Mr. WILLIAM SELDEN, a member of the firm, and for many years past the Treasurer of the United States will give his careful personal attention to all financia business which we may be employed to transact with any of the Departments of the Government. The business which our employers may require us to transact, will be conducted with fidelity and promptitude, and upon the most reasonable terms. WILLIAM SELDEN,

Late Treasurer of the United States. JOHN WITHERS, R. W. LATHAM, Of Washington, D. C. L. P. BAYNE, Of Baltimore, Md. Washington, February 10, 1852-1y

NOTICE. THE Copartnership heretofore existing under th I firm of CAPRON & GOSNELL for the transc tion of a General Commission Business in all kinds o Country produce, was dissolved by mutual consent. R. J. CAPRON, J. L. BUCK GOSNELL. Baltimore, December 17, 1852.

J. L. DUCK GOSNELL . W. GOSNELL. L. W. GOSNELL & SON, Country Produce Commission Merchants, No. 71, Bowly's Wharf, South street, Baltimore. THE undersigned take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have closed up their Dry Goods Business, and will hereafter give their entire attention to the Commission Business, in all kinds of Country Produce, under the firm of L. W. Gosnell & Son, and solicit any favors in that line, as we can at all times obtain the very highest market rates for every thing in the way of Produce sent us.

We intend to keep our friends constantly advised of the state of the market, and will furnish regularly a Price Current. L. W. GOSNELL. J. L. BUCK GOSNELL. Baltimore, December 28, 1852-19 WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

THE undersigned has just received direct from Philadelphia a small assortment of WATCHES, Breastpins, Cuff Pins, Cuff Buttons, Lockets, Pencils, Rings, Gold Pens, ect. A few fine Fans, all of which he will sell on the most accommodations t CHAS. G. STEWART. Charlestown, May 17, 1853.

TO THE JEFFERSON FARMERS. THE subscriber is now ready to buy any amount of WHEAT and CORN, and will always give the He will buy Wheat and Corn delivered at either of the Depots on the Winchester and Baltimore Roads. July 19, 1853—31n E. M. AISQUITH.

GILBERT'S HOTEL, (LATELY JOHN COE'S,) At the Railroad Depot, Winchester, Va

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad Depot formerly kept by Mr. John Coe, dec'd. The House has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and so-journer.

premises, which will be furnished with the hest grain and hav and attentive Ostler. His Table will always be furnished with all the varieties which the seaso and market will afford, and the Bar at all times sup plied with the choicest Liquors.

His charges will be moderate. He therefore invites the patrons of the House to give him a call, as he is

determined to spare no pains in making his guests (F)-Boarders taken by the week, month or year.

BARNET GILBERT. The undersigned takes pleasure in recommending Mr. Gilbert to the patrons of the House whilst under the management of my Father, and respectfully solicits for him a continuance of their custom. JAMES W. COE.

RAWLINS HOTEL, Corner of Queen and Burk streets,

MARTINSBURG, VA. THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley House." The House has recently undergone a thorough renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect renovation; it is now beheved to be in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.

A large and commodious STABLE is attached to the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.

Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will run to the Depot for the accommodation of travellers without any addifor the accommodation of travellers without any additional expense.

JOS. C. RAWLINS, March 2, 1852-1y SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.

THIS large and very commodious THREE-STORY BRICK HOTEL, situated in the centre and business part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of Virginia. The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment, are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Winesand

Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation.

Saddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggies, and careful Drivers always ready for the accommodation of visitors.

GEO. W. SAPPINGTON,
July 9, 1850.

Proprietor.

DICKSON & KING, Lumber Merchants, water street, George-town, D. C., KEEP constantly on hand a general assortment of Building Materials.
October 12, 1352—19 GUN!—A very superior Double-barrel Gun (war-ranted) for sale by J. L. HOOFF

Patent Redicines.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, Pancy Articles, Perfumery, &c. M. SMITH keeps constantly on hand a very
la large and fresh assortment of Drugs, &c.;
White Lead, ground and dry; Oils of all kinds;
Toilet and Shaving Soaps; Shaving Cream;
Sapophene; Barry's Tricopherous;
Hauel's Eau Lustrale; Wright's ditto;
And other Preparations for the hair;
Perfumery of every kind;
Lubin's Genuine Extract; Wright's Extracts.
All of which are warranted to be of the best quality and which will be sold at reasonable rates.

and which will be sold at reasonable rates. Charlestown, January 11, 1853.

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE, The Great Restorative & Invigorator, AND CURE FOR RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, SCROFULA, &c.

THIS Medicine is altogether from the Vegetable Kingdom, and may be used by any one withouth Ringdom, and may be used by any one withouth injurious consequences.

By a wisechoice and combination of some of the best of each class of co-operative simple remedies, it fully reaches all the essential organs of the human system, and thus it has proved itself so effectually curative of the whole round of CHRONIC AFFECTIONS.

This article was discovered by Dr. Jesse Hampton, now in fine health in the 79th year of his age. He was born in Virginia in 1775, emigrated to Kentucky—then a wilderness—with his father, in 1773. In early manhood he was so reduced by disease as to be almost wrecked in constitution. He spent much of his living for medical advice and attention, and grew nothing better, but worse. Finding no relief from his physicians, he resolved to try the restorative powers of the roots, barks, leaves, plants, ect., of the forest. He then dwelt in the midst of the Red Men of the Western wilds. Having heard much of their skill in the use of vegetable remedies of the forest, and knowing their mode of medicinal practice must be one of practical experience and not of theoretical speculation, he made himself acquainted with their remedies, and also with the practical medicinal knowledge of the early settlers of Kentucky, had obtained from the 'medicine men' of the Indians.

He carefully studied the nature of the medicines.

of the Indians. He carefully studied the nature of the medicines used by them, combined them according to the light he had received, used them as he had been taught, and he had received, used them as he had been taught, and had the cheering satisfaction of finding disease driven from his emaciated body, and vigorous health given in its stead. His case was of no ordinary kind, but astonishing to his friends and neighbors. The fame of it spread; the people far and nearsent to the doctor for his successful and wonderful combination of Indian remedies; which was freely given them, until the cases became so numerous and the demand so great that the doctor was advised by his friends, and induced through justice to himself, to nut up his Vegetable. through justice to himself, to put up his Vegetable Tincture in bottles, and charge a price for it which was freely given. Finding its way into the first and most intelligent families, and astonishing all by its wonderful cures; commanding certificates and testimony in its favor from the leading and some of the most talented men of the country. most talented men of the country.

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS!

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS!

The many cures made by it, and the great demand, have induced the proprietors to offer it to the afflicted in this city, with the honest conviction that the same happy results will follow its use here, as in numerous other places. HON, HENRY CLAY AND HON, R. M. JOHNSON have certified to its merits. CAPT. GANOT, brother of the celebrated physician to the EMPEROR OF FRANCE,

EMPEROR OF FRANCE,
was cured by it of Chronic Inflammatory Rheumatism
of seven years duration, after the skill of the physicians
of Paris, London, and of this country had failed Rev.
Vernou Ezkridge, chaplain U. S. Navy, was cured by
it. Also, Judge Davies, Hon. T. H. Shelby, members
of Congress, with members of the State Department,
Washington, and hundreds of others, who give their testimony to this wonderful discovery.

PHYSICIANS
have cured themselves, and the members of their fami lies, by its use, after their own remedies had failed; and some of them are so generous as to recommend it to their patients.

It has shown itself most powerfully curative of

It has shown itself most powerfully curative of NERVOUS DISEASES in their various forms, giving new life and vigor, restoring the shattered constitution, and thus infusing hope in place of despondency. By its mild, pleasant, and safe action on the stomach, liver, kidneys, lungs, and the nervous system, it cures DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DISEASES OF THE URINARY OR-GANS, COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHIAL AFFEC-TIONS, CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, KING'S WORMS, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEU RALGIA, ST. VITUS' DANCE, FITS, FISTULA PILES, with all diseases arising from impure blood. THE FEMALE SYSTEM,
has, in DR. HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINC

TURE, A CURE for its numerous and complicated derangements. Hundreds who have been debilitated and dispirited, and on the verge of a premature grave, have been restored by its use to blooming health, which we are abundantly able to prove by such a host OF LIVING WITNESSES as we think no other medicine can produce.
To publish ALL THE TESTIMONY in its favor would make a large volume.

Numerous Letters and Certificates, showing its

RESTORATIVE AND HEALING QUALITIES, are published in a pamphlet, which with their originals, and a host of other commendatory letters not yet published, the proprietors will be pleased to exhibit to the applie. Attention is not called alone to the quantity of the testimony, but also, to its
HIGH CHARACTER. Thousands will testify to cures on themselves, wives children and friends, after all other remedies had fail-

ed. We give below a few extracts. WE REQUEST ALL to call and get pamphlets (gratis,) and see history o the discovery of this medicine, and read the certificates of its cures, showing a mass of testimony, such, as we believe was never given to any other medicine.

LIVER COMPLAINT, DEBILITY. Extract from James Harris, Esq's., Letter, Alexandria, Virginia.

After speaking of wonderful cures on bimself, he says: "Mrs. H. has been suffering with the liver com-

plaint and with inability, constantly complaining from weakness, through her whole system. She now enjoys better health than for thirty years, being en-tirely restored by the use of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture." DISEASED SIDE, BREAST, EYES.

DISEASED SIDE, BREAST, EYES.

Extract from a Letter from J. Grimes, Esq., Loudoun county, Virginia.

"My wife has been for years afflicted with great weakness; pain in the breast, side and back; palpitation of the heart; feebleness of the nervous system; loss of appetite; complexion sallow; the sight of one eye almost gone, the other very weak. I am pleased to say, Hampton's Tincture has restored her to perfect health. Her eyes are as good now as ever they were."

RHEUMATISM, 33 YEARS.

Mrs. E. Bagwell, of Virginia, suffered from Rheumatism from her 12th to her 50th year of age; at times entirely helpless. Being wealthy, she employed the best medical attention, and tried many medicines, but best medical attention, and tried many medicines, but was cured only by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. CHRONIC INFLAMATORY RHEUMA'TISM. The wife of Thomas M. Ycakle, 76 Pearl street, was a great sufferer for eight years. Restored to perfect health by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.

MERCURIAL RHEUMATISM!

Mr. Jarrett Plummer, 158 East Baltimore street suffered this disease intensely six years; could not sleep; dreadful ulcers formed on his limb, from which splinters of bones issued. His physician pronounced him incurable; but Hampton's Vegetable Tincture cured him.

HEREDITARY SCROFULA!

A boy in the family of Hen. W. P. Thommasson, once member of Congress from Kentucky, was a mass of sores from head to foot. His cyclids turned inside out, protruding over the cycladis so as to produce blindness. He was cured by Hampton's Vegetable DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DISEASE, &c. Mr. Wm. Oldham, of Baltimore custom house, suffered these complaints for eighteen months, with both body and mind scriously affected. He was cured by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, after other things failed.

COUGH, CONSUMPTION, &c Mr. Henry C. Winn had a cough for five years great weakness, ect.; had, in all, five or six physicians; tried all their remedies, but was cured only by HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Bal-

est., Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, New York. OG-Call and get a pamphlet gratis.

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry.

L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester. Dr. MOTT, Leesburg ALLEMONG & SQN; Newtown. And by Dealers every where.

June 7, 1853-1y. AFFLICTED, READ!! PHILADELPHIA MEDICAL HOUSE. PHILADELPHIA MEDICAL HOUSE.

ESTABLISHED 18 years ago, by Dr. Kinkelin, N.
W. corner Third and Union streets, between
Spruce and Pine sts., Philadelphia. Eighteen years of
extensive and uninterrupted practice spent in this city
have rendered Dr. K. the most expert and successful
practitioner, far and near, in the treatment of all discases of a private nature. Persons afflicted with ulcers upon the body, throat or legs, pains in the head or bones, mercural rheumatism, strictures, gravel, discases ari-sing from youthful excesses or impurities of the blood whereby the constitution has become enfecbled, are all

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Kinkelin may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as physician. TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE. Young men who have injured themselves by a cer Young men who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in —a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt even when asleep, and destroy both mind and body, should apply immediately. Weakness and constitutional debility, loss of muscular energy, physical lassitude and general prostration, irritability and all nervous affection, indigestion, sluggishness of the liver, and every disease in any way connected with the disorder of the procreative functions cured and full vigor restored.

and full vigor restored. READ!! YOUTH AND MANHOOD. A VIGOROUS LIFE OR A PREMATURE DEATH!

M. D.

(173-Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the Æsculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life, without reading the Pocket Æsculapius; let no one suffering from backnied cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physicians, be another moment without consulting the Æsculapius. Have the married or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death. Kinkelin on Self-preservation—Only 25 cts.

This Book just published, is filled with useful information on the infirmities and diseases of the generative organs. It addresses itself alike to Youth, Manhood and Old Age, and should be read by all.

The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of lives.

Parents by reading it will learn how to prevent the Parents by reading it will learn how to prevent the estruction of their children. destruction of their children.

(NJ-A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to Dr. Kinkein, N. W. corner of Third and Union streets, between Spruce and Pine, Philadelphia, will ensure a book under envelope per return of mail.

Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post-p_d) and be cured at home.

Packages of Medicines, Directions, &c., forwarded by sending a remittance, and put up secure from damage or curiosity.

Booksellers, News-agents, Pedlars, Canvassers, and all others supplied with the above work at very low rates.

[Jan. 18, 1853—1y. read this truly tage of saving thousands of unfortunate over y jaws of death.

13 Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE cents enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book by mail, or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address, Dr. WM. YOUNG,

No. 152 Spruce st., Philadelphia.

A CARD

THE undersigned having open elected a Constable in District No. 3, offers his services to the public He will collect and pay over with promptness all claims placed in his hands. Collections without warrants will be made with every possible dispatch, and the interests of those employing him fauthfully regarded. He therefore solicits public patronage.

Patent Medicines.



STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL ed in agr a pleasant Mixture, compo Is a pleasant Aixture, compounded in agreement with the rules of Pharmacy, of theraputic agents long known and celebrated for their peculiar efficacy neuring Diarrhæa, and similar affections of the system. In its action, it allays NAUSEA and produces a tealthy condition of the LIVER, thus removing the cause at the same time that it cures the disease. Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant

Is confidently recommended to Invalids, as unsurpassed by any known preparation for the cure of COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and other forms of CONSUMPTION, in an early stage, and for the RELIFF of the patient even in advanced stages of that fatal

It combines in a scientific manner, reme esteemed value with others of more recent discovery, and besides its soothing and tonic qualities, acts through the skin gently, and with great efficacy for the cure

The valuable Medicines, above named, have recently been introduced, with the approval of a number of the Medical Profession in the city of Baltimore, and elsewhere, and in practice have succeeded most admirably in curing the diseases for which they are prescribed. They are offered to the country practitioner, as medicines which he can in all respects depend upon, as prepared in agreement with the experience of some of the most learned and judicious physicians, and strictly in conformity with the rules of Pharmacy, and as especially serving his convenience, who cannot so readily as the city physician have his own prescriptions compounded by a practical Pharmaceutist.

See the descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis of all whe have the Medicines for sale, containing recommendations from Doctors Martin, Baltzell, Addison, Payne, Handy, Love, &c. Payne, Handy, Love, &c.
Dr. S. B. Martin says—"I do not hesitate to recommend your Diarrhea Cordial, and Anodyne Cherry

Expectorant, &c.
Dr. John Addison says—"It gives me much pleasure to add my testimony to that of others, in favor of the extraordinary efficacy of your Diarrhea Cordial," &c.; and of the Expectorant, "I have no hesitation in recommending it as a most valuable medicine," &c.
Dr. R. A. Payne says he has used the Diarrhea Cordial in his practice "with the happiest effect, and thinks it one of the most convenient and efficient combinations ever offered to our profession." ions ever offered to our profession.' Dr. L. D. Handy writes-"I have administered you Dr. L. D. Handy writes—"I have administered your Anodyne Expectorant, in several cases of Bronchial affection, with the most happy results, and from a knowledge of its admirable effects, I can with the greatest confidence recommend it," &c.

Dr. W. S. Love writes to us that he has administered the Expectorant to his wife, who has had the Bronchitis for fourteen years, and that she is fast recovering from her long standing malady. It has in a few weeks done her more good than all the remedies she has heretofore used under able medical counsel

Sixteen of the best Apothecaries and Pharmaccutists in the city of Baltimore, write—"We are satisfied the

in the city of Baltimore, write—"We are satisfied the preparation known as Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Ex-pectorant and Stabler's Diarrhea Cordial are medicines of great value and very efficient for the relief and cure of the diseases for which they are recommended, they bear the evidence of skill and care in their preparation and style of putting up, and we take pleasure in ration and style of putting up, and we take pleasure in recommending them."

Twenty-seven of the most respectable Merchants of Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina, who have sold and also used these medicines themselves, say—"From our own experience, and that of our customers, we do confidently recommend them Pro Bono Publico. We have never known any remedies used for the diseases for which they are prescribed, to be so efficient and to give such entire satisfaction to all." The above notices of recommendation from member The above notices of recommendation from members of the Medical Faculty, Pharmaceutists of high stand ing, and Merchants of the first respectability, should be sufficient to satisfy all, that these medicines are worthy of trial by the afficieted, and that they are of a

different stamp and class from the "Quackery" and "Core Alls" so much imposed upon the public. For sale by Druggists, Apothecaries and Country
Store-keepers generally.

E. H. STABLER & CO.,

Wholesale Druggist, 120 Pratt st., Balt.

AGENT at Charlestown,

AGENT at Kabletown,

FRANK OSBURN, AGENT at Harpers-Ferry, T. D. HAMMOND, AGENT at Shannandale Furnace, B. PURSELL, And Loudoun Merchants generally, [Jan. 18, 1853.

MARRIAGE, HAPPINESS AND COM-PETENCE. WHY IS IT? That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life, broken in health and spirits with a complication of diseases and ailments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.

Many of the causes of her sufferings at first—perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS. IN AFTER YEARS,
When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we

ook back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance. What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely posses IT IS MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and controllable, easily remedied—or better still—not incurre IF EVERY WIFE AND MOTHER IF EVERY WIFE AND MOTHER

Possessed the information contained in a little volume,
(within the reach of all) which would spare to herself
YEARS OF MISERY,

And to her husband the constant toil and anxiety of
mind, necessarily devolving upon him from sickness
of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that competence which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the
happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of thousands.

In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare her much suffering, be the means of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all price—healthy bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work, entitled

tle work entitled The Married Woman's

PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION. Professor of Diseases of Woman.

One Hundredth Edition. 18mo., pp. 250. Price 50 cts.
[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, \$1.00.]

First published in 1847, and it is not surprising or wonderful, considering that every Female, whether married or not, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly half a million copies should have been sold.

It is impracticable to convey fully the various sub-ects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intend-led for the married, or those contemplating marriages, but no female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty, consequent upon health, which is so con-ducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, as has or will every husband who has the love and affection of his wife at heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.

15- Upwards of one hundred thousand copies have

ocen sent by mail within the last few months. CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

BE NOT DEFRAUDED! Buy no book unless "Dr. A. M. Mauriccau, 129 Liberty street, N. Y.," is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable deal-ers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, as there are spurious and surreptitious infringe LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER! No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to;
those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Igvorance is within our reach.
To enable every one to decide upon the indispensable necessity of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or
mother need remain uninformed upon the many
causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make causes, which sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, containing full Title-page and Index of Contents, together with extracts from the book, will be sent free of the together with extracts from the book, will be sent free of

charge to any part of the United States, by addressing, post-paid, as herein.

When knowledge is happiness, 'tis culpable to be ignorantty-On receipt of One Dollar (for the fine Edition, extra binding,) "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRI-VATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (mailed free) to any part of the United States. All letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 1224, New York City. Publishing Office, No. 129 Liberty street, New York. New York, April 19, 1853-6m

DOCTOR YOURSELF! Or, Every one his own Physician. THE POCKET ÆSCULAPIUS: THE Fortieth Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the Generative System in every shape and form. To which is added a Treatise on the diseases of females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG, M. D.

PUMP MAKING. To the Citizens of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Clarke counties. Trederick and Clarke countries.

SomAGAIN appear before you as a PUMP-MAKER duoand as I hope you have not forgotten me in that Tacity, you will, one and all, call on me should you Id any thing in that way. Please call on me at Charlestown, or my son, Thomas J. Brage, living near Mr. George B. Beall's, on the Charlestown and Shepherdstown road, as I have employed him to do the work. I pledge myself that all orders will be promply attended to.

C. G. BRAGE. Miscellaceaus.

500 AGENTS WANTED. \$1000 A YEAR. WANTEDD IN EVERY COUNTY OF THE UNI
TED STATES, active and enterprising men
to engge in the sale of some of the ebest ooks published in the country. To men of good address, possessing a small capital of from \$25 to \$100, such inducements will be offered as to enable them to make
from \$3 to \$10 a day profit.

(13-The Books published by us are all useful in heir
chracter, extremely popular and command large sales
wherever they are offered.

For futher particulars, address, (postage paid,)

LEARY & GETZ,

Subscription Book publishers,

No. 138 North Second Street, Phladelphia.

Augus 30, 1853.

Roasting Coffee By Steam.--The subscribers having purchased the right to dispose of Francis & Hart's Patent Coffee Roasters in Jefferson, Berkeley and Clarke counties, are now prepared to furnish one of the greatest comforts and economists that can be brought into a family. Roasting Coffee by steam with this Roaster, preserves the entirestrength—making it at least one-third stronger than when roasted in the ordinary way. It prevents all escane roasted in the ordinary way. It prevents all escape of the aroma, adding greatly to its flavor, and requires only fifteen or twenty minutes in roasting it fit for use. It is very simple and economical, and the price brings it within the reach of every famity. Coffee cannot be roasted with as much regularity in the ordinary way.

May 31, 1853. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

PORTE MONNAIES, POCKET BOOKS, AND FANCY GOODS. THE attention of the Trade, and others, in want of PORTE MONNAIES, POCKET BOOKS, BANKERS' CASES, DRESSING CASES, PORTABLE WRITING DESKS, BACKGAMMON AND CHESS BOARDS, CHESSMEN, PEABL, SHELL, and SIL-VER CARD CASES, WORK BOXES, CABAS, NEE-DLE BOOKS, MONEY BELTS, CIGAR CASES, PORTFOLIOS, RAZORS AND RAZOR STROPS, TRAVELLING FLASKS, AND FINE CUTLERY, together with a large variety of FANCY GOODS, which will be sold at the lowest rates.

Porte Monnaie and Pocket Book Manufacturer, 205 Arch street, below Sixth, Philadelphia, August 23, 1853—\$4.

OUR clients and the public are informed that T. T. FAUNTLEROY, Ja., is connected with us in business, and has full authority to attend to any of our professional matters. His office is with ours, in Hoff's Row, near the Court-House.

BARTON & WILLIAMS. Winchester, Va., April 12, 1853-1y

MULES FOR SALE. HAVE for sale, on reasonable terms and at mode-rate prices, FOUR VERY SUPERIOR MULES, now ready for work. They were gotten by Mr. Willis' Jack. I wish to purchase a NEGRO BOY, from 16 to 20, who will make a good farm hand. JAMES Y. HARRIS. July 26, 1853-tf [F. P.]

To Luther J. Cox, the Maryland Silk Com-pany of Baltimore, David Sniveley late Sheriff of Jefferson county, and Talbot

Duke. YOU are hereby notified that on THURSDAY, the 13th day of October next, (1853,) at the office of J. MASON CAMPBELL, Esq., an Attorney residing in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. of said day, we shall take the depositions of said J. Mason Campbell and others, by virtue of a Commission from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Jefferson co., Va., and which depositions we shall offer as evidence on the trial of suits in said Court, depending therein under the name of J. H. Allstadt against Luther J. Cox and others, and Joseph and Sanuel W. Strider vs. Luther J. Cox and others, and Nicholas Koonce vs. Luther J. Cox and others; if said depositions be not taken on that day or being besaid depositions be not taken on that day or being begun and not completed, this notice and the taking of the depositions to be continued from day to day, until he same are completed. Respectfully, JOHN H. ALLSTADT,

JOSEPH STRIDER, SAM. W. STRIDER, NICHOLAS KOONCE. Sept. 13, 1853. THE CHARLESTOWN DEPOT. THE undersigned have formed a Copartnership in the management and business of the Charlestown Depet, and hope the liberal patronage and confidence extended to the old firm, may be continued to the new. We are prepared to afford every facility for transacting all RECEIVING AND FORWARDING BUSI-NESS, at the shortest notice and in the most punctual We are determined to leave no effort unspared to ac mmodate the old and all the new customers who may favor us with their patronage.

We will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of articles suitable to the wants of the farming comwhich will be sold on the very lowest terms for cash, or exchanged for any marketable commodities.

(COAL will be furnished to order, when desired.

V. W. MOORE & BROTHER. Charlestown, January 3, 1853. LUMBER, LUMBER. WE have on hand and for sale, at the Depot in Charlestown, a LARGE LOT OF PLANK, 11 inch, 1 inch and 5 of an inch, suitable for weather-boarding and planking of wagon beds. Also, a large lot of Gondolas.

V. W. MOORE & BRO.

Charlestown Depot, July 26, 1853. WHAT NEXT? SAAC ROSE'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORES, in Charlestown and Berryville, are now filling u with a complete assortment of Fashionable COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS. Hats, Caps, and Jewelry.

Most of these Goods were recently bought in Phila-delphia for little or nothing and will be offered on a very small advance. To give a faint idea of the great Bargains that can be had now, a customer can get rigged out in Coat, Pants, Vest, Hat and Standing All for \$2.37 Bankable Money! Now drop in and buy soen, before the Cheap Stores strike "for higher wages."

Charlestown, June 28, 1853. C. & B. TURNPIKE COMPANY. THE Stockholders of the Charlestown and Berryville I Turnpike Company are hereby notified that an Election for President and Directors of said Road, will be held in the town of Berryville on Saturday, 15th of October next. J. D. RICHARDSON, Sec'y, and Tres'r.

September 13, 1853.

VINEGAR .-- If you want pure Cider Vinegar, send to HARRIS & RIDENOUR. Charlestown, August 16, 1853. RON, IRON .-- Just received Baltimore Tire Iron, Band Irons, Harrow-Tooth Iron, small round Chain
Iron, Hoop Iron of all sizes, Sheet Iron,
Hughes' Nail Rods, Horse-Shoe Bars—
together with a large stock Prime Plough
Irons and Hammered Tires—all of which om offr on the most favorable terms T. RAWLINS & SON. July 26.

NOTICE. DERSONS indebted to Thomas G. Rawlins & Co., Wish to save Cost had better call and pay. We are owing money and it is impossible for us to pay unless we are paid.

THOMAS RAWLINS. we are paid. September 13, 1853. TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS, from 37

cents to \$4 a piece. September 13, 1853. ISAAC ROSE. INDIANA BRAN DUSTER. ONE of these invaluable machines, is now in successful operation in the Mill of A. H. Herr, Esq., at Harpers-Ferry, who has kindly consented to show it to all persons desirous of examining its performance. Millers are particularly requested to call and see it.

CHARLES S. RICE,

September 13, 1853—6t

Frederick, Md.

TAX NOTICE. To the Citizens of Charlestown. THE Corporation Tax is now due, and all those that have not paid last years' taxes, will be called on or the two years.

C. G. BRAGG, for the two years. July 26, 1853.

CORN, CORN, CORN! WANTED IMMEDIATELY 10,000 Bushels of CORN, for which the highest market price will be paid in cash. Also, any quantity of WHEAT.

R. S. BLACKBURN & CO.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY. A FEW loads of Wood, Oats or Corn, and a few Bacon Hams, in payment of any dues to July 26, 1853. THIS OFFICE. CALF BOOTS.—2 Cases fine Calfand Kip Boots.
June 7. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY INEN AND GINGHAM COATS, a new August 23, 1853. Cheap StoreSALT.--100 sacks G. A. and Fine Salt, for sale-by
H. L. EBY & SON.

Complain.

C August 23, 1853. ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Stor MACCARONI AND RICE, just received by July 26: H. L. EBY & SON.

A RE now receiving a large and very general supply of FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES, at the Store-room of Dr. Raum, two doors east of the Old Stand, and opposite the Post Office.

Charlestown, April 12, 1853. CANTON CRAPE SHAWLS.

SWISS, Polka and Embroidered Dress Patterns,
French fast-colored Lawns and Silk Mantillas, at
ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store.

H. L. EBY & SON

Charlestown, June 7, 1853. CLOCKS.--Iron, inlaid with Pearl Cases, and Mahogany; a few of the best time-keepers, just received by
T. RAWLINS & SON.
May 10. BONNETS.—300 Bonnets on consignment, to be sold at city prices, for sale by April 26. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

PARASOLS AND FANS.--Received by Express, 2 dozen handsome Parasols.

Some very nice Ivory Fans. Come soon.

May 17. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. CIDER VINEGAR. -- 10 bbls. of pure Cider Vinegar (warranted) just received by July 26. H. L. EBY & SON. RYE, RYE. -- 20 bushels of Seed Rye, for sale by Sept. 6, 1853. JOHN L. HOOFF. OAK SHINGLES for sale at Aug. 30, 1853. THE DEPOT. TURNIP SEED..-Another supply just received
—Flat Dutch, Red Top Norfolk, White Flat Norfolk, and Swede or Rutabaga Turnip—Aults.
Angust 2. T. RAWLINS & SON. BACON.--Prime Bacon Sides, for sale by June 21. R. H. BRO SPICES. Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Tunerick and Long Pepper, for sale by June 21. R. H. BROWN.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL,

A Cure Warranted or no Charge. Young MEN especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of cloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

Marriage. Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

Office No. 7, South Frederick street, Baltimore, Md., on the left hand side, going from Baltimore street, 7 doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the number, or you will mistake the place.

Dr. Johnston. Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the ears and head when asieep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and hashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cared immediately.

Take Particular Notice.

Take Particular Notice.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and solitary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unfiting them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dispessia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

Weakness of the system, nervous debility and premature decay, generally arising from the destructive habit of youth, that solitary practice so fatal to the healthful existence of man, and it is the young who are most apt to become its victims from an ignorance of the dangers to which they subject themselves. Parents and guardians are often misled with respect to the cause or source of disease in their sons and wards. Alas! how often do they ascribe to other causes the wasting of the frame, Palpitation of the heart, dyspepsia, indigestion, derangement of the nervous system, cough, and symptoms of consumption, also those serious mental effects, such as loss of memory, depression of spirits or peculiar fits of melancholy, when the truth is they have been indulging in pernicious but alluring practices, destructive to both body and mind. Thus are swept from existence, thousands who might have been of use to their country, a pleasure to their friends, and ornaments to society. Nervous Debility.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for

Organie Weakness. This grand and important Remedy has restored strength and vigor to thousands of the most debilitated individuals, many who had lost all hopes, and been abandoned to die. By its complete invigoration of the nervous system, the whole faculties become restored Such persons before contemplating

Marriage, should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the hap-piness of another becomes blighted with our own.— Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immedi-

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last ten years, and the numerous important Surgi-cal Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skillful and honorable physician. N. B. There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as physicians, ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say to those acquainted with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always

rang in his Office. Weakness of the Organs mediately cured, and full vigor restered.

ALL LETTERS POST-PAID—REMEDIES

December 23, 1852-ly. FALL STYLE FOR 1853. MCPHAIL & BROTHER, FASHIONABLE-HATTERS, No. 132 Baltimore street,

SAMUEL J. C. MOORE. GEORGE H. BECKWITH. CITIZENS OF JEFFERSON & CLARKE. THE undersigned beg leave to announce that they are engaged in the Mercantite Business, in the Store House at Summit Point, formerly occupied

men's wear. Their stock of Grocriees and Domestics is large and well selected; in short, they have on hand, and intend to keep constantly, all such Goods as are usually found PRODUCE of all sorts taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market prices.

They solicit a call. MOORE & BECKWITH.

MEAT-EATERS, ATTENTION. THE undersigned have been compelled heretofore to do business under many disadvantages, having to pay cash for all stock purchased, and sell the same upon a credit of at least twelve months. The Trustees of Charlestown, however, having established a Market, which has thus far been most liberally patronized, necessity upon the part of ourselves, no less than what we conceive to be the interest of our customers, compels us to give notice, that hereafter we shall keep the market regularly supplied with the best BEEF, MUTTON AND VEAL, which money or labor can procure, and to be off at the LOWEST PRICES, which our purchases, if af-

SAML. C. YOUNG. Charlestown, January 4, 1853-tf NOTICE.

HENRY D. HOOE. Berryville, August 2, 1863. RECEIVED AT THE CHEAP STORE.

SHAD.--No. 1 Family Shad, just received and for Sale by [June 21.] R. H. BROWN. CRACKERS.--Fresh Soda, Water, and Sugar Crackers, received and for sale by June 21. R. H. BROWN.

HAMS.--Cincinnati Sugar-Cured Hams, just re-ceived by August 2, 1853. H. L. EBY & SON.

TEACHER WANTED TN District No. 7.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forcbodings, aversion to society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c., and some of the evils produced.

nervous system, the whole faculties become restored to their proper power and functions, and the fallen fabric of life is raised up to beauty, consistency and duration, upon the ruins of an amaciated and premature decline, to sound and pristine health. Oh, how happy have hundreds of misguided youths been made, who have been suddenly restored to health from the devastations of those terrific maladies which result from indiscretion.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

To Strangers.

SENT BY MAIL.

Will, this day, August 27th, introduce their FALL STYLE OF HATS for Gentlemen and Youths. They will be found to combine beauty of style and finish, and of workmanship equal to any other establishment, and at prices as low. McP. & B., thankful for the very liberal patronage

they have received, promise that nothing shall be ne-glected on their part to merit its continuance. Baltimore, September 20, 1853. HATS! HATS! HATS!

Of unsurpassed beauty of style and finish,
and of quality unequalled, at prices as low as any
other establishment, can be obtained at J. L. McPHAIL & BRO.'S, Manufacturers, 132 Baltimore st., next to Clipper office.

Baltimore, September 20, 1853. They have just received, and now offer a full and complete assortment of Seumo and Summen Goods, of the very latest and the most approved styles. They would call the attention of the Ladies to their Dress Goods, consisting of Silks, Tissues, Grenadines, Berage de Laines, Lawns, &c., which, in beauty and cheapness, will favorably compare with any that can be found.

They have also an excellent stock of Cloths, Cas-imeres, Summer Cloths, and other goods for gentle-

P. S. Having leased the Depot and Warehouse, we shall give close attention to the Forwarding and Receiving Business. We have reduced the commissions upon goods received, and they are now as low as at any Depot on the road.

Summit Point, May 10, 1853.—tf. CASH FOR NEGROES. THOSE persons having Negroes for sale, can get the highest price by calling on the subscriber at Charlestown. Application in person or by letter will be promptly attended to. C. G. BRAGG.

the LOWEST PRICES, which our purchases in actord, for CASH ONLY. As this rule will open not only to our own advantage, but subserve the terest of our customers, we hope to be able greatly to enlarge our business during the year, and furnish such articles of Meat as have never before been seen in the Charlestown market, and at prices of which none can complain.

THE undersigned having been elected and qualified as Constable for District No 2, in Clarke county, offers his services to public for the collection of all claims, placed in his hands, according to law or on commission, and assures those who may entrust their business to his care that no efforts on his part will be spared to render satisfaction. All claims will be paid over as soon as collected.

A FULL assortment of brown and bleached Mus-gle, double and treble purple Calicoes. 500 Boys' Cloth Caps, at 187 cts. a piece. Fancy Soap for wash-ing and shaving, I cent a cake. Pins, 3 cents a paper. August 30, 1853.

A NOTHER CASE of those Boys Straw Hats.
SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

CORN.—We will give the market price for Corn in Goods or Cash. Oct. 4. KEYES & KEARSLE Y PRIME COUNTRY CURED BACON, & Sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY, Charlestown, July 12, 1853.

CHEESE.--Fresh Cheese in store and for sale by